



File: 24016

FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

NEWCASTLE STANLEY

July 2024

INTRODUCTION

This report addresses the servicing needs and requirements for the proposed development located at 2220 Stanley Avenue in the City of Niagara Falls, as part of the Zoning By-Law Amendment application process. The site is located at the east side of Stanley Avenue, north of Morning Glory Court and south of Fruitbelt Parkway. Historically, the property has been occupied by a single detached dwelling.

The development site is approximately 0.26 hectares in size, and shall consist of 28 stacked townhouse units. The site will include an associated asphalt parking lot, concrete curbs, catch basins, storm sewers, sanitary service, and water service.

The objectives of this study are as follows:

1. Identify domestic and fire protection water service needs for the site;
2. Identify sanitary servicing needs for the site; and,
3. Identify stormwater management needs for the site.

WATER SERVICING

There is an existing 200mm diameter municipal watermain and 400mm diameter regional watermain on Stanley Avenue (Regional Road #102). It is proposed to connect a 150mm diameter watermain to the existing 200mm diameter municipal watermain to provide water supply and fire protection to the proposed development.

Table 1 summarizes the projected water demand calculations for the proposed 28 stacked townhouse units. The water demands were calculated based on the 2021 Niagara Water Master Servicing Plan Update (MSPU).



Table 1. Water Demand Calculations								
Number of Units	Density (ppu)	Population (persons)	Avg. Day Demand Rate (L/cap/day)	Avg. Day Demand (L/s)	Max Day Demand		Peak Hour Demand	
					Peak Factor	(L/s)	Peak Factor	(L/s)
28	1.81	51	240	0.14	1.65	0.23	3.00	0.42

As shown on Table 1, an assumed per capita rate of 1.81 people per unit was apply. Using a rate of 240L/cap/day for residential per MSPU, it is expected than the proposed development generates an Average Day Demand of 0.14L/s. A peak factor of 1.65 was apply to calculate the expected Max Day Demand of 0.23L/s, and the Peak Hour Demand of 0.42L/s was calculated using a peak factor of 3 per 2021 MSPU.

There is an existing municipal fire hydrant on the west side of Stanley Avenue fronting the site. To provide adequate fire protection, it is proposed to place a private hydrant within the site. An analysis has been conducted per the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) to determine the minimum fire flow required. The calculation determined that a minimum of approximately 151.67 L/s fire flow is required with the inclusion of fire walls and 172.92 L/s without the fire walls. The fire flow calculations are attached in Appendix A.

Therefore, the existing 200mm diameter watermain on Stanley Avenue (RR #102) will adequately provide domestic water supply, and the proposed fire hydrant will provide adequate fire protection for the site.

SANITARY SERVICING

There is an existing 375mm diameter municipal sanitary sewer on Stanley Avenue (RR #102) conveying flows southerly, which has a full flow capacity of approximately 70.84L/s. It is proposed to connect a 200mm sanitary sewer from the proposed site to the existing 375mm diameter sanitary sewer system.

The proposed development was included in the sanitary area plan for the sanitary sewer design of the 200mm diameter sanitary sewer on Morning Glory Court, as shown in the Sanitary Drainage Area Plan 05-CB-123, attached in Appendix B. Under the original sewer design is expected a sanitary peak flow of approximately 1.54L/s from drainage areas A1 & A2, occupying approximately 2.2% of the receiving 375mm diameter sanitary sewer on Stanley Avenue.

Figure 1, attached in Appendix B, delineates the future sanitary drainage areas contributing to the existing sanitary sewer systems. The proposed 28 stacked townhouse units will generate a peak sanitary flow of 0.68L/s. The analysis shows that approximately 2.9% of the existing 375mm



diameter sanitary sewer capacity will be utilized with the inclusion of the sanitary flows from the existing 200mm sanitary sewer on Morning Glory Court.

Table 2 summarizes the sanitary peak flows and compares the existing and proposed sanitary sewer conditions. All the sanitary sewer calculations can be found in Appendix B.

Location	Population		Peak Flow (L/s)		
	Original Design	Proposed	Original Design	Proposed	Change
Stanley Avenue	72	113	1.54	2.04	+ 0.5

As shown in Table 2, the proposed sanitary peak flow to discharge into the 375mm diameter sanitary sewer on Stanley Avenue is 0.5L/s more than the original sanitary sewer design and will occupy 0.7% of the 375mm sanitary sewer total capacity.

Therefore, it is expected that this will be an acceptable addition to the current capacity of the existing municipal 375mm diameter sanitary sewer on Stanley Avenue.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

The existing stormwater flows from the site currently flow overland to the catch basin in the adjacent rear yard. The collected stormwater is then conveyed south to the existing 450mm diameter stormwater sewer on Morning Glory Court and directed west to discharge into a 525mm diameter stormwater sewer flowing south, as shown in Figure 2, attached in Appendix C.

An existing 300mm diameter municipal stormwater sewer on Morning Glory Court currently flows east to the existing 525mm diameter stormwater sewer. It is proposed to connect a new stormwater sewer along Stanley Avenue from the site to the existing stormwater system on Morning Glory Court, as illustrated in Figure 3 attached in Appendix C.

The site was allocated in the original stormwater sewer design of Golia Estates subdivision with a Runoff Coefficient of 0.4, as shown in the attached Storm Drainage Area Plan 05-CA-174 in Appendix C. The proposed drainage areas and associated Runoff Coefficient is shown in Figure 2. The drainage area being collected by the site system is 0.39ha, and its associated Runoff Coefficient from the impervious areas is 0.53.

