

### J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED

### **CONSULTING ENGINEERS**

440 Hardy Road, Unit #1, Brantford, ON N3T 5L8 Tel: (519) 753-2656 Fax: (519) 753-4263 www.cohooneng.com

# STACKED TOWNHOMES DEVELOPMENT 5858 DUNN STREET NIAGARA FALLS, ONTARIO

### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

### PREPARED FOR:

### RPDS INTEGRATED DESIGN FIRM

### PREPARED BY:

J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED

440 HARDY ROAD UNIT 1

BRANTFORD, ONTARIO, N3T 5L8

PHONE: 519 - 753-2656 FAX: 519 - 753-4263

PROJECT NO. 16363 OCTOBER 10, 2023



### **Table of Contents**

T	able of	Contents	2
1	Intr	oduction	3
	1.1	Site Description	3
	1.2	Objectives	3
	1.3	Guidelines and Background Information	3
2	Pre	-Development Conditions	4
	2.1	Pre-Development Conditions Hydrology	4
3	Pro	posed Stormwater Management Plan	5
	3.1	Design Criteria	5
	3.2	Proposed Conditions Hydrology	5
	3.3	Water Quantity Control	6
	3.4	Major and Minor Flow Conveyance	7
	3.5	Water Quality Control	7
	3.6	Siltation and Erosion Control	8
4	Sur	nmary	9
L	ist of [	Γables	
T	able 1:	Pre-Development Peak Flow Rate Summary	4
T	able 2:	Underground Storage System Operating Characteristics	6
T	able 3:	Post-Development Peak Flow Rate Summary (With Controls)	7

### Appendices

Appendix A: Drawings

Appendix B: Stormwater Management Calculations

Appendix C: Oil and Grit Separator Sizing

### Introduction 1

J.H. Cohoon Engineering Limited has been retained to prepare the following Stormwater Management (SWM) report in support of the proposed stacked townhomes development at 5858 Dunn Street in the City of Niagara Falls.

### 1.1 Site Description

The subject site consists of 0.73 ha of Residential Low Density Grouped Multiple Dwelling zone and Development Holding zone lands, which are currently vegetated and vacant. The site is bound by Dunn Street to the north, residentially zoned properties to the east, and parking lands for the Fallsview Tower Hotel to the south and west.

The proposed development consists of four residential stacked townhome buildings with 72 units and surface parking for 79 vehicles. Access to the proposed development will be provided via a driveway entrance to Dunn Street. Details of the proposed development have been provided on the attached Grading Plan (Drawing C-01) and Servicing Plan (Drawing C-02) in Appendix A.

### 1.2 Objectives

The purpose of this SWM report is to document the preliminary SWM strategy for the site, demonstrating the proposed development will not adversely affect local surface water conditions. The SWM report will evaluate the effect of the proposed development on local drainage conditions and where necessary, provide solutions to mitigate any adverse impacts.

### 1.3 Guidelines and Background Information

This report was prepared in accordance with the following municipal, provincial and agency guideline documents:

- The Ministry of Transportation Drainage Management Manual (1997)
- The Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP, formerly known as the Ministry of Environment) SWM Practices Planning and Design Manual (2003);
- The CVC/TRCA Low Impact Development SWM Planning and Design Guide (2010); and
- Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority Stormwater Management Guidelines (2010).

### **Pre-Development Conditions**

Information regarding the existing topography, ground cover and drainage patterns was obtained through collection of detailed topographic survey data, record drawings / available plans and confirmed during site visits. Detailed topographic survey data was collected by The Larocque Group in July 2023.

Under pre-development conditions, the subject site consists of 0.73 ha of residential buildings and accessory structures, lawn cover and vegetation. The subject site slopes gently southwest at approximately 2% toward the west and south property lines (Outlet #1).

### 2.1 Pre-Development Conditions Hydrology

The Rational Method has been used to generate pre-development peak flow rates for the subject site based on the City of Niagara Falls IDF parameters. Online mapping and aerial photography were used to determine pre-development catchment parameters. The site has been modelled as one catchment (Catchment 1) totalling to 0.73 ha in area, with 9% imperviousness sloping at approximately 2% to Outlet #1, as shown on Pre-Development Drainage Plan attached.

For the purpose of determining peak flow rates, a runoff coefficient of 0.27 was assigned to Catchment 1 based on runoff coefficient values for corresponding land uses provided in the Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority Stormwater Management and Policies and Guidelines. Peak flow rates have been assessed at Outlet #1.

Peak flow rates for the 2-year through 100-year storm events have been calculated and summarized in Table 1 below, while detailed calculations are provided in Appendix B.

Table 1:	Pre-Develo	pment Peal	k Flow Rate	Summary

<b>Design Storm Event</b>	Peak Flow Rate (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	
2-year	0.025	
5-year	0.032	
10-year	0.040	
25-year	0.048	
100-year	0.066	

### **Proposed Stormwater Management Plan**

The proposed SWM Plan has been developed to address any potential adverse impacts from the proposed development to local surface water features and surface water quality.

The majority of the subject site (0.61 ha) will be graded to drain to a combination of underground storm sewer, storm structures, and an underground StormTank module system to provide water quantity controls before discharging to the Dunn Street right of way. The 2-year through 100-year storm runoff will be collected, controlled and conveyed to the Royal Manor Drive storm sewer. An oil and grit separator unit will be implemented to provide quality controls.

The remaining 0.13 ha of the site is proposed to be released uncontrolled to the Dunn Street right of way and existing outlet.

While there is no information readily available with respect to the subject site's soil characteristics, it is understood that the City of Niagara Falls encourages the use of Low Impact Development (LID) practices where feasible to manage storm water and minimize the impact of development. The proposed SWM plan will incorporate LID practices to promote infiltration where feasible.

### 3.1 Design Criteria

This SWM report is subject to the review and approval of the City of Niagara Falls. Applicable SWM design criteria for the proposed development are presented below:

- Water Quantity Control post-development peak flow rates must be controlled to predevelopment rates for rainfall events to ensure no adverse impacts for downstream landowners;
- Water Quality Control controls must be provided to satisfy the MECP SWM Practices Planning and Design Manual. Enhanced water quality control corresponding to 80% total suspended solids (TSS) removal is required; and
- Siltation and Erosion Control recommendations for a siltation and erosion control strategy during construction are required.

### 3.2 Proposed Conditions Hydrology

Details of the proposed site grading and overall SWM plan are provided on the Grading Plan (Drawing C-01) and Servicing Plan (Drawing C-02) included in Appendix A. Development Drainage Plan is also enclosed for reference.

The Rational Method has been used to generate anticipated post-development peak flow rates for the subject site based on the City of Niagara Falls IDF parameters. The site has been modelled as three catchments (Catchment 201, Catchment 202 and Catchment 99) for the purpose of determining post-development peak flows as discussed below:

Catchment 201 consists of the storm Catchments 2 through 10 shown on the Post-Development Drainage Plan, totalling to 0.61 ha in area with proposed imperviousness of 84%, and assigned a runoff coefficient of 0.83. Drainage from Catchment 201 will be collected in the site's internal storm sewer and controlled through on-site underground storage prior to discharging to the Dunn Street storm sewer;

- Catchment 202 consists of Catchments 98 and 99 shown on the Post-Development Drainage Plan, totalling to 0.03 ha in area, with proposed imperviousness of 25%, and assigned a runoff coefficient of 0.39. Drainage from Catchment 202 will be released overland and uncontrolled to the Dunn Street right of way.
- Catchment 99 is shown on the Post-Development Drainage plan, totalling to 0.10 ha in area with proposed imperviousness of 26% and an assigned runoff coefficient of 0.40. Drainage from Catchment 99 will be released overland to the existing site outlet at the south and west property site property lines.

