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File: 20136

## FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

## 5259 Dorchester Road, Niagara Falls March 2025

## **INTRODUCTION**

Upper Canada Consultants has been retained to undertake and provide a Functional Servicing Report to address the servicing needs and requirements as part of a Site Plan Application for the proposed development. The project site situated at the above noted address, is located north of Highway 420, east of the Queen Elizabeth Way, with the Dorchester QEW on-ramp located at the south/east limits of the site. The development site has recently been vacant land however was once a facility owned and operated by Loblaws.

The proposed development site is approximately 7.54 hectares and shall consist a number of different buildings and uses. The current preliminary development plan will result in the construction of 10 separate buildings with an associated underground parking garage. Three (3) of the buildings (Buildings #1 - 3) will include one tower with commercial space on the main floor and residential units above. Buildings #4 - #8 will consist of strictly residential uses and include two towers each attached by an amenity common space. Lastly, two storage/maintenance buildings will be constructed at the north-west corner of the site. In total, the development will result in approximately 1,782 residential units and 1,830m<sup>2</sup> of commercial space. The development will include associated asphalt road, concrete curb, catch basins, storm sewers, sanitary sewers, and watermain.

The objectives of this study are as follows:

- 1. Identify domestic and fire protection water service needs for the site;
- 2. Identify sanitary servicing needs for the site; and,
- 3. Identify stormwater management needs for the site.

### WATER SERVICING

There is an existing 300mm diameter PVC municipal watermain (2006) located on the east side of Dorchester Road fronting the proposed development site. Per engineering drawings provided by the City of Niagara Falls, there are two services constructed to the property line for the proposed development site as follows:



- A 200mm diameter PVC water service located approximately 120m north of the QEW onramp.
- A 250mm diameter PVC water service located approximately 55m south of the intersection of Dawson Street.

Due to the size of the proposed development site, it is expected that a 300mm diameter water service will be required to provide adequate domestic and fire water supply for the proposed buildings. In this case, the existing water services would be disconnected and abandoned as part of future servicing designs.

All existing fire hydrants in proximity to the development site are located on the east side of Dorchester Road and will be insufficient for the requirements of this development. Additionally, due to the proposed building specifications, it is expected each tower will require an internal sprinkler system. Therefore as part of future detailed design, an internal watermain system will be constructed with private hydrants in close proximity to all future buildings on site, within 45m of all fire department connections.

As required by the City of Niagara Falls, a calculation has been conducted (Appendix A) to determine the domestic water supply requirements for the proposed development. Utilizing a population density of 1.6 persons per unit, a population of 2851 persons with a commercial floor area of approximately 1,830m<sup>2</sup> can be attributed to this development. This has been calculated to require an average domestic water demand of **9.02 L/s** for this site. This value utilizes a residential demand of 270 L/cap/day and commercial flow demand of 5 L/m<sup>2</sup>/day in line with the minimum MOE drinking Water Design Guidelines, and is greater than the 240 L/cap/day used as part of the 2021 Regional Water Master Servicing Plan Update. Therefore, this will result in a maximum daily demand of 16.23 L/s and peak demand of 24.34 L/s utilizing maximum and peak rate factors of 1.8 and 2.7 respectively per the Drinking Water Guidelines for overall populations of 25,000-50,000 persons.

As required by the City of Niagara Falls, a minimum fire flow calculation has been conducted for each building utilizing the 'Water Supply for Public Fire Protection' per the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS, 2020). Table 1 below outlines the minimum fire flow requirements for each building.

Table 1. Fire Flow Requirements			
Building 1	50 L/s		
Building 2	67 L/s		
Building 3	67 L/s		
Building 4	67 L/s		
Building 5	83 L/s		
Building 6	67 L/s		
Building 7 100 L/s			
Building 8	117 L/s		



Therefore, the proposed development site will require a minimum fire flow of 117L/s. All FUS Calculations can be found in Appendix A.

As the exact building conditions and design cannot be confirmed at this time, the calculation utilizes conservative assumptions that may differ from future Site Plan Applications and Building Permit submissions. The 'minimum required flow rates calculated as part of this report are merely an estimate, and the buildings' future internal Sprinkler System Engineer will provide the minimum flow calculations and requirements necessary to provide adequate fire protection as required as part of future building permit submissions.

Hydrant Flow Testing has been conducted by Niagara Regional Fire Protection at the two existing hydrants fronting the site on Dorchester Road with the results and further fire flow calculations included in Appendix A. Using the Hydrant Flow Test Data, Fire Flow Calculations have determined the following:

- Hydrant located approximately 75m south of Dawson St. will provide 299.3L/s fire flow
- Hydrant located approximately 170m south of Dawson St. will provide 295.5L/s fire flow

The static pressures (80psi) at the hydrants aligned within the range (60-80psi) of calculated static pressures for this area noted within the 2021 Niagara Regional Master Water Servicing Plan Update (MSPU). Therefore, as the available fire flows in proximity to this development will be significantly greater than those required by the FUS, it is expected that the municipal infrastructure will have sufficient supply for the proposed development.

### SANITARY SERVICING

There is an existing 1200/1350mm diameter municipal sanitary sewer on the east site of Dorchester Road conveying flows southerly. Additionally, a 1500mm diameter sanitary sewer conveys flows easterly, located south of the site - just south of the QEW onramp. An existing sanitary lateral currently provides a sanitary outlet to the existing 1500mm diameter sanitary sewer south of the site. All flows from the noted sanitary sewers ultimately discharge to the Regional Dorchester Road Sanitary Pumping Station.