The Modified Rational Method (MRM) was used to determine the peak flows and storage volume required for the 5 year storm event as shown in Appendix C. From the MRM analysis, Table 3 shows a comparison of the existing, allowable and proposed stormwater peak flows.

As shown in Table 3, the allowable outflow to the existing storm sewer system on Morning Glory Court is approximately 32.6L/s. The proposal includes controlling stormwater outflow prior to



discharge to the existing stormwater system in order to maintain the existing 300mm diameter pipe from MH S4 to MH S3. The required stormwater storage to control the proposed outflow of 23.5L/s is 9.5m³, which is equivalent to 58 metres of 450mm diameter pipe. The major flows from the site driveway and parking will be directed via overland sheet flow to Stanley Avenue.

Table 3. Peak Flow Summary

Area #	Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient		Peak Flows (L/s)		Controlled Outflow (L/s)	
		Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Allowable	Proposed
5 Year Design Storm Event							
A1	0.35	0.40		32.6			
A10	0.39		0.53		48.2	32.6	23.5

To improve stormwater quality, an oil/grit separator typically provides Enhanced Level Protection (80% Total Suspended Solids) prior to discharging to the existing 300 mm diameter stormwater sewer on Morning Glory Court. The complete stormwater design for this development shall be identified as part of the future detailed design.



CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Therefore, based on the above comments and design calculations provided for this site, the following summarizes the servicing for this site.

1. The existing municipal 200mm diameter watermain on Stanley Avenue will have sufficient capacity to provide both domestic and fire protection water supply.
2. The existing 375mm diameter sanitary sewer on Stanley Avenue will have adequate capacity for the proposed residential development.
3. Stormwater quantity controls are being provided on site to the allowable capacity of the existing Morning Glory Court storm sewer.
4. Stormwater quality controls will be provided to MECP Enhanced protection (80% TSS removal) levels prior discharge from the site.
5. The site overland flow route from the site is to Stanley Avenue.

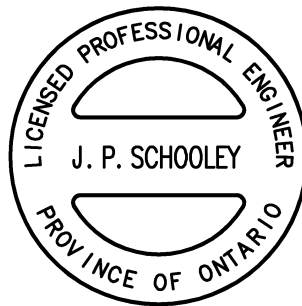
In conclusion, there exists adequate municipal infrastructure to service the proposed development. We trust the above comments and enclosed calculations are satisfactory for approval. If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Yours very truly,

Prepared by:

Roberto A. Duarte, B.Eng.

Encl.



Reviewed by:

Jason Schooley, P.Eng.



**UPPER CANADA
CONSULTANTS**
ENGINEERS / PLANNERS

APPENDICES



**UPPER CANADA
CONSULTANTS**
ENGINEERS / PLANNERS

APPENDIX A

Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Calculation Sheet

Fire Underwriters Survey

Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

Newcastle Stanley, Niagara Falls

Required Fire Flow in Litres per Minute

F=	9,100	(L/m)
	151.67	(L/s)
	2,404	(USgmp)

Type of Construction

Ordinary Construction (brick or other masonry walls, combustible floor and interior).

C= 1.00

Total Floor Area in square metres

Note: Fire wall every 2 units.

A= 92.5 (m²)

Total Number of Floors

3

2. Combustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2,000 L/min)

Limited Combustible

= -15%

3. Sprinkler Systems

Is there a complete automatic sprinkler protection system per NFPA (Yes/No).

No 0%

Water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (Yes/No).

No 0%

Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).

No 0%

Total Sprinkler Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand

0%

4. Spacial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)

Location of Building:

2220 Stanley Avenue, Niagara Falls (Units 1-14)

Distance to Nearest Building to the North

34.0 m 5%

Distance to Nearest Building to the South

33.0 m 5%

Distance to Nearest Building to the East

1.5 m 25%

Distance to Nearest Building to the West

10.7 m 15%

Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures

50%

Additions

Is roof wood shingles or shakes (Yes/No).

Yes

Fire Underwriters Survey

Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (2020) Calculations

Newcastle Stanley, Niagara Falls

Required Fire Flow in Litres per Minute

F=	10,375	(L/m)
	172.92	(L/s)
	2,741	(USgmp)

Type of Construction

Ordinary Construction (brick or other masonry walls, combustible floor and interior).

C= 1.00

Total Floor Area in square metres

A= 185 (m²)

Total Number of Floors

3

2. Combustibility of Contents (may not reduce fire flow demand below 2,000 L/min)

Limited Combustible

= -15%

3. Sprinkler Systems

Is there a complete automatic sprinkler protection system per NFPA (Yes/No).

No 0%

Water supply standard for both system and fire department hose lines (Yes/No).

No 0%

Is system fully monitored (Yes/No).

No 0%

Total Sprinkler Reduction to Overall Fire Flow Demand

0%

4. Spacial Separation of Neighbouring Structures (within 45 metres)

Location of Building:

2220 Stanley Avenue, Niagara Falls (Units 1-14)

Distance to Nearest Building to the North

34.0 m 5%

Distance to Nearest Building to the South

33.0 m 5%

Distance to Nearest Building to the East

1.5 m 25%

Distance to Nearest Building to the West

10.7 m 15%

Total Spacial Separation to Adjacent Structures

50%

Additions

Is roof wood shingles or shakes (Yes/No).