All three post-development Catchments have been assessed using the same outlet (considered the property line), to be conservative.

### 3.3 Water Quantity Control

Water quantity controls for Catchment 201 will be provided via a combination of underground storm sewer, storm structures, and an underground StormTank module system. The total active storage volume provided is 249 m<sup>3</sup> through the stacked ST-2536 and ST-2524 StormTank modules, two 600 mm dia. storm sewers and maintenance hole structures ST-2 and ST-4. The combined underground storage will be controlled by a 100 mm dia. orifice plate at the elevation of 188.64 m in maintenance hole structure ST-2.

The Modified Rational Method was used to determine the required storage volumes in order to maintain post-development peak flow rates to pre-development rates. Operating characteristics of the proposed underground storage system including discharge rates, storage volumes and equivalent water surface elevations for the 2-year through 100-year design storm events are summarized in Table 2. Detailed supporting calculations and stage-storage-discharge tables are provided in Appendix B for reference.

Design Storm Event	Peak Flow Rate (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Storage Volume Provided (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Water Elevation (m)
2-year	0.016	77.8	189.23
5-year	0.019	108.0	189.40
10-year	0.022	150.5	189.67
25-year	0.023	172.2	189.80
100-vear	0.027	241.8	190.23

**Table 2: Underground Storage System Operating Characteristics** 

As shown, the maximum water surface elevation in the underground storage system is 190.23 m under the 100-year design storm condition, which corresponds to a depth of 0.65 m below the lower patio elevation of proposed Buildings 'A', 'B' and 'C'. Therefore, the lower patios of Buildings 'A', 'B' and 'C' will not experience ponding as a result of backwater conditions from the underground storage system.

The Rational Method calculations do not account for the anticipated infiltration from the StormTank module system, and therefore the peak flow rates summarized in Table 2 are expected to be conservative.

Post-Development peak flow rates incorporating the proposed SWM controls are summarized in Table 3. Detailed supporting calculations are provided in Appendix B.

Table 3: Post-Develor	nment Peak Flow	Rate Summary	(With Controls)
Table 3. I ust-Develo	pincinc i cak i ion	ixate Summar y	( ** itili Colliti ols)

Design Storm Event	Pre-Development Peak Flow Rate (m³/s)	Post-Development Peak Flow Rate (m <sup>3</sup> /s)
2-year	0.025	0.025
5-year	0.032	0.030
10-year	0.040	0.036
25-year	0.048	0.040
100-year	0.066	0.050

As shown, post-development peak flows discharging from the property are anticipated to be controlled to the pre-development peak flow rates.

### 3.4 Major and Minor Flow Conveyance

Part of the internal storm sewer network has been sized to function as storage in combination with StormTank modules to provide water quantity controls for the proposed development. The system has been designed to collect and control the 100-year design storm event runoff from the proposed development under typical operating conditions.

Under emergency conditions, where catch basin grates or maintenance hole grates are blocked, or the Regional storm event occurs, rooftop and parking lot runoff will be safely conveyed to the municipal ROW via the Dunn Street driveway entrance. The overland flow route capacity was checked at this location, which represents the cross section where the greatest overland peak flow rate is expected to occur. This cross section conveys the 100-year uncontrolled peak flow of 0.23 m<sup>3</sup>/s from the upstream area at the depth of 0.03 m, resulting in a maximum ponding depth of 0.28 m at upstream maintenance hole structure ST2. Therefore, safe access and egress is provided into the parking lot, as the maximum allowable depth for safe vehicle passage is 0.30 m.

Detailed storm sewer design sheet and overland flow route calculations are provided in Appendix B.

### 3.5 Water Quality Control

Enhanced Level water quality control corresponding to 80% TSS removal is required for the proposed development.

Water quality controls will be provided for the 0.61 ha drainage area contributing to the

underground SWM controls via a Canadian Environmental Verified Technology (CA ETV) certified oil and grit separator unit (Stormceptor EFO6 or approved equivalent), which has a corresponding TSS removal rate of up to 62% under the CA ETV particle distribution, and 92% under the fine particle distribution. Water quality controls will be provided for the remaining 0.13 ha area consisting of Catchment 203 and Catchment 99 in the form of grass filter strips, which have a corresponding TSS removal of 40% per the CVC/TRCA Low Impact Development SWM Planning and Design Guide (2010).

A weighted average of the removal rates has been calculated to ensure that 80% TSS removal is provided for the overall development, per the calculation below:

$$\frac{0.92 \times Controlled \ Area + 0.40 \times Uncontrolled \ Area}{Total \ Area} = \frac{0.92 \times 0.61 + 0.40 \times 0.13}{0.73}$$
$$= 84\% \ Overall \ TSS \ Removal$$

As shown, the overall TSS removal for the development area is 84%, and therefore, water quality requirements for the site are satisfied.

### 3.6 Siltation and Erosion Control

A construction erosion and sediment control plan shall be implemented on this site for all construction activities, including earthworks, material stockpiling, pavement construction and grading operations to ensure no impact on the adjacent lands and or municipal storm sewer. The erosion control measures proposed include:

- Heavy duty siltation control fences to prevent transport of sediment to adjacent properties;
- Stone mud mat at the construction entrance from Dunn Street; and
- Silt sacks installed in catch basin and maintenance hole structures to prevent sediment from entering the municipal storm sewer.

Regular inspection of control measures will be completed during construction and repairs made as necessary. Following the completion of construction, erosion control measures shall remain in place and maintained by the Contractor until vegetation cover is established.

Details of the siltation and erosion control plan are shown on the Siltation and Erosion Control Plan (Drawing C-05).

### **Summary**

This SWM report demonstrates that the proposed development at 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls will not adversely affect local surface water conditions.

Water quantity controls will be provided via a combination of underground storm sewer, storm structures, and a StormTank module system to provide water quantity controls before discharging to the Dunn Street right of way. The 2-year through 100-year storm runoff from the site will be controlled to pre-development peak flow rates. An oil and grit separator unit will be implemented to provide quality controls.

The proposed SWM plan demonstrates that the proposed development will not negatively impact landowners adjacent to or downstream of the subject site. Siltation and erosion controls will be provided to mitigate erosion and sedimentation impacts during construction.

We trust this SWM report is sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the City of Niagara Falls.