It is expected that the existing sanitary service will not provide a suitable sanitary outlet for the proposed development site. As such, the proposed development will discharge to the existing 1200/1350mm diameter sanitary sewer on Dorchester Road. The existing sanitary service will be abandoned as part of future detailed design.

An analysis of future peak sanitary flows from the proposed development discharging to the existing sanitary system has been conducted and included in Appendix B. The analysis utilizes a residential population of 1.6 persons/unit due to the apartment usage as well as a commercial flow rate of 28 m<sup>3</sup>/ha/day. Additionally, a peak flow rate of 255 L/person/day and infiltration rate of 0.28 L/s/ha has been used in accordance with the 2021 Niagara Regional MSPU and MECP Design Criteria for Sewers.



The sanitary flow analysis concludes that the proposed development will discharge a peak flow rate of 31.40 L/s to the municipal sanitary sewer system from a residential population of 2851 persons and 0.183 ha of commercial space. This will occupy 1.5% of the full flow capacity of the existing 1200mm diameter sanitary sewer fronting the site on Dorchester Road. It is expected that the existing downstream Municipal/Regional sanitary systems will have adequate capacity for the proposed development.

### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

As part of the site development for the proposed residential development, the following is a summary of the stormwater management plan.

The criteria provided by the City of Niagara Falls and Region of Niagara for this development includes the requirement to control future development stormwater flows to allowable levels from this site for up to and including the 5-year design storm event. It is also required to improve stormwater quality levels to MECP Normal Protection (70% TSS removal) levels prior to discharge to the existing storm sewer on Dorchester Road.

### **Existing Conditions**

There is an existing 1200mm diameter municipal storm sewer on Dorchester Road fronting the proposed development site, conveying stormwater flows southerly prior to turning east just north of the QEW onramp. The flows are directed easterly through the residential condominium at #5200 Dawson Street and ultimately discharge directly to the OPG Hydro Canal east of 5232 Woodside Avenue.

The proposed development site was included as part of the design of the Dorchester Road storm sewer system with associated drainage areas (EXT, 205E &206E) outlined on the Preliminary Existing Overall Storm Drainage Area Plan (Figure 1) in Appendix C. Drainage Area EX1 represents the lands that will be included within the modelling of this Stormwater Management Plan. The drainage area consists of mainly the proposed development site as well as a portion of the northerly adjacent property (#4887 Dorchester Road) that directs stormwater flows towards the development property. Under existing conditions, the majority of the property is fairly flat although ultimately sloping southerly conveying stormwater flows towards the adjacent MTO road allowance.

As part of the storm sewer system, two storm sewer stubs were designed and constructed for the proposed development site. Per the Storm Drainage Area Plan (10061-100B) for the Dorchester Road Reconstruction provided by the City of Niagara Falls, Drainage Areas 205E & 206E include the proposed development site for a total Drainage Area of 7.81 hectares at a Runoff Coefficient of 0.75 (imperviousness of 78.5%). Drainage Area 205E (6.773 ha at a Runoff Coefficient of 0.75) was designed to discharge to a northerly 1150x750mm diameter stub located 65m south of Dawson Street. Drainage Area 206E (1.08 hectares at a Runoff Coefficient of 0.75) was designed to a 525mm diameter stub located 165m south of Dawson Street.



In summary, the full drainage area of the proposed development site (EX1) was included in the Dorchester Road storm sewer system at a Runoff Coefficient of 0.75. Under existing conditions, Drainage Area EX1 conveys stormwater flows to the southerly MTO road allowance at a calculated Runoff Coefficient of 0.28. All Weighted Impervious calculations can be found in Appendix D.

### **Proposed Conditions**

The proposed development site will convey the majority of stormwater flows from the development area to the existing Dorchester Road storm sewer system. Although two existing connections are currently available as part of the Dorchester Road storm sewer, new connections may be made due to restrictions imposed by the future underground parking garage structure to be constructed on site.

As shown on the Preliminary Future Overall Storm Drainage Area Plan (Figure 2) in Appendix C, overall drainage areas have been delineated to determine the expected general stormwater conditions of the proposed development site. Drainage Area A10 outlines the area that will collect stormwater within the internal future on-site storm sewer system prior to discharge to the existing Dorchester Road storm sewer system. Drainage Area A20 outlines the on-site lands that will discharge stormwater flows uncontrolled overland directly to the Dorchester Road storm sewer system. Drainage Area A30 delineates the lands to discharge flows uncontrolled via sheet flow directly to the MTO road allowance. Associated Runoff Coefficients have been outlined on Figure 2 with all Weighted Impervious Calculations included in Appendix D.

### **Quantity Assessment**

Using the Modified Rational Method, the existing, allowable and future peak stormwater flows have been calculated for the proposed development site for the 2, 5, 10, 25 and 100 year design storm events using the City of Niagara Falls IDF Curves. The calculations have been conducted to determine peak stormwater flows rate to the Dorchester Road storm sewer system as well as the MTO road allowance. All Modified Ration Method Calculations can be found in Appendix D.

The delineated future drainage areas have been created to determine the general expected stormwater conditions of the proposed development site under the current Site Plan. The drainage areas and flow calculations will be confirmed as part of future Site Plan Application submissions with a more detailed design.

Table 1 below outlines the allowable and future peak stormwater flows to the Dorchester Road storm sewer system during the modelled design storm events. As stated previously, Drainage Area EX1 on Figure 1 represent the delineated overall drainage area originally designed to discharge stormwater flows to the Dorchester Road storm sewer system. Drainage Areas A10 and A20 on Figure 2 outline the lands expected to discharge to the Dorchester Road storm sewer system under future conditions.