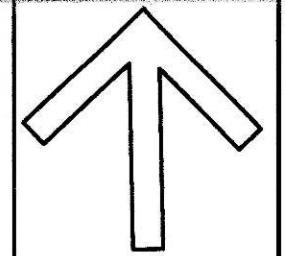
Yes



**UPPER CANADA
CONSULTANTS**
ENGINEERS / PLANNERS

APPENDIX B

Golia Estates - Sanitary Drainage Area Plan (05-CB-123)
Figure 1 – Proposed Sanitary Drainage Area Plan
Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet



Sanda

Golia Estates

0363



LEGEND

- PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER
- DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY

A1
1.27ha
42

DRAINAGE AREA NUMBER
DRAINAGE AREA IN HECTARES
POPULATION

NOTE
LOTS 4, 5, & 6 SANITARY
LATERALS TO BE INCLUDED
IN ANOTHER CONTRACT

ACCEPTED BY

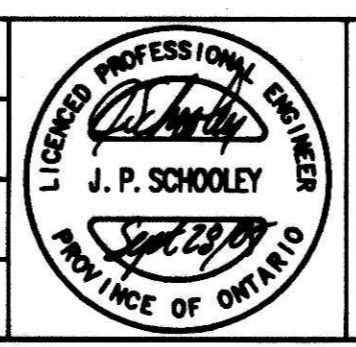
SEP 28 05

MUNICIPAL WORKS
CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS

No.	REVISION	DATE	INT.
4	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	SEPT /05	J.S.
3	REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS	JUL /05	J.S.
2	REVISED PER REGIONAL ROAD #102 RECONSTRUCTION	JUL /05	J.S.
1	REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS	MAR /05	J.S.
0	ISSUED FOR APPROVALS	JAN /05	J.S.

LEGEND	
○ L.S.	LIGHT STANDARD
○ T.L.	TRAFFIC LIGHT
○ S.	SIGN
○ B.	BELL POLE
○ H.	HYDRO POLE
○ W.	WATERMANS
○ C.	CATCHBASIN EXISTING
○ P.	PROPOSED
○ S.I.B.	STANDARD IRON BAR
— H.	HYDRO CABLES
— W.	WATERMANS
— G.	GASMANS
— B.C.	BELL CABLES
— C.P.	CAP OR PLUG
— S.S.	SANITARY SEWER
— S.T.	STORM SEWER
— C.S.	COMBINED SEWER

DRAFTING	
N.G.	DESIGN
M.H.	CHECKED BY
J.S.	PROJ. SUPVR.
N.G.	



BENCH MARK DATUM
B.M. #670433
BRASS TABLET IN CONCRETE
CYLINDER, GRASS BOULEVARD
ON NORTH SIDE OF
THOROLD STONE ROAD
ELEV. 186.428