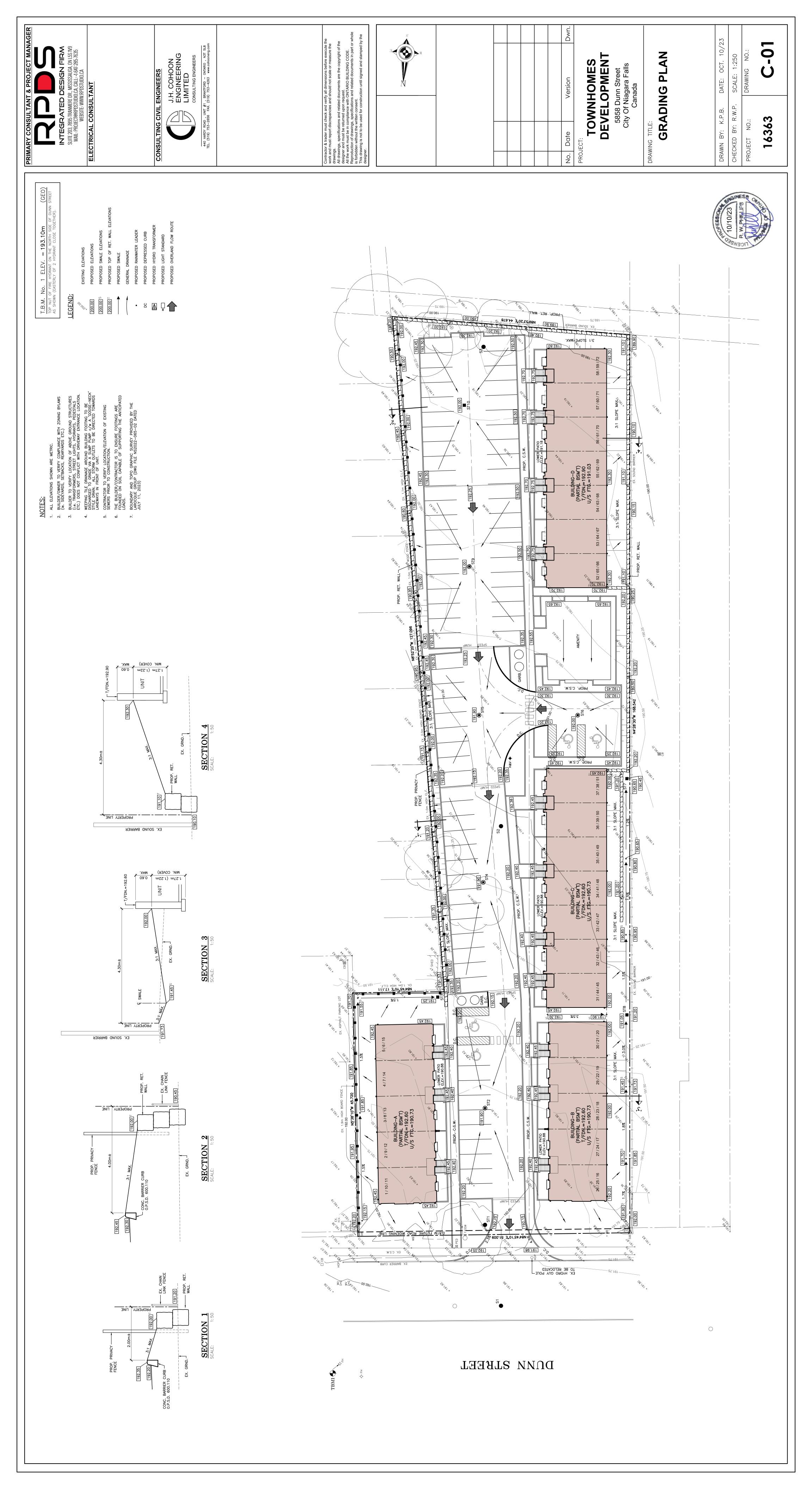
Report prepared by:

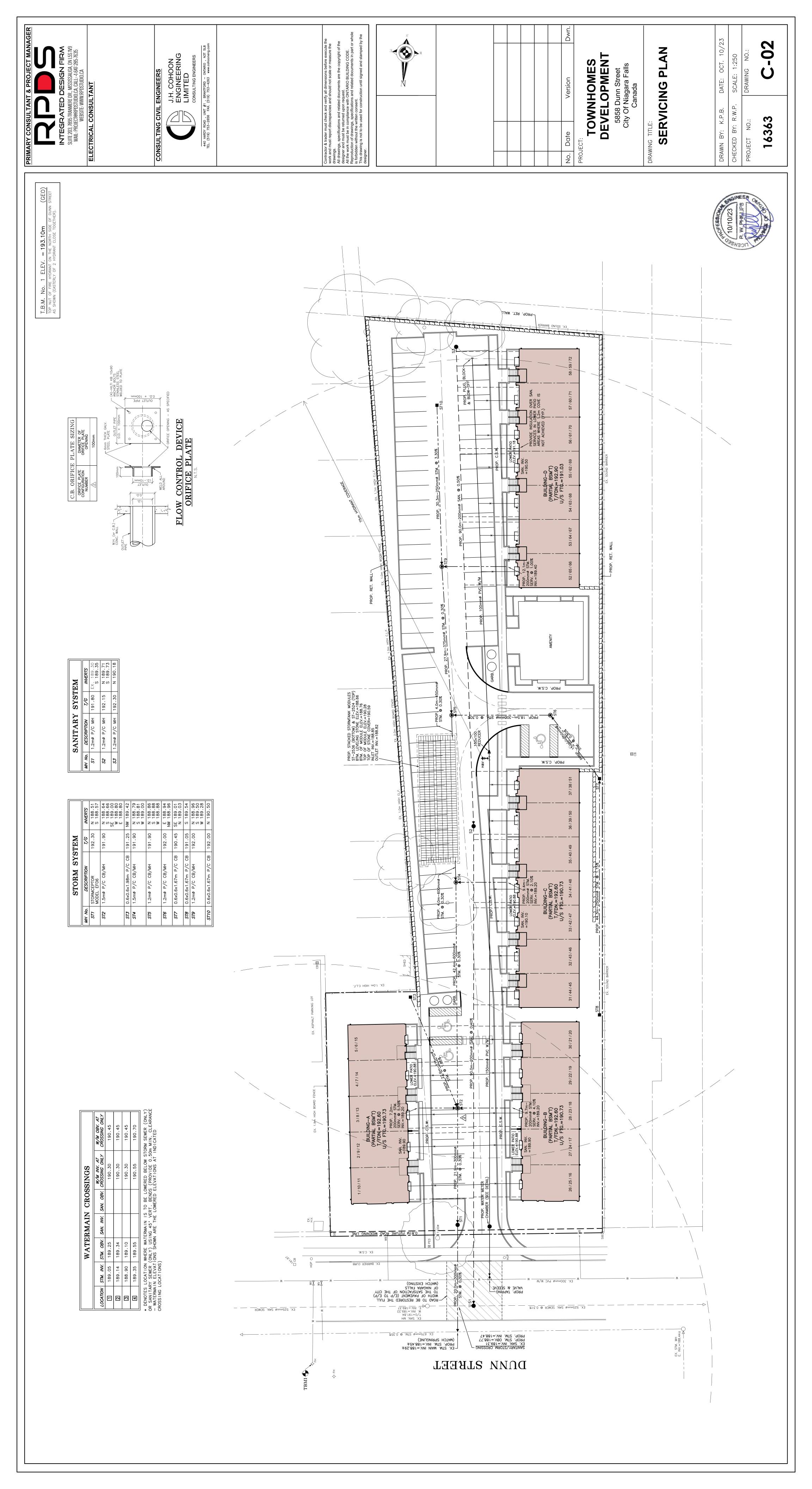
J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED

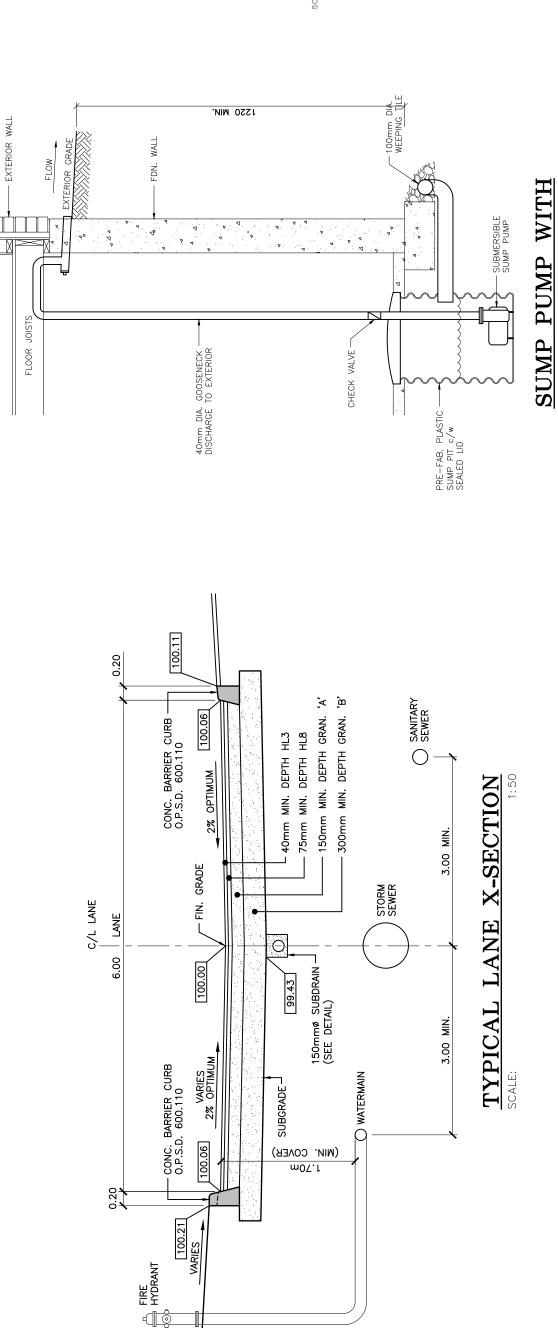


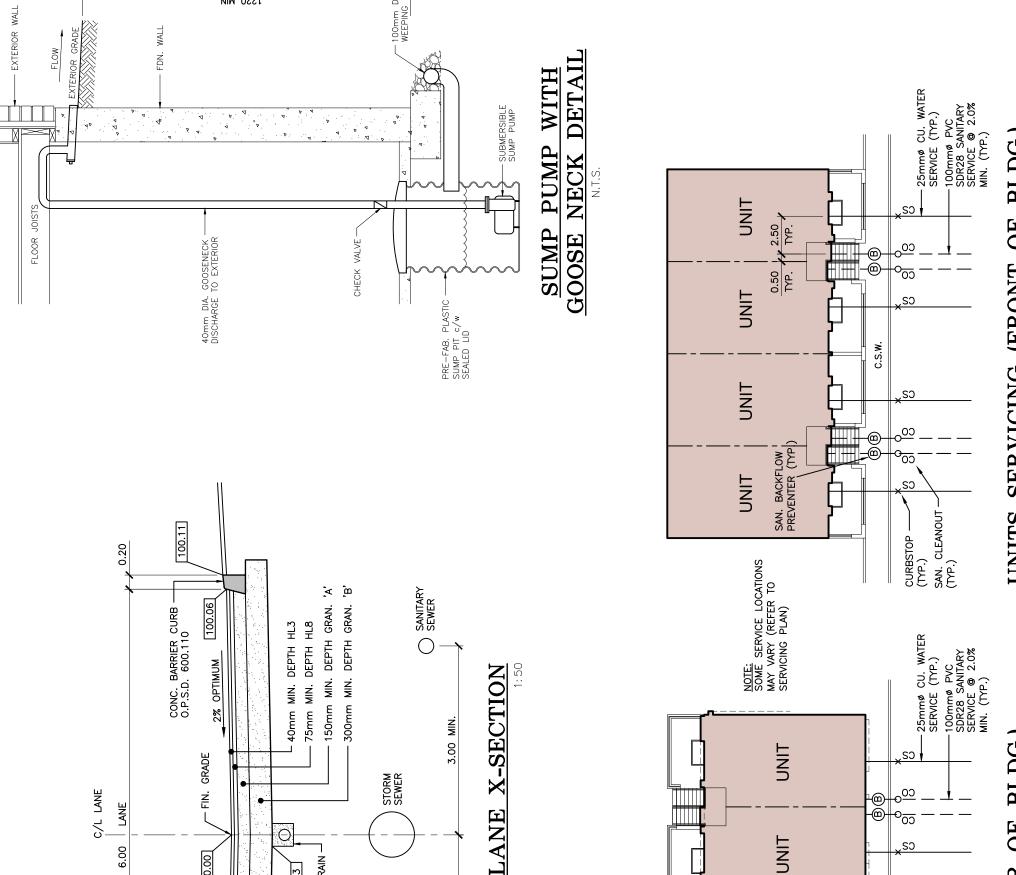
R.W. Phillips, P.Eng.