Table 1. Peak Flows to Dorchester Road Stormwater System						
Design Storm	Allowable Conditions (L/s)	Future Conditions (L/s)				
Event	Drainage Area 'EX1'	Drainage Area 'A10'	Drainage Area 'A20'	Total		
2 Year	1,127.2	886.4	14.9	901.3		
5 Year	1,436.0	1,129.2	18.9	1,148.2		
10 Year	1,697.3	1,334.7	22.4	1,357.1		
25 Year	1,906.5	1,499.2	25.1	1,524.4		
100 Year	2,290.9	1,801.5	30.2	1,831.7		

As outlined in Table 1 above, peak stormwater flows to the Dorchester Road stormwater system will be reduced from allowable design conditions under the proposed development plan. Therefore, it is not expected that quantity controls will be required for this development prior to discharge to the municipal stormwater system.

Table 2 below outlines the existing and future peak flows to the MTO road allowance during the modelled design storm events as a result of the proposed development plan. Under existing conditions, Drainage Area EX1 conveys all stormwater flows to the MTO road allowance. Drainage Area A30 will discharge flows uncontrolled overland towards the south/westerly road allowance.

Table 2. Peak Flows to MTO Road Allowance				
Design Storm Event	Existing Conditions – 'EX1' (L/s)	Future Conditions – 'A30' (L/s)		
2 Year	420.8	50.8		
5 year	536.1	64.7		
10 Year	633.6	76.5		
25 Year	711.7	85.9		
100 year	855.3	103.2		

Therefore, peak stormwater flows discharging from the site to the MTO road allowance will be significantly reduced under future development conditions during all storm events. Therefore, it is not expected that quantity controls will be required prior to discharge to this stormwater outlet.

During extreme storm events, stormwater flows from the internal development area will discharge directly to Dorchester Road as per existing design conditions.



### **Quality Assessment**

As discussed previously, it will be required to provide stormwater quality controls to Normal (70% TSS removal) Protection levels prior to discharge from the site. Under the proposed stormwater management plan, Drainage Areas A20 and A30 will discharge stormwater flows uncontrolled directly to the Dorchester Road stormwater system and MTO Road Allowance respectively. These drainage areas will be comprised completely of landscape areas and will not consist of any significant sources of Total Suspended Solids (TSS). Therefore, these drainage areas will not require additional stormwater quality controls.

Due to the extensive parking lot areas as part of Drainage Area A10, stormwater from this area will required quality enhancements prior to discharge to the Dorchester Road stormwater system. It is expected that Oil/Grit Separators will provide the necessary water quality enhancements for this drainage area. The location and size of the necessary quality enhancement structures will be outlined as part of future detailed design.



## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Therefore, based on the above comments and design calculations provided for this site, the following summarizes the servicing for this site.

- 1. The existing 300mm diameter watermain will have sufficient capacity to provide both domestic and fire protection water supply.
- 2. The existing 1200/1350mm diameter municipal sanitary sewer on Dorchester Road will have adequate capacity for the proposed development.
- 3. The existing 1200mm diameter municipal storm sewer on Dorchester Road will have adequate capacity for the proposed development.
- 4. Stormwater quality controls will be provided to Normal Protection levels prior to discharge from the site.
- 5. The site extreme stormwater overland flow route is to Dorchester Road.

Based on the above and the accompanying calculations, there exists adequate municipal servicing for this development. We trust the above comments and enclosed calculations are satisfactory for approval. If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Yours very truly,

Kurt Tiessen, P.Eng. March 18, 2025 Encl.





## APPENDICES



## **APPENDIX** A

Domestic Water Requirement Calculations Fire Underwriters Survey Calculations Hydrant Flow Test Results Hydrant Fire Flow Calculations

# **Domestic Flow Requirement Calculation**

Project:	<b>Dorchester Panor</b>	amic		
Date:	March 18, 2025			
D 11 / 1				
Residential	270.0 L/cap/c	lay (2008 MOE Drinking Water Guidelines		
Commercial	$5.0 \text{ L/m}^2/\text{d}$	5.0 L/m <sup>2</sup> /day (2023 MECP Design Guidelines)		
Residential				
	2851 Persons	s (1782 units @ 1.6ppu)		
	270.00 L/cap/c	lay		
Average Day (Res)	8.91 L/s			
Commercial				
	$1830.0 \text{ m}^2 \text{ of 'c}$	commercial space'		
	$5.0 \text{ L/m}^2/\text{d}$	ay		
Average Day (Comm)	0.11 L/s	<u> </u>		
TOTAL				
Total Average Day	9.02 L/s			
Total Maximum Day	16.23 L/s	Peaking Factor of 1.8		
Total Peak Hourly	24.34 L/s	Peaking Factor of 2.7		

Note: - Peaking Factors based on overall system populations of 25000-50000 - Minimum commercial peaking factors are 1.5, conservatively utilized residential peaking factors for this calculation

# Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

## **Dorchester Panoramic - Building 1 (Upper Floors)**

Requi	red Fire Flow in Litres per Minute	F=	3,000 50.00 793	(L/m) (L/s) (USgmp)
Туре	of Construction			
	Non-Combustible Construction (unprotected metal structural components, masonry o	C=	0.80	]
Total	Floor Area in square metres	A=	1207.5	(m2)
	= Upper Floors + 25% of adjacent floors (805*1.5)	ľ		
2. Cor	nbustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2,000 L/min)			
	Limited Combustible	=	-15%	]
3. Spr	inkler Systems	Voc	20%	1
	Water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (Yes/No).	Yes	-30%	
	Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
	Total Sprinker Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand		-50%	]
4. Spa	cial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)			
	Building 1 - Upper Floors	T		
	Distance to Nearest Building to the North	-	0%	]
	Distance to Nearest Building to the South	13.5 m	15%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the East	-	0%	1
	Distance to Nearest Building to the West	-	0%	]
	Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures		15%	]

# Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

## Dorchester Panoramic - Building 2

Requii	red Fire Flow in Litres per Minute	F=	4,000 66.67 1,057	(L/m) (L/s) (USgmp)
Туре с	of Construction			
[	Non-Combustible Construction (unprotected metal structural components, masonry o	C=	0.80	
Total I	Floor Area in square metres	A=	1413	(m2)
	= Main Floor + 25% of Adjacent Floor Areas (942*1.5)	, i		
2. Con	nbustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2.000 L/min)			
[	Limited Combustible	=	-15%	
3. Spri	inkler Systems			
	Is there a complete automatic sprinkler protection system per NFPA (Yes/No).	Yes	-30%	
	Water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
	Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
	Total Sprinker Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand		-50%	
4. Spa	cial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)			
	Location of Building:			
	Building 2			
	Distance to Nearest Building to the North	6.2 m	<b>20%</b>	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the South	13.4 m	15%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the East	-	0%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the West	30.5 m	0%	
	Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures		35%	

# Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

## Dorchester Panoramic - Building 3

Required Fire Flow in Litres per Minute		F=	4,000 66.67 1,057	(L/m) (L/s) (USgmp)
Type of Construction				
Non-Combustible Construction (ur	protected metal structural components, masonry o	C=	0.80	
Total Floor Area in square metres		A=	1413	(m2)
= Main Floor + 25% of Adjacent Flo	oor Areas (942*1.5)			
2. Combustibility of Contents (may not re	educe fire flow demand below 2.000 L/min)			
Limited Combustible		=	-15%	
3. Sprinkler Systems				
Is there a complete automatic spri	nkler protection system per NFPA (Yes/No).	Yes	-30%	
Water supply standard for both sy	stem and fire department hose lines (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
Is system fully monitored (Yes/No)		Yes	-10%	
Total Sprinker Reduction to Overal	l Fire Flow Demand	[	-50%	
4. Spacial Separation of Neighbouring Str	uctures (within 45 metres)			
Location of Building:		_		
	Building 3			
Distance to Nearest Building to the	e North	13.4 m	15%	
Distance to Nearest Building to the	South	7.3 m	<b>20%</b>	
Distance to Nearest Building to the	e East	-	0%	
Distance to Nearest Building to the	e West	12.1 m	15%	
Total Spacial Separation to Adjace	nt Structures	[	50%	

# Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

## **Dorchester Panoramic - Building 4**

Requi	red Fire Flow in Litres per Minute	F=	4,000 66.67 1,057	(L/m) (L/s) (USgmp)
Туре с	of Construction			
	Non-Combustible Construction (unprotected metal structural components, masonry o	C=	0.80	
Total I	Floor Area in square metres	A=	1638	(m2)
	= Main Floor + 25% of Adjacent Floor Areas (1092*1.5)			
2 Con	nhustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2 000 L/min)			
	Limited Combustible	=	-15%	
3. Spri	inkler Systems			
5. Spri	Is there a complete automatic sprinkler protection system per NEPA (Ves/No)	Voc	-30%	
	Water supply standard for both system and fire department bess lines (Ves/No).	Voc	-3070	
	water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (res/No).	res	-10%	
	Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
	Total Sprinker Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand		-50%	
4. Spa	cial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)			
	Location of Building:			
	Building 4			
	Distance to Nearest Building to the North	31.0 m	0%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the South	-	0%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the East	7.3 m	20%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the West	14.7 m	15%	
	Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures		35%	

Note: Calculation assumes each tower is split from the adjacent tower/amenity space with firewalls

# Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

## Dorchester Panoramic - Building 5

Requi	red Fire Flow in Litres per Minute	F=	5,000 83.33 1,321	(L/m) (L/s) (USgmp)
Туре о	of Construction			
	Non-Combustible Construction (unprotected metal structural components, masonry o	C=	0.80	
Total	Floor Area in square metres	A=	1816.5	(m2)
	= Main Floor + 25% of Adjacent Floor Areas (1211*1.5)			
2. Cor	nbustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2.000 L/min)			
	Limited Combustible	=	-15%	
3. Spri	inkler Systems			
	, Is there a complete automatic sprinkler protection system per NFPA (Yes/No).	Yes	-30%	
	Water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (Yes/No)	Yes	-10%	
	Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
	Total Sprinker Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand		-50%	
4. Spa	cial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)			
	Location of Building:			
	Building 5	Ī		
	Distance to Nearest Building to the North	25.8 m	10%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the South	-	0%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the East	13.7 m	15%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the West	22.4 m	10%	
	Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures		35%	

Note: Calculation assumes each tower is split from the adjacent tower/amenity space with firewalls

# Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

## Dorchester Panoramic - Building 6

Requi	red Fire Flow in Litres per Minute	F=	4,000 66.67 1,057	(L/m) (L/s) (USgmp)
Туре о	of Construction			
	Non-Combustible Construction (unprotected metal structural components, masonry o	C=	0.80	
Total	Floor Area in square metres	A=	1636.5	(m2)
	= Main Floor + 25% of Adjacent Floor Areas (1091*1.5)			
2. Cor	nbustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2.000 L/min)			
	Limited Combustible	=	-15%	
3. Spri	inkler Systems			
	Is there a complete automatic sprinkler protection system per NEPA (Yes/No).	Yes	-30%	
	Water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (Yes/No)	Yes	-10%	
	Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
	Total Sprinker Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand		-50%	
4. Spa	cial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)			
	Location of Building:			
	Building 6	Ī		
	Distance to Nearest Building to the North	44.0 m	0%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the South	-	0%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the East	22.4 m	10%	
	Distance to Nearest Building to the West	15.0 m	15%	
	Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures		25%	