GOLIA ESTATES
SANITARY DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

FIELD NOTES

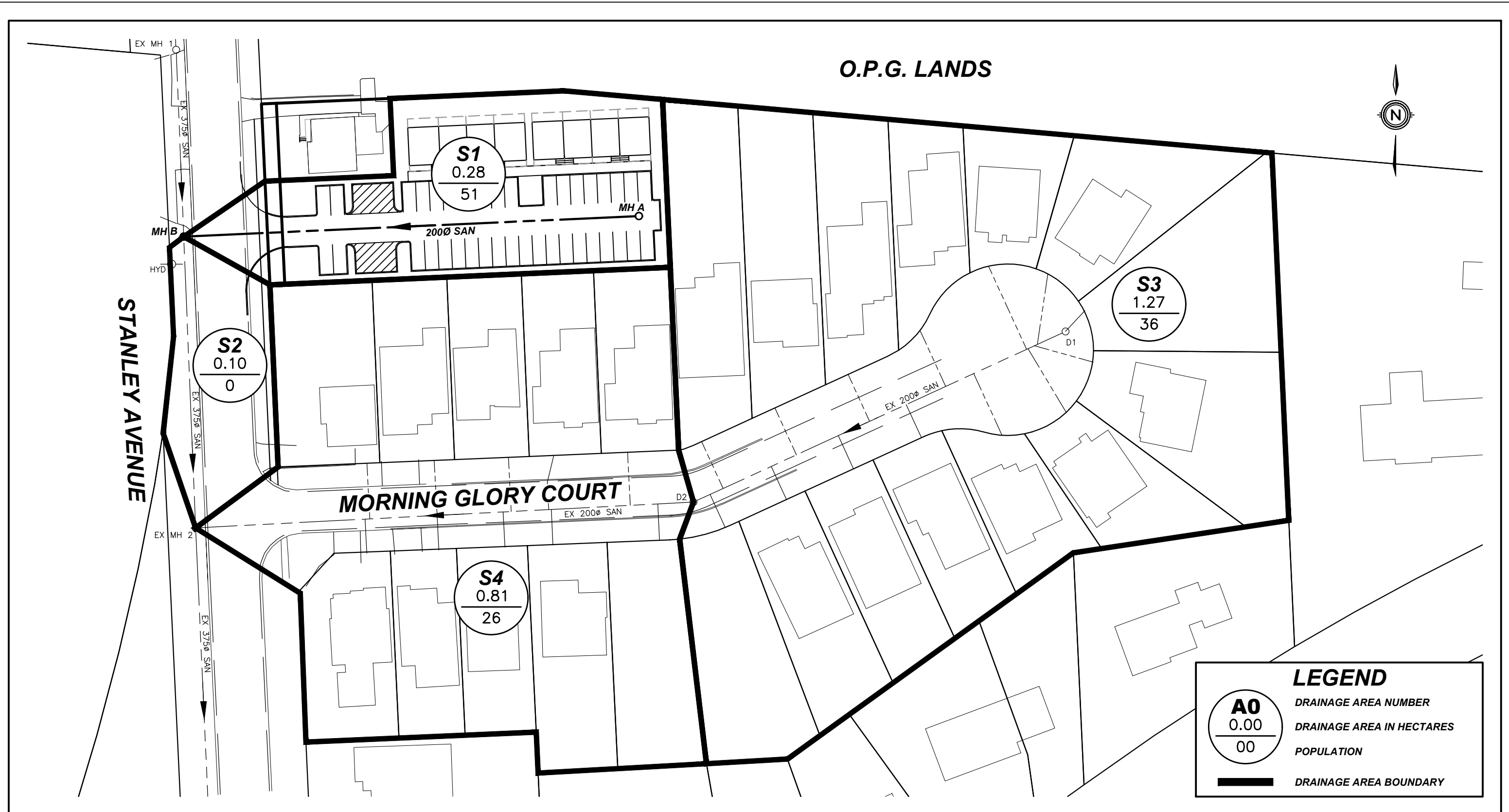
DATE SEPTEMBER 28, 2005

SCALE 1 : 750

DWG No. 0363-SANDA

MUN. REF. No. 05-CB-123

REV. 4



**UPPER CANADA
CONSULTANTS**
ENGINEERS / PLANNERS

**NEWCASTLE STANLEY
2220 STANLEY AVENUE
NIAGARA FALLS
FUTURE SANITARY DRAINAGE AREA PLAN**

DATE	2024-06-13
SCALE	1:750 m
REF No.	.
DWG No.	FIGURE 1

UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS
3-30 HANNOVER DRIVE
ST.CATHARINES, ONTARIO
L2W 1A3

DATE: JUNE 2024

DESIGN FLOWS

RESIDENTIAL: 255 LITRES/PERSON/DAY (AVERAGE DAILY FLOW)
 INFILTRATION RATE: 0.286 L / s / ha (M.O.E FLOW ALLOWANCE IS BETWEEN 0.10 & 0.28 L / s / ha)
 POPULATION DENSITY: 1.81 PERSONS /TOWNHOUSE UNIT
 2.59 PERSONS / SINGLE UNIT

SEWER DESIGN

PIPE ROUGHNESS: 0.013 FOR MANNING'S EQUATION
 PIPE SIZES: 1.016 IMPERIAL EQUIVALENT FACTOR
 PERCENT FULL: TOTAL PEAK FLOW / CAPACITY

MUNICIPALITY:

CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS

PROJECT :

NEWCASTEL STANLEY

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET

Peaking Factor= $M = 1 + \frac{14}{4 + P^{0.5}}$ Where P = design population in thousands

PROJECT NO:

24016

LOCATION			AREA		POPULATION			ACCUMULATED PEAK FLOW				DESIGN FLOW					
Location and Description	From M.H	To M.H.	Increment (hectares)	Accum. (hectares)	Number of Units	Population Increment	Total Population Served	Peaking Factor	Flow (L/s)	Infiltration Flow L/s	Total Peak Flow (L/s)	Pipe Diameter (mm)	Pipe Length (m)	Pipe Slope (%)	Full Flow Velocity (m/s)	Full Flow Capacity (L/s)	Percent Full
ORIGINAL DESIGN																	
A1	D1	D2	1.27	1.27		42	42	4.00	0.50	0.36	0.86	200	83.5	1.00	1.06	34.22	2.5%
A2	D2	EX MH 2	1.13	2.40		30	72	4.00	0.85	0.69	1.54	200	101.7	0.40	0.67	21.64	7.1%
	EX MH 2	EX MH 3		2.40			72	4.00	0.85	0.69	1.54	375	92.4	0.15	0.62	70.84	2.2%
POST DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS																	
S1	A	B	0.28	0.28	28	51	51	4.00	0.60	0.08	0.68	200	93.0	0.40	0.67	21.64	3.1%
S2	B	EX MH 2	0.10	0.38		0	51	4.00	0.60	0.11	0.71	375	59.5	0.15	0.62	70.84	1.0%
S3	D1	D2	1.27	1.27	14	36	36	4.00	0.43	0.36	0.79	200	83.5	1.00	1.06	34.22	2.3%
S4	D2	EX MH 2	0.81	2.08	10	26	62	4.00	0.73	0.59	1.33	200	101.7	0.40	0.67	21.64	6.1%
	EX MH 2	EX MH 3		2.46			113	4.00	1.33	0.70	2.04	375	92.4	0.15	0.62	70.84	2.9%



APPENDIX C

Golia Estates - Storm Drainage Area Plan (05-CA-174)

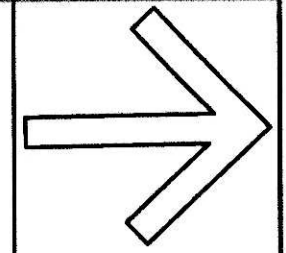
Weighted Percent Impervious Calculations