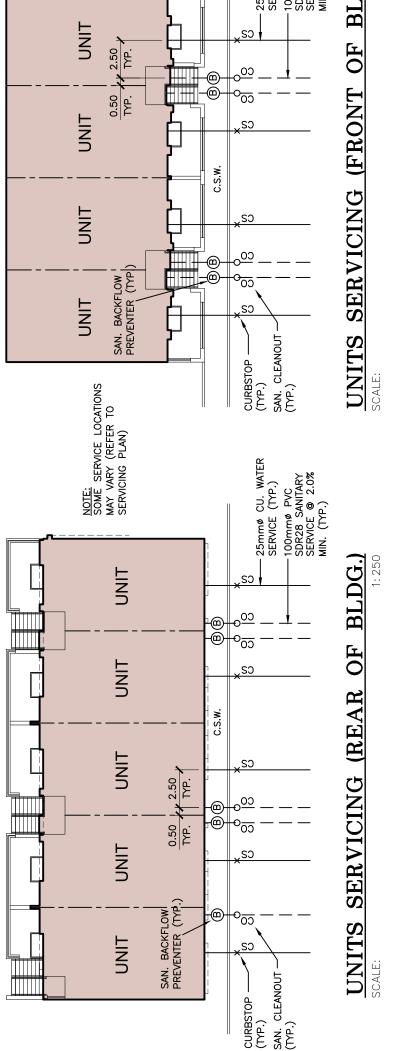
### **APPENDIX A: DRAWINGS**

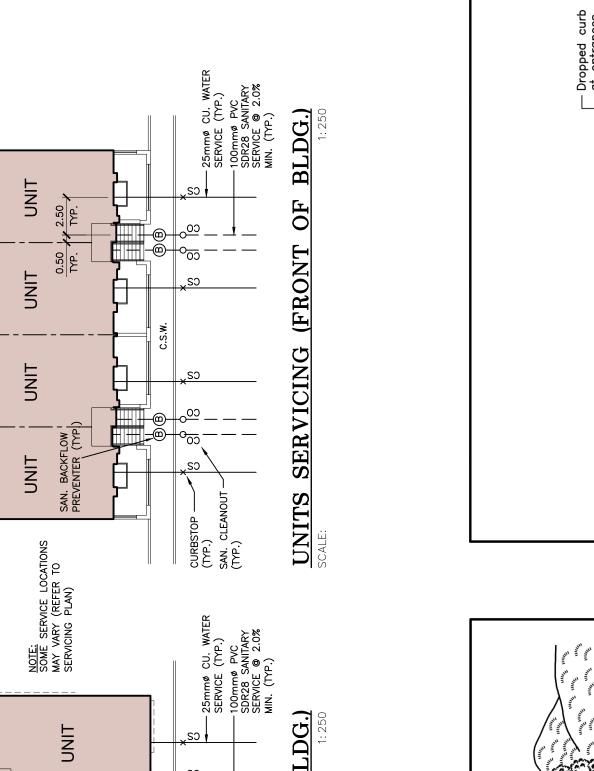


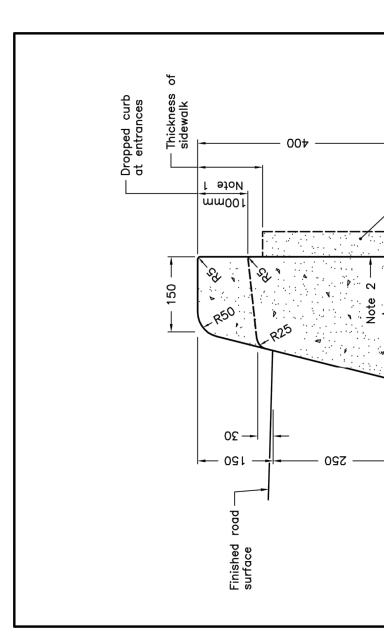












Finished road 150 Aote 1 So Aote 2 Aote	Additional width when sidewalk is adjacent to curb	NOTES:  1 When sidewalk is continuously adjacent, the dropped curb at entrances shall be reduced to 75mm.  2 For slipforming procedure a 5% batter is acceptable.  A Treatment at entrances shall be according to OPSD 351.010.  B Outlet treatment shall be according to the OPSD 610 Series.

PLAN

Direction of flow

OPSD 600.110	CONCRETE BARRIER CURB
NOV ZUIZ NEV Z	UNIARIO FROVINCIAL STANDARD DRAWING
H ; ; iol	9 QSQ0

OPSD

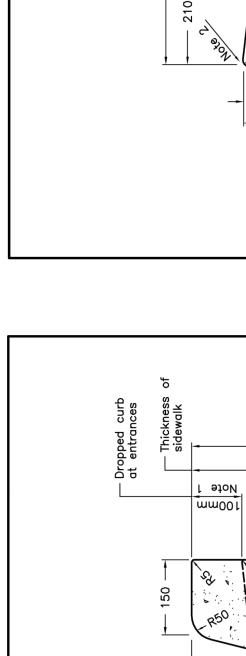
HEAVY-DUTY SILT FENCE BARRIER

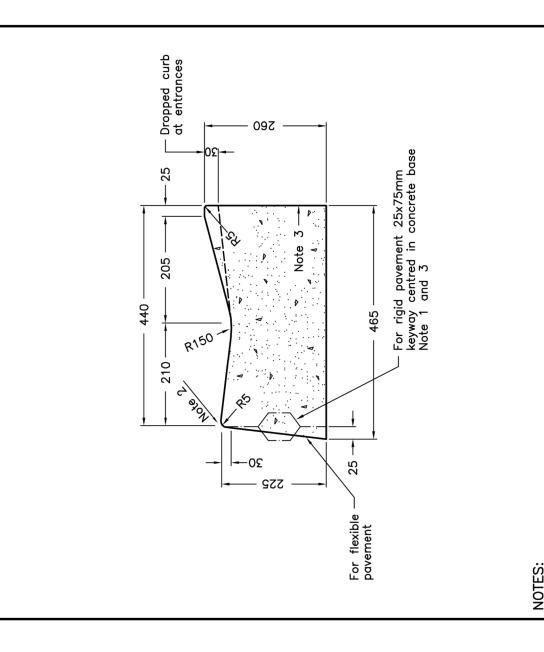
JOINT DETAIL

nim mm00e

SECTION

NOTE: A All d





For flexible 25 465		8
For rigid pavement 25x75mm keyway centred in concrete base Note 1 and 3	25x75mm concrete base	The state of the s
		INSTA
ES:		
hen curb and gutter is adjacent to concrete pavement base, this drawing shall be used in conjunction with PSD 552.010 and 552.020.		DUMP
exible and composite pavement shall be placed 5mm sove the adjacent edge of gutter.		
or slipforming procedure a 5% batter is acceptable.		
utlet treatment shall be according to the OPSD 610 Series.	Sep.	
ne transition from one curb type to another nall be a minimum length of 3.0m, except in conjunction with guide rail here it shall be according to the OPSD 900 Series. I dimensions are in millimetres unless otherwise shown.	n with guide rail	
ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARD DRAWING	Nov 2012   Rev   2   MOSTAND	
CONCRETE MOUNTABLE CURB		
WIIH NARROW GUIIER	OPSD 600.100	_

	CHAMBER.	D DIRECTLY FROM
WATER METER CHAMBER NOTES:	1. NO BYPASS VALUE IS TO BE INCLUDED IN THE WATER METER CHAMBER.	THE WATER METER IS TO BE A NEPTUNE PRODUCT PURCHASED DIRECTLY FROM THE CITY OF WELLAND BIRDING WORKS
ATER METER	NO BYPASS VALUE IS	THE WATER METER IS 1
≯	÷	7

	_ \_	6
NO BYPASS VALUE IS TO BE INCLUDED IN THE WATER METER CHAMBER.	THE WATER METER IS TO BE A NEPTUNE PRODUCT PURCHASED DIRECTLY FROM THE CITY OF WELLAND PUBLIC WORKS.	THE RADIO TRANSMITTER FOR THE WATER METER IS TO BE INSTALLED EXTERNAL TO THE CHAMBER, WITH THE WIRE PASSED THROUGH A 50mm GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT, CORED THROUGH THE CHAMBER WALL. THE CONDUIT SHOULD TERMINATE

:GEND:	EXISTING ELEVATIONS	EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE	EXISTING STORM MANHOLE	EXISTING CATCHBASIN	EXISTING HYDRO GUY POLE	EXISTING LIGHT STANDARD	EXISTING BELL PEDESTAL	EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT	EXISTING VALVE & BOX
LE(	EXIST	EXISI	EXIST	EXIS	EXIST	EXIS	EXIST	EXIST	EXISI
GENERAL LEGEND:	%. %;	O S1	O ST1	B⊃ □	О нср	STO	⊠ PED	÷	X