Note: Calculation assumes each tower is split from the adjacent tower/amenity space with firewalls

# Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

## Dorchester Panoramic - Building 7, Floors 2-4

Required Fire Flow in Litres per Minute	F=	6,000 100.00 1,585	(L/m) (L/s) (USgmp)
Type of Construction			
Non-Combustible Construction (unprotected metal structural components, masonry o	C=	0.80	
Total Floor Area in square metres	A=	4251	(m2)
Main floor + 25% of floors immediately above and below (2834+2834*0.25*2)			I
2. Combustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2,000 L/min)			
Limited Combustible	=	-15%	
	-		
3. Sprinkler Systems			I
Is there a complete automatic sprinkler protection system per NFPA (Yes/No).	Yes	-30%	
Water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
Total Sprinker Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand		-50%	
4. Spacial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)			
Location of Building:			
Building 7			
Distance to Nearest Building to the North	-	0%	
Distance to Nearest Building to the South	23.6 m	10%	
Distance to Nearest Building to the East	16.2 m	15%	
Distance to Nearest Building to the West	44.8 m	0%	
Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures		25%	
Additions			
Is roof wood shingles or shakes (Yes/No).	No		

# Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

## Dorchester Panoramic - Building 8, Floors 2-4

Required Fire Flow in Litres per Minute	F=	7,000 116.67 1,849	(L/m) (L/s) (USgmp)
Type of Construction			
Non-Combustible Construction (unprotected metal structural components, masonry of	U C=	0.80	
Total Floor Area in square metres	A=	4251	(m2)
Main floor + 25% of floors immediately above and below (2834+2834*0.25*2)			
2. Combustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2,000 L/min)			
Limited Combustible	=	-15%	
	_		
3. Sprinkler Systems			1
Is there a complete automatic sprinkler protection system per NFPA (Yes/No).	Yes	-30%	
Water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (Yes/No).	Yes	- <b>10%</b>	
Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).	Yes	-10%	
Total Sprinker Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand		-50%	
4. Spacial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)			
Location of Building:			
Building 8			
Distance to Nearest Building to the North	-	0%	
Distance to Nearest Building to the South	24.6 m	10%	
Distance to Nearest Building to the East	14.6 m	15%	
Distance to Nearest Building to the West	16.2 m	15%	
Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures		40%	
Additions			
Is roof wood shingles or shakes (Yes/No).	No		



# FIRE FLOW CALCULATION SHEET

Project:	Dorchester Panoramic
Project Number:	20136
Date:	March 18, 2025
Prepared By:	Kurt Tiessen, P.Eng.
Reviewed By:	Jason Schooley, P.Eng.
Flow Test Provided by:	Niagara Regional Fire Protection
Data of Test:	March 14, 2025
Hydrant Location:	East side of Dorchester, Approx 75m south of Dawson

#### FLOW TEST RESULTS

TEST	PRESSURE		FLOW RATE	<b>Q</b> <sup>1.852</sup>	PRESSURE
	(hai)		(L/S)		(m)
STATIC	80	0	0	0	56.26
RESIDUAL 1	76	1186.5	74.86	2958.49	53.44
RESIDUAL 2	68	1985.4	125.26	7676.11	47.82



### FIRE FLOW FORMULA (y = ax + b)

a = -0.0011	
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#### FIRE FLOW AT A SPECIFIED PRESSURE

Pressure =	20	psi
Pressure =	14.064	m
Q <sup>1.852</sup> =	38517.27	
Flow, Q =	299.26	L/s
Flow, Q =	4743.46	USGPM

#### PRESSURE AT SPECIFIED FIRE FLOW

Flow (Q) =	0 L/s
Q <sup>1.852</sup>	0.00
Pressure =	56.43 m
Pressure =	80.25 psi



# FIRE FLOW CALCULATION SHEET

Project:	Dorchester Panoramic
Project Number:	20136
Date:	March 18, 2025
Prepared By:	Kurt Tiessen, P.Eng.
Reviewed By:	Jason Schooley, P.Eng.
Flow Test Provided by:	Niagara Regional Fire Protection
Data of Test:	March 14, 2025
Hydrant Location:	East side of Dorchester, Approx 170m south of Dawson

#### **FLOW TEST RESULTS**

TEST	PRESSURE (psi)	FLOW RATE (USGPM)	FLOW RATE (L/s)	<b>Q</b> <sup>1.852</sup>	PRESSURE (m)
STATIC	80	0	0	0	56.26
RESIDUAL 1	72	1244.4	78.51	3231.42	50.63
RESIDUAL 2	68	1985.4	125.26	7676.11	47.82



### FIRE FLOW FORMULA (y = ax + b)

a = -0.0011
-------------

#### FIRE FLOW AT A SPECIFIED PRESSURE

Pressure =	20	psi
Pressure =	14.064	m
Q <sup>1.852</sup> =	37634.55	
Flow, Q =	295.54	L/s
Flow, Q =	4684.45	USGPM