Figure 2 – Existing Storm Drainage Area Plan

Figure 3 – Proposed Storm Drainage Area Plan

Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet

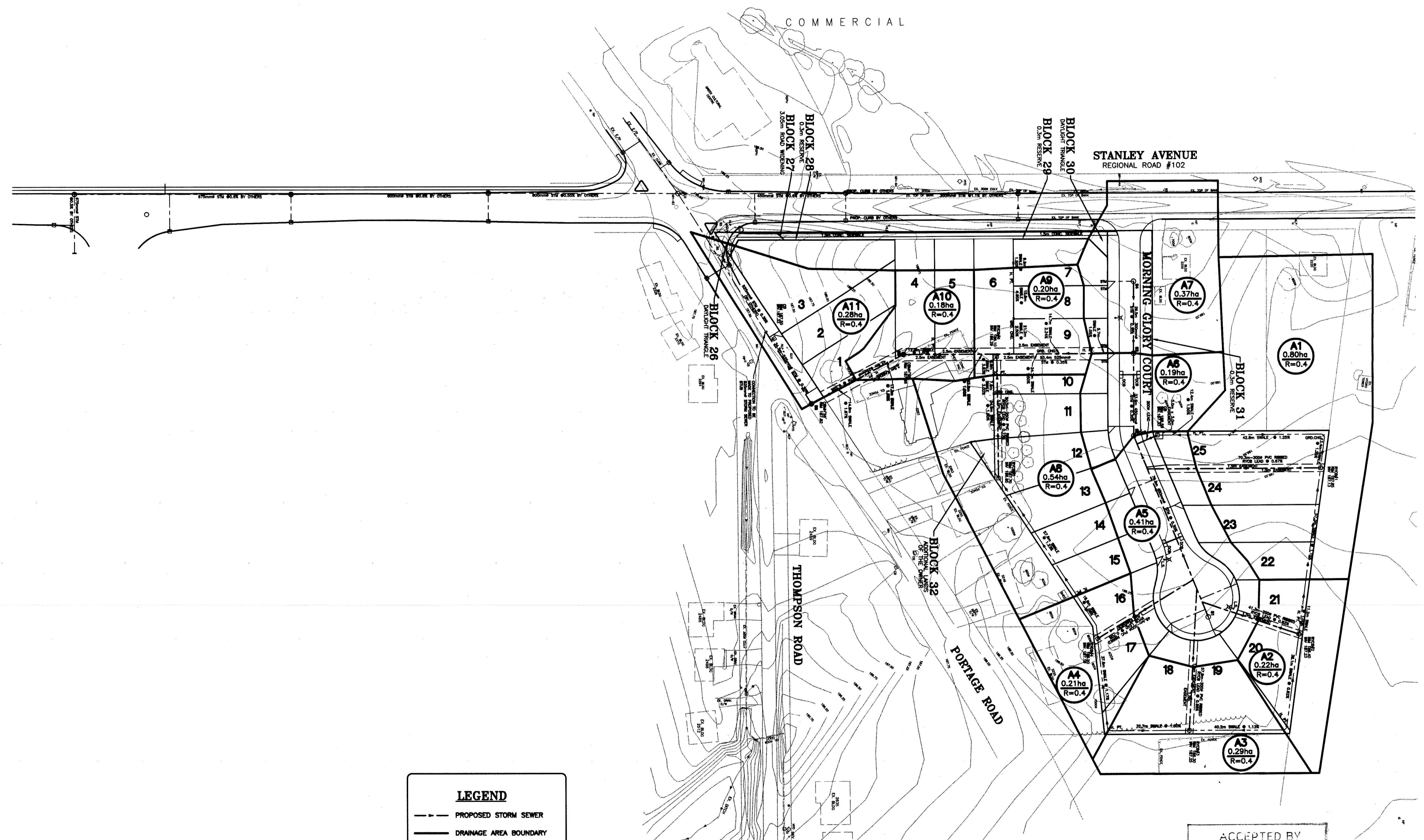
Modified Rational Method (MNR) Required Storage Volume



STMDA

Golia Estates

0363



LEGEND

--- PROPOSED STORM SEWER

--- DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY

A1
0.80ha
R=0.4

DRAINAGE AREA NUMBER
DRAINAGE AREA IN HECTARES
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

ACCEPTED BY

SEP 29 05

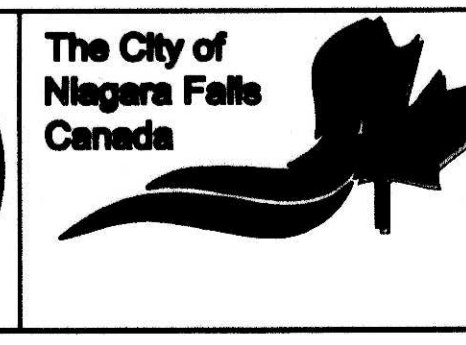
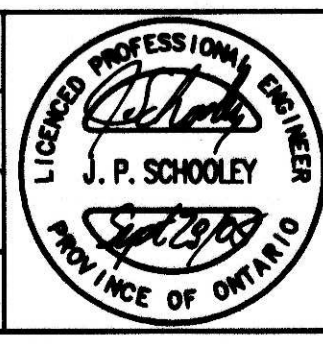
MUNICIPAL WORKS
CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS

No.	REVISION	DATE	INT.
4	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	JUL /05	J.S.
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2	REVISED PER REGIONAL ROAD #102 RECONSTRUCTION	JUL /05	J.S.
1	REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS	MAR /05	J.S.
0	ISSUED FOR APPROVALS	JAN /05	J.S.

LEGEND	
○ 13	LIGHT STANDARD
○ 14	TRAFFIC LIGHT
○ 1	SIGN
○ 2	BELL POLE
○ 3	HYDRO POLE
○ 4	HYDRANT
○ 5	GUY AND ANCHOR
○ 6	MANHOLE EXISTING
○ 7	MANHOLE PROPOSED
○ 8	CATCHBASIN EXISTING
○ 9	CATCHBASIN PROPOSED
○ 10	STANDARD IRON BAR

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES	
— H —	HYDRO CABLES
— W —	WATERMANS
— G —	GASMANS
— B —	BELL CABLES
— C —	CAP OR PLUG
— S —	SANITARY SEWER
— ST —	STORM SEWER
— CS —	COMBINED SEWER

DRAFTING	
N.G.	DESIGN
M.H.	CHECKED BY
J.S.	PROJ. SUPVR.
N.G.	