EXISTING BELL PEDESTAL	EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT	EXISTING VALVE & BOX	EXISTING STANDARD IRON BAR	EXISTING MONUMENT	EXISTING DITCH	EXISTING CHAIN LINK FENCE	PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
⊠ PED	÷	∑ v&B	□ SIB	NON   ✓		       	• S1

EXISTING CHAIN LINK FENCE	PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE	PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE	PROPOSED CATCHBASIN MANHOLE	PROPOSED CATCHBASIN	PROPOSED RAIN WATER LEADER (CONNECT TO U/G BUILDING STORM S	PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT & VALVE	
       	• S1	● ST1	ST1	■ CB		V%H <b>♦</b>	

H8
----

WATERMAINS:

PROPUSED FIRE HYDRANI & VALVE	PROPOSED VALVE & BOX	75m FIRE HYDRANT COVERAGE	PROPOSED HYDRO TRANSFORMER	PROPOSED LIGHT STANDARD	
ARK-	X V&B		<b>(</b>	Ţ	

CHAMBER DETAIL

WATER METER

S DIDE ELL TER EARPIN CONFORMING TO DES		OF 0.P.S.S. 1840.
5. LIE LIELEN LADINO CON ONNING TO C.I. 3.3.	2. PIPE FILIER FABRIC CONFORMING TO O.P.S.S.	2. PIPE FILTER FABRIC CONFORMING TO 0.P.S.S.

PLANE TO FULL DEPTH OF NEW SURFACE COUF

EX. E/P

– 50mmø CLEAR STONE 450mm DEEP (SEE PLAN FOR SIZE)

<b>≟</b>	I. PERFUKAIEU CURKUGAIEU PULTEIHTIENE DRAINAGE PIPE SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF O.P.S.S. 1840.
2	PIPE FILTER FABRIC CONFORMING TO O.P.S.S. 1860 FOR GEOTEXTILE CLASS 1 WITH A FILTRATION OPENING SIZE OF 150 to 450 MICRONS SHALL BE SUPPLIED ON ALL SECTIONS OF PERFORATED PIPE.
ų	<ol> <li>LAY PERFORATED PIPE WITH PERFORATIONS DOWNWARD.</li> </ol>
4.	4. CAP OPEN UPSTREAM ENDS OF PIPES.
ď	SIBNDAIN DIDES TO BE SET ON AT LEAST 0.59

ASPHALT MILLING DETAIL

DETAIL

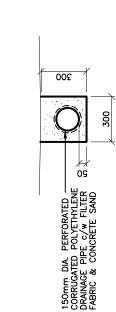
MAT

MUD

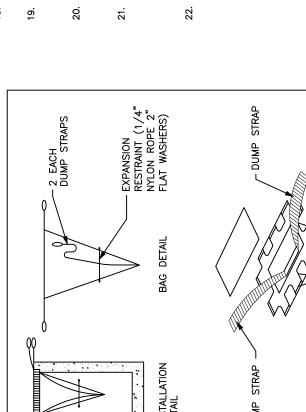
NORETE SAND MEETING THE GRADATION	MENTS OF O.P.S.S. 1002, FINE AGGREGATE.				
NCRETE SAN	QUIREMENTS	1			

WATER SERVICES TO BE LOCATED AS PER TYPICAL SERVICING DETAIL ON THIS SHEET WITH A "BALL TYPE" CURB STOP AS PER TYPICAL DETAIL. CURB STOPS TO BE SUPPLIED WITH STAINLESS STEEL RODS AND COTTER PINS AND AN ELECTRICAL GROUNDING CLAMP.





TYPICAL SUBDRAIN DETAIL



19. WATERMAIN INSULATION TO BE PROVIDED AT ALL LOCATIONS WHERE THE WATERMAIN IS LOCATED CLOSE TO CATCH BASINS (LESS THAN 0.9 $^{\rm m}$ ) AND AT CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING WATERMAINS WHERE DEPTH OF COVER IS INSUFFICIENT (LESS THAN 1.70 $^{\rm m}$ ).	20. THE WATERMAIN AND HYDRANT LEADS AT THE HIGH POINTS SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED SO THAT THE HYDRANT LEADS SLOPE SLIGHTLY UPWARD FROM THE WATERMAIN TO THE HYDRANTS AS AIR RELIEF POINTS.	21. EVERY NEW WATER SERVICE SHALL BE SERVICED WITH A WATER METER IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS SPECIFICATIONS. THE WATER METER FEE SHALL BE PAID BY THE OWNER PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE BUILDING PERMIT. THE ROUGHING AND INSTALLATION OF THE METER SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY WATER AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENTS.	22. WATER SERVICES TO BE INSTALLED TO MAIN UTILIZING MAINSTOPS WITH SERVICE SADDLES.	A PAILLO	E SWALE    SWALE	3:1 MAX. 3:1 MAX.	SWALE DETAIL	N.T.S.
EACH DIIMP STRADS		EXPANSION RESTRAINT (1/4" NYLON ROPE 2" BAG DETAIL FLAT WASHERS)		DUMP STRAP	SIIT SACK			
		INSTALLATION	!	DUMP STRAP	I IIS			

# SWALE DETAIL

SILT SACK DETAIL

# ENERAL NOTES:

PRIMARY CONSULTANT & PROJECT MANAGER

SUITE 203, 7895 TRANMERE DR., MISSISSAUGA, ON L5S 1V9 MAIL: PROJECT@RPDSTUDIO.CA, CALL: +1-647-285-7635 WEBSITE: WWW.RPDSTUDIO.CA

ROADWAYS & RELATED WORKS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED SO AS TO COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE LAW, TO BE CONSISTENT WITH THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS STANDARDS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT GUIDELINES CODES, REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS PRESCRIBED BY THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS.

ROADWORKS:

**ELECTRICAL CONSULTANT** 

INTEGRATED DESIGN FIRM

1. CONSTRUCTION OF SEWERS, AND RELATED APPURTENANCES SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT STANDARDS OF THE CITY O NIAGARA FALLS, AND THE ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARDS DRAWNINGS (OPSD). THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS STANDARDS SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER THE OPSD DRAWNINGS.  2. INFORMATION REGARDING ANY EXISTING SERVICES AND/OR UTILITIES SHOWN ON THE APPROVED SET OF CONSTRUCTION DRAWNINGS IS FURNISHED AS THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INTERPRET THIS INFORMATION AS THEY SEE FIT WITH INDIFFORMATION. THE COMMED AND US A CENTER OFFICE AND AS THEY SEE		MILL GINDLING HIGH THE CAPUTOR HIGH THE CAPUTOR SELECTION OF THE CAPUTOR THE C	RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY AND/OR SUFFICIENCY.	RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY AND/OR SUFFICIENCY.
--	--	--	---	---