### PRESSURE AT SPECIFIED FIRE FLOW

Flow (Q) =	0 L/s
Q <sup>1.852</sup>	0.00
Pressure =	55.46 m
Pressure =	78.87 psi



## **APPENDIX B**

Sanitary Sewer Calculations

UPPER CANADA CONSUL	TANTS																			
3-30 HANNOVER DRIVE																				
ST.CATHARINES, ONTARI	0																			
L2W 1A3																				
DESIGN FLOWS											SEWER DESIGN									
RESIDENTIAL:	255 LITRES/PERSON/DAY (AVERAGE DAILY FLOW)									PIPE ROUGHNESS: 0.013 FOR MANNING'S EQUATION										
INFILTRATION RATE:	0.286	L / s / ha (1	M.O.E FLOV	W ALLOWANC	E IS BETW	EEN 0.10 & 0.28 L/	′ s / ha)			PIPE SIZES	S:	1.016	IMPERIA	L EQUIVA	ALENT FA	CTOR				
COMMERCIAL FLOW:	28.0 m <sup>3</sup> /ha/day																			
POPULATION DENSITY:	1.6 PERSONS / UNIT									PERCENT FULL: TOTAL PEAK FLOW / CAPACITY										
MUNICIPALITY:	CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS																			
PROJECT :	5259 DORCHESTER RD SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET									Peaking Factor= $M = 1 + \frac{14}{4 + P05}$ Where P = design population in thousands										
PROJECT NO:	$20136$ $4 + P^{0.5}$																			
LOCATIC	DN		A	REA	POPULATION A					CCUMULATED PEAK FLOW			DESIGN FLOW							
					Number of	Population		Total			Infiltration	Total	Pipe	Pipe	Pipe	Full Flow	Full Flow	Percent		
Location and Description	From	То	Increment	Accumulated	Units	Density	Population	Population	Peaking	Flow	Flow	Peak Flow	Diameter	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Full		
	M.H	M.H.	(hectares)	(hectares)		(persons/unit)	Increment	Served	Factor	(L/s)	L/s	(L/s)	(mm)	(m)	(%)	(m/s)	(L/s)			
5259 DORCHESTER ROAD	MH 'A'	MH 'B'																		
Residential					1782	1.6	2851	2851	3.46	29.13										
Commercial			0.183			28 m <sup>3</sup> /ha/day			2.00	0.12										
	PROP	EX MH		7.54				2851	3.46	29.24	2.16	31.40	250	10.0	0.40	0.77	39.24	80.0%		
	EX MH	EX MH		7.54						29.24	2.16	31.40	1200	165.0	0.26	1.78	2073.93	1.5%		



## **APPENDIX C**

Figure 1 – Existing Overall Storm Drainage Area Plan Figure 2 – Proposed Overall Storm Drainage Area Plan







## **APPENDIX D**

Weighted Impervious Calculation Sheet Modified Rational Method Calculations – 2, 5 10, 25, & 100 Year Design Storm Events

Weighted Imperviousnes	s Percentage Calcul	lation Workshee	et			
Project Name: Project Number: Date: Person:	Dorchester Panoramic 20136 March 14, 2025 K.Tiessen					
EX - EXISTING CONDITIONS	Footprint	Runoff Coefficient	Effective Impervious Area			
Concrete/Granular Driveway and Building Pad Vacant Undeveloped Grassed Lands	12468.4 m <sup>2</sup> 69648.4 m <sup>2</sup>	0.70 0.20	8727.9 m <sup>2</sup> 13929.7 m <sup>2</sup>			
TOTAL CATCHMENT IMPERVIOUS AREAS TOTAL CATCHMENT AREA			22,658 m <sup>2</sup> 82,117 m <sup>2</sup>			
	EFFECTIVE R	UNOFF COEFFICIENT	0.28			
A10 - PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Footprint	Runoff Coefficient	Effective Impervious Area			
Proposed Limit of Underground Parking Garage/Impervious Landcape Area	; 49988.0 m <sup>2</sup> 18208.9 m <sup>2</sup>	0.90 0.20	44989.2 m <sup>2</sup> 3641.8 m <sup>2</sup>			
TOTAL CATCHMENT IMPERVIOUS AREAS TOTAL CATCHMENT AREA			48,631 m <sup>2</sup> 68,197 m <sup>2</sup>			
	EFFECTIVE R	UNOFF COEFFICIENT	0.71			
A20 - PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Footprint	Runoff Coefficient	Effective Impervious Area			
Sidewalk/Impervious Area Landcape Area	$370.3 m^2$ 2454.3 m <sup>2</sup>	0.90 0.20	333.3 $m^2$ 490.9 $m^2$			
TOTAL CATCHMENT IMPERVIOUS AREAS TOTAL CATCHMENT AREA			824 m <sup>2</sup> 2,825 m <sup>2</sup>			
	EFFECTIVE R		0.29			
A30 - PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Footprint	Runoff Coefficient	Effective Impervious Area			
Sidewalk/impervious Area Landcape Area	758.0 m <sup>2</sup> 10334.1 m <sup>2</sup>	0.90 0.20	682.2 m <sup>2</sup> 2066.8 m <sup>2</sup>			
TOTAL CATCHMENT IMPERVIOUS AREAS TOTAL CATCHMENT AREA			2,749 m <sup>2</sup> 11,092 m <sup>2</sup>			
	EFFECTIVE R	Footprint         Runoff Coefficient         Effective Imp           12468.4 m <sup>2</sup> 0.70         8727.9           69648.4 m <sup>2</sup> 0.20         13929.7           12468.4 m <sup>2</sup> 0.20         13929.7           69648.4 m <sup>2</sup> 0.20         13929.7           EFFECTIVE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT         0.28           Footprint         Runoff Coefficient         Effective Imp           49988.0 m <sup>2</sup> 0.90         44989.2           18208.9 m <sup>2</sup> 0.20         3641.8           EFFECTIVE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT         0.71           Footprint         Runoff Coefficient         Effective Imp           370.3 m <sup>2</sup> 0.90         333.3           2454.3 m <sup>2</sup> 0.90         333.3           2454.3 m <sup>2</sup> 0.90         332.3           EFFECTIVE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT         0.29         824           2,825         824         2,825           EFFECTIVE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT         0.29         682.2           10334.1 m <sup>2</sup> 0.90         682.2           10334.1 m <sup>2</sup> 0.20         2066.8           2,749         11,092         2,749           11,092         2,749         11,092				