BENCH MARK DATUM	
B.M. #670433	ELEV. 186.428
BRASS TABLET IN CONCRETE CYLINDER, GRASS BOULEVARD ON NORTH SIDE OF THOROLD STONE ROAD	

GOLIA ESTATES

STORM DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

FIELD NOTES

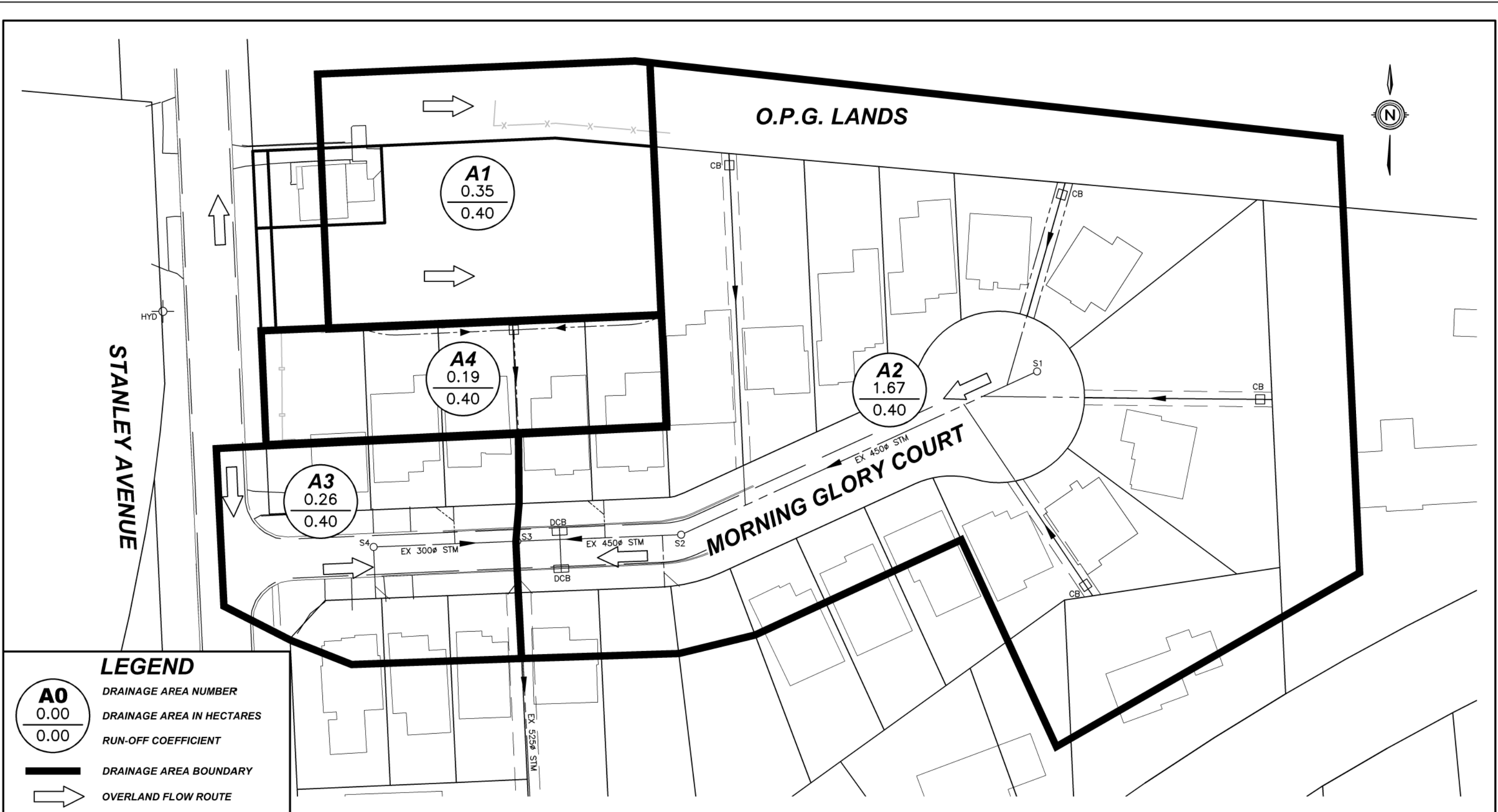
DATE SEPTEMBER 28, 2005

SCALE 1 : 750

DWG No. 0363-STMDA

MUN. REF. No. 05-CA-174

REV. 4



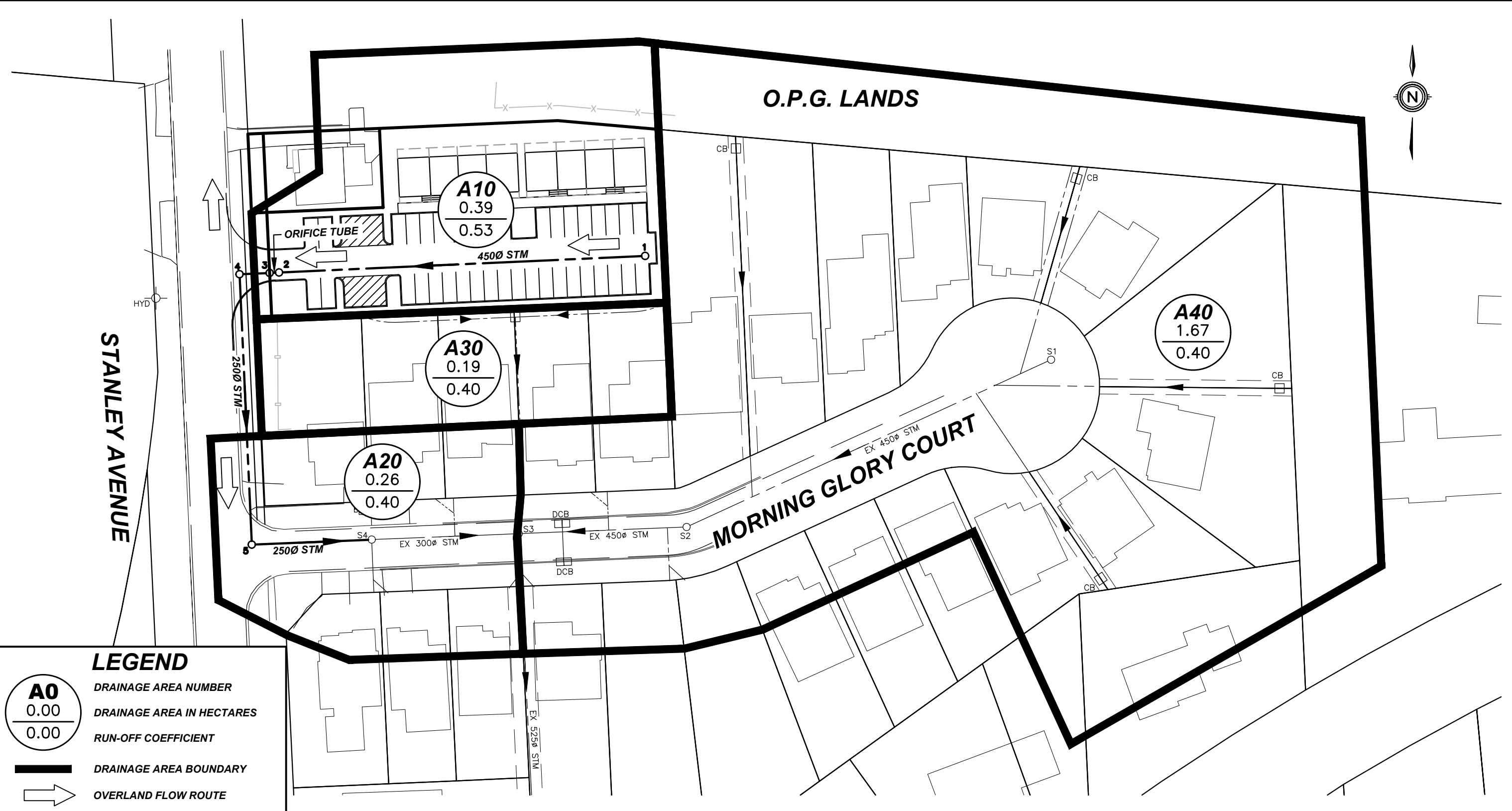
LEGEND

- A0**
0.00
0.00
- DRAINAGE AREA NUMBER**
- DRAINAGE AREA IN HECTARES**
- RUN-OFF COEFFICIENT**
- DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY**
- OVERLAND FLOW ROUTE**



**NEWCASTLE STANLEY
2220 STANLEY AVENUE
NIAGARA FALLS
EXISTING STORM DRAINAGE AREA PLAN**

DATE	2024-06-13
SCALE	1:750 m
REF No.	.
DWG No.	FIGURE 2



LEGEND

A0 0.00 <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> 0.00	DRAINAGE AREA NUMBER DRAINAGE AREA IN HECTARES RUN-OFF COEFFICIENT
	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
	OVERLAND FLOW ROUTE



NEWCASTLE STANLEY
2220 STANLEY AVENUE
 NIAGARA FALLS
FUTURE STORM DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

DATE	2024-06-13
SCALE	1:750 m
REF No.	.
DWG No.	FIGURE 3

Weighted Percent Impervious Calculations

Project Name: Newcastle Stanley
UCC Project Number: 24016
Date: June 12, 2024

Proposed Conditions

Area Type	Area (m ²)	% Impervious	Impervious Area (m ²)
Proposed Buildings	370	100%	370.0
Existing Buildings	186	100%	186.3
Asphalt Road/Parking & concrete areas	1,220	100%	1,220.0
Landscape/Greenspace	2,043	0.1%	2.0
Total Catchment Impervious Area (m²)			1,778
Total Catchment Area (m²)			3,819
Weighted Percent Impervious (%)			46.6%
Weighted Runoff Coefficient [c]			0.53

UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS

3-30 HANNOVER DRIVE

ST. CATHARINES, ON L2W 1A3

STORM SEWER DESIGN

MUNICIPALITY: NIAGARA FALLS

A = 719.50 mm/hr 5 YEAR DESIGN IDF

PROJECT: NEWCASTLE STANLEY

B = 6.34 minutes

PIPE ROUGHNESS = 0.013

UCC PROJECT NO.: 24016

C = 0.769

PIPE CONVERSION FACTOR = 1.016

DESCRIPTION			STORMWATER ANALYSIS										STORM SEWER DESIGN					
LOCATION	FROM MH	TO MH	AREA (ha)	ACCUMLTD AREA (ha)	RUNOFF COEFFICNT	A*R	ACCUMLTD A*R	T of C (min.)	PIPE TIME (min.)	T of C (sum)	INTENSITY (mm/hr)	FLOW (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	DIAMETER (mm)	SLOPE (%)	CAPACITY (L/s)	VELOCITY (m/s)	PERCENT FULL
EXISTING CONDITIONS																		
A1	SITE		0.35	0.35	0.40	0.140	0.140	10.00			84.0	32.6						
A2	S2	S3	1.67	2.02	0.40	0.668	0.808	12.47	0.52	12.99	75.3	169.1	33.6	450	0.35	176.03	1.1	96.1%
A3	S4	S3	0.26	0.26	0.40	0.104	0.104	10.00	0.60	10.60	84.0	24.3	29.5	300	0.35	59.71	0.8	40.6%
A4	RYCB	S3	0.19	0.19	0.40	0.076	0.076	10.00	0.54	10.54	84.0	17.7	43.0	200	1.60	43.30	1.3	40.9%
	S3	S5		2.47		0.000	0.988	12.99	1.31	14.30	73.8	202.5	93.4	525	0.35	265.53	1.2	76.2%
FUTURE CONDITIONS																		
A10	MH1	MH2	0.39	0.39	0.53	0.207	0.207	10.00	1.52	11.52	84.0	48.2	74.0	450	0.20	133.07	0.8	36.2%
	MH2	MH3						PEAK CONTROLLED FLOW BY ORIFICE TUBE				23.5						
	MH3	MH4						11.52	0.13	11.65	78.4	23.5	6.0	250	0.40	39.25	0.8	59.9%
	MH4	MH5						11.65	1.16	12.81	78.0	23.5	53.9	250	0.40	39.25	0.8	59.9%
	MH5	S4						12.81	0.50	13.31	74.3	23.5	23.2	250	0.40	39.25	0.8	59.9%
A20	S4	S3	0.260	0.26	0.40	0.104	0.104	13.31	0.60	13.91	72.8	44.5	29.5	300	0.35	59.71	0.8	74.6%
A30	RYCB	S3	0.19	0.19	0.40	0.076	0.076	10.00	0.54	10.54	84.0	17.7	43.0	200	1.60	43.30	1.3	40.9%
A40	S2	S3	1.67	1.67	0.40	0.668	0.668	12.47	0.52	12.99	75.3	139.8	33.6	450	0.35	176.03	1.1	79.4%
	S3	S5										202.1	93.4	525	0.35	265.53	1.2	76.1%

Modified Rational Method (MRM) Required Storage Volume

Project: NEWCASTLE STANLEY
 Project No: 24016
 Date: June 12, 2024
 Design By: Roberto Duarte, B.Eng.
 Description: Stormwater Management Plan, Quantity Control Storage Volume Calculation

Storm Event: City of Niagara Falls - 5 Year IDF Curve

a = 719.50 mm/hr
 b = 6.34 minutes
 c = 0.77

Critical Storm Duration: 30.00 minutes Tail Multiplier (x1-1.5) 1.5
 Tc From Design: 10.00 minutes
 Storm Tail Time: 15.00 minutes
 Accumulated Area x R (Ha): 0.207 <-- Area x Runoff Coefficient (Sewer Design Sheet)
 Peak Rainfall Intensity: 68.37 mm/hr
 Peak Inflow at Tc: 39.26 L/s
 Maximum Release Rate: 23.50 <-- Outlet Full Flow Capacity (Design Sheet)
 Time When Outlet Exceeded: 5.99

Time (min)	Intensity (mm/hr)	Inflow (L/s)	Outflow (L/s)	Interval Volume (m3)	Total Required Volume (m3)
0.0	0.00	0.00	23.50	-1.4	0.0
1.0	6.84	3.93	23.50	-1.2	0.0
2.0	13.67	7.85	23.50	-0.9	0.0
3.0	20.51	11.78	23.50	-0.7	0.0
4.0	27.35	15.70	23.50	-0.5	0.0
5.0	34.19	19.63	23.50	-0.2	0.0
6.0	41.02	23.55	23.50	0.0	0.0
7.0	47.86	27.48	23.50	0.2	0.2
8.0	54.70	31.41	23.50	0.5	0.7
9.0	61.54	35.33	23.50	0.7	1.4
10.0	68.37	39.26	23.50	0.9	2.4
11.0	68.37	39.26	23.50	0.9	3.3
12.0	68.37	39.26	23.50	0.9	4.3
13.0	68.37	39.26	23.50	0.9	5.2
14.0	68.37	39.26	23.50	0.9	6.2
15.0	68.37	39.26	23.50	0.9	7.1
16.0	63.81	36.64	23.50	0.8	7.9
17.0	59.26	34.02	23.50	0.6	8.5
18.0	54.70	31.41	23.50	0.5	9.0
19.0	50.14	28.79	23.50	0.3	9.3
20.0	45.58	26.17	23.50	0.2	9.5
21.0	41.02	23.55	23.50	0.0	9.5
22.0	36.47	20.94	23.50	-0.2	9.3
23.0	31.91	18.32	23.50	-0.3	9.0
24.0	27.35	15.70	23.50	-0.5	8.5
25.0	22.79	13.09	23.50	-0.6	7.9
26.0	18.23	10.47	23.50	-0.8	7.1
27.0	13.67	7.85	23.50	-0.9	6.2
28.0	9.12	5.23	23.50	-1.1	5.1
29.0	4.56	2.62	23.50	-1.3	3.8
30.0	0.00	0.00	23.50	-1.4	2.4

Variable Storm Duration Storage Requirements

Duration	Max Storage	Duration	Max Storage	Duration	Max Storage
25 Min	8.1 m3	50 Min	5.7 m3	80 Min	0.0 m3
30 Min	9.5 m3	60 Min	2.8 m3	90 Min	0.0 m3
40 Min	8.3 m3	70 Min	0.1 m3	100 Min	0.0 m3