NECREMATION REGARDING ANY EXISTING SERVICES AND OR LITEL SHOWN OF THE	C	CATCH BASIN CONNECTIONS TO BE DVC SDR35 PIDE CSA B182 4
INFORMATION. THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS IS FURNISHED AS THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INTERPRET THIS INFORMATION AS THEY SEE FIT WITH THE UNDERSTANDING THAT THE OWNER AND HIS AGENTS DISCLAIM ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY AND/OR SUFFICIENCY.		SINGLE CATCH BASIN LEADS TO BE MIN. 250mm DIA.  DOUBLE CATCH BASIN LEADS TO BE MIN. 300mm DIA.  REAR LOT CATCHBASIN LEADS AND DITCH INLET LEADS TO BE CSA A257.1 EXTRA STRENGTH CL3 CONC. MIN 250mm DIA.
ALL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE CHECKED AND VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION AND HE SHALL REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES IMMEDIATELY	r;	SINGLE CATCH BASINS AS PER OPSD 705.010 FRAME AND COVER AS PER OPSD 400.010.
TO THE ENGINEER.	4	DOUBLE CATCH BASINS AS PER OPSD 705.020. FRAME AND COVER AS PER OPSD 400 010
RELOCATION OF EXISTING SERVICES AND/OR UTILITIES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.	ഗ്	FINAL ROADWAY CROSSFALL TO BE 2.0%
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL PERMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION	(	Change the property of the country of the control o

A AND THE STAFF NET ON I DISCNET AND IMMEDIATELY		
MCES AND/OR UTILITIES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN	<del>4</del> .	DOUBLE CATCH BASINS AS PER OPSD 705.020. FRAME AND COVER AS PER OPSD 400.010.
RECTED BY THE ENGINEER.		FINAL ROADWAY CROSSFALL TO BE 2.0%
AIN ALL PERMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION.	9	VALVES, MANHOLES AND CATCH BASINS SHALL BE PLACED AT ASPHALT BINDER
MAIN IN FILL SECTIONS, THE COMPACTION SHALL BE VERIFIED		COURSE (HL4) ELEVATION AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
	7.	AT SAG POINTS, CATCH BASIN ADJUSTMENT AND PAVING TO BE PLACED IN SUCH MANNER THAT WILL NOT OBSTRUCT DRAINAGE.
LLOWED WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE CITY OF		
NEER.	αċ	FINAL ASPHALT COURSE (HL3) SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPROVED CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS STANDARDS FOR TIMING AS DIRECTED BY THE FINGINERR AND AS
XFILLED WITH SELECT NATIVE MATERIAL, APPROVED BY THE		PER THE REQUIREMENTS STIPULATED BY THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL PERMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION. FOR ALL SEWERS AND WATERMAIN IN FILL SECTIONS, THE COMPACTION SHALL BE VERIFIED PRIOR TO LAYING OF PIPE.	NO SUBSTITUTIONS WILL BE ALLOWED WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS OR THE ENGINEER.	ALL EXCAVATIONS TO BE BACKFILLED WITH SELECT NATIVE MATERIAL, APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, TO 95% S.P.D.	THE DEVELOPER AND YOR CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING
--	---	---	--

			LL.
EXCAVATIONS TO BE BACKFILLED WITH SELECT NATIVE MATERIAL, APPROVED BY THE NEER, TO 95% S.P.D.	DEVELOPER AND/OR CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING IL ROAD CONSTRUCTION IS FINISHED) SILT CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN ON THE WINGS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.	WORKS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED SO AS TO COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE TO BE CONSISTENT WITH THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS STANDARDS AND IN IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT GUIDELINES, CODES, REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS SCRIBED BY THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS.	BOULEVARD AREAS TO BE RESTORED WITH #1 NURSERY SOD ON A MINIMUM 150mm OF OIL.

J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED CONSULTING ENGINEERS

FOR MANHOLE AND CATCH BASIN TOP ADJUSTMENTS, ALL PERMANENT ADJUSTMENTS ARE TO BE POURED IN PLACE OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT (e.g. MODULOC).

ALL BEDDING AND BACKFILL MATERIAL, ROAD SUB-GRADES AND GRANULAR ROAD BASES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO MIN 100% SPD UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS

440 HARDY ROAD , UNIT #1 , BRANTFORD — ONTARIO , P TEL. (519) 753—2656 FAX. (519) 753—4263 www.cohoo

STALL BE COMPACIED TO MIN TOOM STO UNLESS CITERWISE STECTIED.	11. SILTATION CONTROL BARRIERS SHALL BE PLACED AS DETAILED ON THE SILTATION AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.	12. ADDITIONAL SILT CONTROL LOCATIONS MAY BE REQUIRED AS DETERMINED BY THE CITY OF NAGARA FAILS AND/OR THE FIGURER.	13 ALI CATCHRASINS AND DOLIRIF CATCHRASINS IN DEDRESSIONS TO BE INSTALLED WITH		UP GRADIENT (MIN.) OR AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER.	14. SAWCUT, REMOVE AND REPLACE ANY EXISTING CURB FOR ANY NEW DRIVEWAYS OR ANY EXISTING DRIVEWAYS THAT ARE TO BE ABANDONED.
	E DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED SO AS TO COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE ENT WITH THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS STANDARDS AND IN WITH CURRENT GUIDELINES, CODES, REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS	CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS.	AS TO BE RESTORED WITH #1 NURSERY SOD ON A MINIMUM 150mm OF	- UNDER EXISTING ROADWAYS SHALL BE COMPACTED IN MINIMUM 230mm	ARD PROCTOR DENSITY. A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE JRING THE WORK TO VERIFY THE COMPACTION OF EACH LIFT. THE	BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS OF RE—TESTING.

15. SITE SERVICING WITHIN THE ROAD ALLOWANCE MUST BE PERFORMED BY THE DEVELOPERS CONTRACTOR UNDER A ROAD OCCUPANCY PERMIT ISSUED BY THE ENGINEERING.

16. SITE SERVICING WITHIN THE ROAD ALLOWANCE MUST BE APPROVED BY THE CITY WITH THE ISSUANCE OF A ROAD OCCUPANCY PERMIT.

# Contractor & trader must check and verify all dimensions before execute the work and must report discrepancies and should not scale or measure the drawings. All drawings, specifications and related documents are the copyright of the designer and must be returned upon request. All the work must be in compliance with ONTARIO BUILDING CODE. Reproduction of drawings, specifications and related documents in part or whole is forbidden without the written consent. This drawing is not to be used for construction until signed and stamped by the designer.

# SANITARY & STORM SEWERS & RELATED APPURTENANCES SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED SO AS TO COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE LAW, TO BE CONSISTENT WITH THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS STANDARDS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT GUIDELINES, CODES, REGULATIONS, BEST PRACTICES AND STANDARDS PRESCRIBED BY THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS. SANITARY & STORM SEWERS:

5	2. COVER AND BEDDING MATERIAL FOR CONCRETE PIPE AS PER OPSD 802.030 CLASS 'B' BEDDING SHALL BE GRANULAR 'A' MATERIAL UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
છ	<ol> <li>COVER AND BEDDING MATERIAL FOR PVC PIPE AS PER OPSD 802.010 TYPE 2 TRENCH BEDDING SHALL BE GRANULAR 'A' MATERIAL UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.</li> </ol>
4.	PVC PIPE WILL REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES FOR LEAKAGE AND TESTING, PIPE DEFLECTION, ETC.
ď	S ALL SEWEDS TO BE ELLISHED & VINEGED DOIND TO THE CLIDAMISSION OF THE FIDST

BE EXCEEDED.