### **MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD** *PEAK FLOW CALCULATION SHEET (2 YEAR)* PROJECT: 5259 DORCHESTER ROAD, CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS

LOCATION TIME OF FLOW STORMWATER ANALYSIS PIPE INCREMENT TOTAL TO UPPER IN ACCUMLD RAINFALL PEAK **INTENSITY** FLOW DESCRIPTION FROM то LENGTH AREA AREA END SECTION RUNOFF SECTION A x R COEFF M.H. A X R M.H. (m) (hectares) (hectares) (min) (min) (mm/hr) (L/s) EXISTING CONDITIONS EX1 - To MTO ROAD ALLOWANCE SITE OUTLET 8.21 8.21 10.00 0.00 0.280 2.299 2.299 65.902 420.8 ALLOWABLE CONDITIONS EX1 - To Dorchester STM System SITE OUTLET 8.21 8.21 0.750 1127.2 10.00 0.00 6.158 6.158 65.902 FUTURE CONDITIONS A10 - Internal STM system to Dorchester SITE OUTLET 6.82 6.82 10.00 0.00 0.710 4.842 4.842 65.902 886.4 A20 - Uncontrolled overland to Dorchester SITE OUTLET 0.28 0.28 10.00 0.00 0.290 0.081 0.081 65.902 14.9 A30 - Uncontrolled overland to MTO SITE OUTLET 1.11 1.11 10.00 0.00 0.250 0.278 0.278 65.902 50.8 952.1 TOTAL PROVIDED OUTFLOW TO DORCHESTER 901.3 **DESIGN BY: UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS RAINFALL PARAMETERS:** a = 521.97 mm/hr Time to Upper End = 10 min. b = 5.28 **30 HANNOVER DRIVE, UNIT 3** minutes ST. CATHARINES, ON L2W 1A3 City of Niagara Falls - 2 Year IDF Curve 0.76 c =**DESIGN BY:** K. TIESSEN, P.ENG. DATE: **MARCH 2025** 

### **MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD** *PEAK FLOW CALCULATION SHEET (5 YEAR)* PROJECT: 5259 DORCHESTER ROAD, CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS

LOCATION TIME OF FLOW STORMWATER ANALYSIS PIPE INCREMENT TOTAL TO UPPER IN ACCUMLD RAINFALL PEAK **INTENSITY** FLOW DESCRIPTION FROM то LENGTH AREA AREA END SECTION RUNOFF SECTION A x R COEFF M.H. A X R M.H. (m) (hectares) (hectares) (min) (min) (mm/hr) (L/s) EXISTING CONDITIONS EX1 - To MTO ROAD ALLOWANCE SITE OUTLET 8.21 8.21 10.00 0.00 0.280 2.299 2.299 83.954 536.1 ALLOWABLE CONDITIONS EX1 - To Dorchester STM System SITE OUTLET 8.21 8.21 0.750 83.954 1436.0 10.00 0.00 6.158 6.158 FUTURE CONDITIONS A10 - Internal STM system to Dorchester SITE OUTLET 6.82 6.82 10.00 0.00 0.710 4.842 4.842 83.954 1129.2 A20 - Uncontrolled overland to Dorchester SITE OUTLET 0.28 0.28 10.00 0.00 0.290 0.081 0.081 83.954 18.9 A30 - Uncontrolled overland to MTO SITE OUTLET 1.11 1.11 10.00 0.00 0.250 0.278 0.278 83.954 64.7 1212.9 TOTAL PROVIDED OUTFLOW TO DORCHESTER 1148.2 **DESIGN BY: UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS RAINFALL PARAMETERS:** a = 719.50 mm/hr Time to Upper End = 10 min. b = 6.34 **30 HANNOVER DRIVE, UNIT 3** minutes City of Niagara Falls - 5 Year IDF Curve ST. CATHARINES, ON L2W 1A3 0.77 c =**DESIGN BY:** K. TIESSEN, P.ENG. DATE: **MARCH 2025** 

## **MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD** *PEAK FLOW CALCULATION SHEET (10 YEAR)* PROJECT: 5259 DORCHESTER ROAD, CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS

		TIME OF FLOW		STORMWATER ANALYSIS								
DESCRIPTION	FROM M.H.	ТО М.Н.	PIPE LENGTH (m)	INCREMENT AREA (hectares)	TOTAL AREA (hectares)	TO UPPER END (min)	IN SECTION (min)	RUNOFF COEFF	SECTION A X R	ACCUMLD A x R	RAINFALL INTENSITY (mm/hr)	PEAK FLOW (L/s)
EXISTING CONDITIONS												
EX1 - To MTO ROAD ALLOWANCE	SITE	OUTLET		8.21	8.21	10.00	0.00	0.280	2.299	2.299	99.230	633.6
ALLOWABLE CONDITIONS												
EX1 - To Dorchester STM System	SITE	OUTLET		8.21	8.21	10.00	0.00	0.750	6.158	6.158	99.230	1697.3
FUTURE CONDITIONS												
A10 - Internal STM system to Dorchester	SITE	OUTLET		6.82	6.82	10.00	0.00	0.710	4.842	4.842	99.230	1334.7
A20 - Uncontrolled overland to Dorchester	SITE	OUTLET		0.28	0.28	10.00	0.00	0.290	0.081	0.081	99.230	22.4
A30 - Uncontrolled overland to MTO	SITE	OUTLET		1.11	1.11	10.00	0.00	0.250	0.278	0.278	99.230	76.5
											TOTAL	1433.6
PROVIDED OUTFLOW TO DORCHESTER												1357.1
DESIGN BY:	UPPER CA	NADA CON	ISULTANT	`S		RAINFALI	L PARAME	TERS:		a =	577.93	mm/hr
	<b>30 HANNO</b>	VER DRIV	E, UNIT 3			Time to Up	per End =	10	min.	b =	2.44	minutes
	ST. CATHA	ARINES, ON	L2W 1A3			City of Nia	gara Falls -	10 Year IE	OF Curve	c =	0.70	
DESIGN BY:	K. TIESSE	N, P.ENG.				•	<b>C</b>					
DATE:	MARCH 20	025										

## **MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD** *PEAK FLOW CALCULATION SHEET (25 YEAR)* PROJECT: 5259 DORCHESTER ROAD, CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS

	TIME O	F FLOW	STORMWATER ANALYSIS									
DESCRIPTION	FROM M.H.	ТО М.Н.	PIPE LENGTH (m)	INCREMENT AREA (hectares)	TOTAL AREA (hectares)	TO UPPER END (min)	IN SECTION (min)	RUNOFF COEFF	SECTION A X R	ACCUMLD A x R	RAINFALL INTENSITY (mm/hr)	PEAK FLOW (L/s)
EXISTING CONDITIONS												
EX1 - To MTO ROAD ALLOWANCE	SITE	OUTLET		8.21	8.21	10.00	0.00	0.280	2.299	2.299	111.462	711.7
ALLOWABLE CONDITIONS												
EX1 - To Dorchester STM System	SITE	OUTLET		8.21	8.21	10.00	0.00	0.750	6.158	6.158	111.462	1906.5
FUTURE CONDITIONS												
A10 - Internal STM system to Dorchester	SITE	OUTLET		6.82	6.82	10.00	0.00	0.710	4.842	4.842	111.462	1499.2
A20 - Uncontrolled overland to Dorchester	SITE	OUTLET		0.28	0.28	10.00	0.00	0.290	0.081	0.081	111.462	25.1
A30 - Uncontrolled overland to MTO	SITE	OUTLET		1.11	1.11	10.00	0.00	0.250	0.278	0.278	111.462	85.9
											TOTAL	1610.3
PROVIDED OUTFLOW TO DORCHESTER												1524.4
DESIGN BY:	UPPER CA	NADA CON	SULTANT	S		RAINFALI	PARAME'	ГERS:		a =	1020.69	mm/hr
	<b>30 HANNO</b>	VER DRIVI	E, UNIT 3			Time to Up	per End =	10	min.	b =	7.29	minutes
	ST. CATHA	ARINES, ON	L2W 1A3			City of Nia	gara Falls -	25 Year ID	OF Curve	c =	0.78	
DESIGN BY:	K. TIESSE	N, P.ENG.				-	-					
DATE:	MARCH 20	025										

## **MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD** *PEAK FLOW CALCULATION SHEET (100 YEAR)* PROJECT: 5259 DORCHESTER ROAD, CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS

	TIME O	F FLOW	STORMWATER ANALYSIS									
DESCRIPTION	FROM M.H.	ТО М.Н.	PIPE LENGTH (m)	INCREMENT AREA (hectares)	TOTAL AREA (hectares)	TO UPPER END (min)	IN SECTION (min)	RUNOFF COEFF	SECTION A X R	ACCUMLD A x R	RAINFALL INTENSITY (mm/hr)	PEAK FLOW (L/s)
EXISTING CONDITIONS												
EX1 - $T_0$ MTO ROAD ALLOWANCE	SITE	OUTLET		8.21	8.21	10.00	0.00	0.280	2.299	2.299	133.938	855.3
ALLOWABLE CONDITIONS												
EX1 - To Dorchester STM System	SITE	OUTLET		8.21	8.21	10.00	0.00	0.750	6.158	6.158	133.938	2290.9
FUTURE CONDITIONS												
A10 - Internal STM system to Dorchester	SITE	OUTLET		6.82	6.82	10.00	0.00	0.710	4.842	4.842	133.938	1801.5
A20 - Uncontrolled overland to Dorchester	SITE	OUTLET		0.28	0.28	10.00	0.00	0.290	0.081	0.081	133.938	30.2
A30 - Uncontrolled overland to MTO	SITE	OUTLET		1.11	1.11	10.00	0.00	0.250	0.278	0.278	133.938	103.2
											TOTAL	1935.0
PROVIDED OUTFLOW TO DORCHESTER												1831.7
DESIGN BY:	UPPER CA	NADA CON	SULTANT	Ś		RAINFALI	PARAME'	FERS:		a =	1264.60	mm/hr
	<b>30 HANNO</b>	VER DRIVI	E, UNIT 3			Time to Up	per End =	10	min.	b =	7.72	minutes
	ST. CATHA	ARINES, ON	L2W 1A3			City of Nia	gara Falls -	100 Year I	DF Curve	$\mathbf{c} =$	0.78	
DESIGN BY: DATE:	K. TIESSEI MARCH 20	N, P.ENG. 025				-	-					