FOR PVC WATERMAIN DEFLECTION: - MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEFLECTION OF 1 DEGREE PER JOINT SHALL NOT - EACH JOINT SHALL BE DEFLECTED AN EQUAL AMOUNT.

WATERMAINS TO BE PVC DR-18 IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C900 CLASS 150. THE PIPE SHALL BE SHIPPED TO THE SITE WITH THE ENDS FACTORY CAPPED.

WATERMAINS TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 802.010 TYPE 2. BEDDING TO BE BEDDING GRANULAR 'A' UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

WATERMAINS AND RELATED APPURTENANCES SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED SO AS TO COMPLY WITH THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS STANDARD PRACTICES.
WATERMAINS TO BE INSTALLED WITH A MINIMUM DEPTH OF COVER OF 1.70m BELOW FINISHED GRADE.

က်	ALL SEWERS TO BE FLUSHED & VIDEOED PRIOR TO THE SUBMISSION OF THE FIRST INTERIM COMPLETION CERTIFICATE AND PRIOR TO THE FINAL COMPLETION CERTIFICATE.
ø.	ALTERNATE MATERIALS MAY BE ACCEPTABLE, PROVIDED APPROVAL HAS FIRST BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS AND ENGINEER IN WRITING.
7.	7. SAFETY PLATFORMS AS PER OPSD 404.020.
œί	8. DROP STRUCTURES AS PER OPSD 1003.010.

A REDUCED PRESSURE DOUBLE BACKFLOW PREVENTER AND WATER METER ARE REQUIRED ON THE TEMPORARY SUPPLY LINES USED FOR FILLING AND FLUSHING/SWABBING OF WATERMAINS.

ALL WATER MAINS TO BE SWABBED, TESTED, DISINFECTED AND FLUSHED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE ENGINEER TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS PRIOR TO CONNECTION TO THE EXISTING MUNICIPAL SYSTEM. REFER TO OPSS 701.07.25, AWWA C651 & CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS GENERAL WATERMAIN DISINFECTION PROCEDURES.

UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM A PRESSURE TEST ON THE WATERMAINS AS PER OPSS 701.07.24 AND CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS SPECIFICATIONS. WATERMAIN IS TO BE TESTED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONNECTION TO EXISTING WATERMAINS USING TEMPORARY CAPS OR PLUGS.

PIPE CLOSURES WHERE REQUIRED, ARE TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO SUPPLY AND INSTALL ALL ADAPTOR PIECES IN ORDER TO CONNECT EXISTING WATERMAINS.

ALL WATER SERVICE CONNECTIONS 25mm DIA. ASTM B88 TYPE 'K' SOFT COPPER WITH SAND BEDDING.

ALL STORM MANHOLES AND CATCHBASINS TO BE PRECAST CONCRETE STRUCTURES MANUFACTURED IN PRE QUALIFIED PLANTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST APPLICABLE ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARD (OPS) DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.	10. ALL SEWER AND CULVERT INSTALLATIONS TO CONFORM WITH OPSD 802.031 TYPE 3 SOIL.	11. ALL STORM MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS TO CONFORM WITH OPSD 401.010 TYPE 'B' OPEN COVER.	1, THAT AND MANIFOLD AND AND THE MENTING OF PHILIPPE AND
ത്	10.	Ë	,

4. 6.	PRIVATE SANITARY DRAINS TO BE 100mmø DR28 PVC PIPE, CSA B182.1 M-1983, RUBBER GASKET JOINT.  BEDDING FOR PRIVATE SANITARY & STORM DRAINS AS PER OPSD 1006.02 TYPE 2 TI WITH CRAMILLAR 'A' BEDDING AND COVER MATERIAL
16.	16. MINIMUM FALL FOR PRIVATE SANITARY & STORM DRAINS TO BE 2.0% 17. EXFILTRATION (INFILTRATION) TESTING AND AIR TESTING OF THE SANITARY SEWER IS T

ELEVATION. WHEN FINAL

ALL VALVE BOXES TO BE SET TO PROPOSED ASPHALT BINDER COURSE (HL4) VALVE BOXES ARE TO BE ADJUSTED TO FINAL SURFACE ASPHALT ELEVATION ASPHALT COURSE IS PLACED.

ALL WATER VALVES TO BE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS APPROVED.
ALL FIRE HYDRANTS TO BE CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS APPROVED. FIRE HYDRAN INSTALLED AS PER CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS SPECIFICATIONS.

£ 4.

ITS TO BE

	BE PERFORMED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
<del>6</del> .	18. SANITARY SEWERS: - MAINLINE SANITARY SEWERS TO BE CSA B182.2 DR35 P.V.C. PIPE
	STORM SEWERS:  - MAINLINE STORM SEWERS UP TO AND INCLUDING 450mmø TO BE CSA B182.2 DR35  P.Y.C. PIPE, OR CSA A257.2 65-D CONCRETE PIPE
	- 525mmø AND LARGER MAINLINE STORM SEWERS TO BE CSA A257.2 65-D CONCRET

ANCHOR BLOCKS FOR WATERMAINS AS PER OPSD 1103.01 AND OPSD 1103.02. JOINT RESTRAINERS WITH A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 1.2m ON EACH SIDE OF 45° BENDS PERMITTED. JOINT RESTRAINERS TO BE MEGA-LUG FOR PVC SERIES 2000PV OR APPROVED EQUAL.

|--|

CATHODIC PROTECTION TO BE PROVIDED AT ALL VALVES, BENDS AND FITTINGS WITH 11.0 KG ZINC ANODES AND ON ALL WATER SERVICE CONNECTIONS WITH 5.5 KG ZINC ANODES.

TRACING WIRES TWU#8 GAUGE TO BE TERMINATED / ACCESSIBLE AT A TEST BOX AT ALL HYDRANTS AND PLACED ALONG TOP OF WATERMAIN AND FASTENED WITH STRAPS AT 6.0m CENTRES. TRACING WIRE SHALL NOT BE LOOPED TO THE SURFACE AT MAINLINE VALVE BOXES.

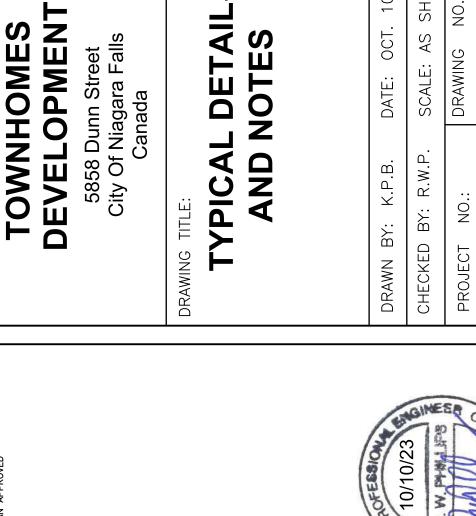
ALL FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL CONFORM TO THE AREA MUNICIPALITY FIRE DEPARTMENT'S REQUIREMENTS. ALL HYDRANTS WITHIN DEVELOPMENT SHALL BE OF LIKE MANUFACTURE.

Dwn.

Version

No. Date

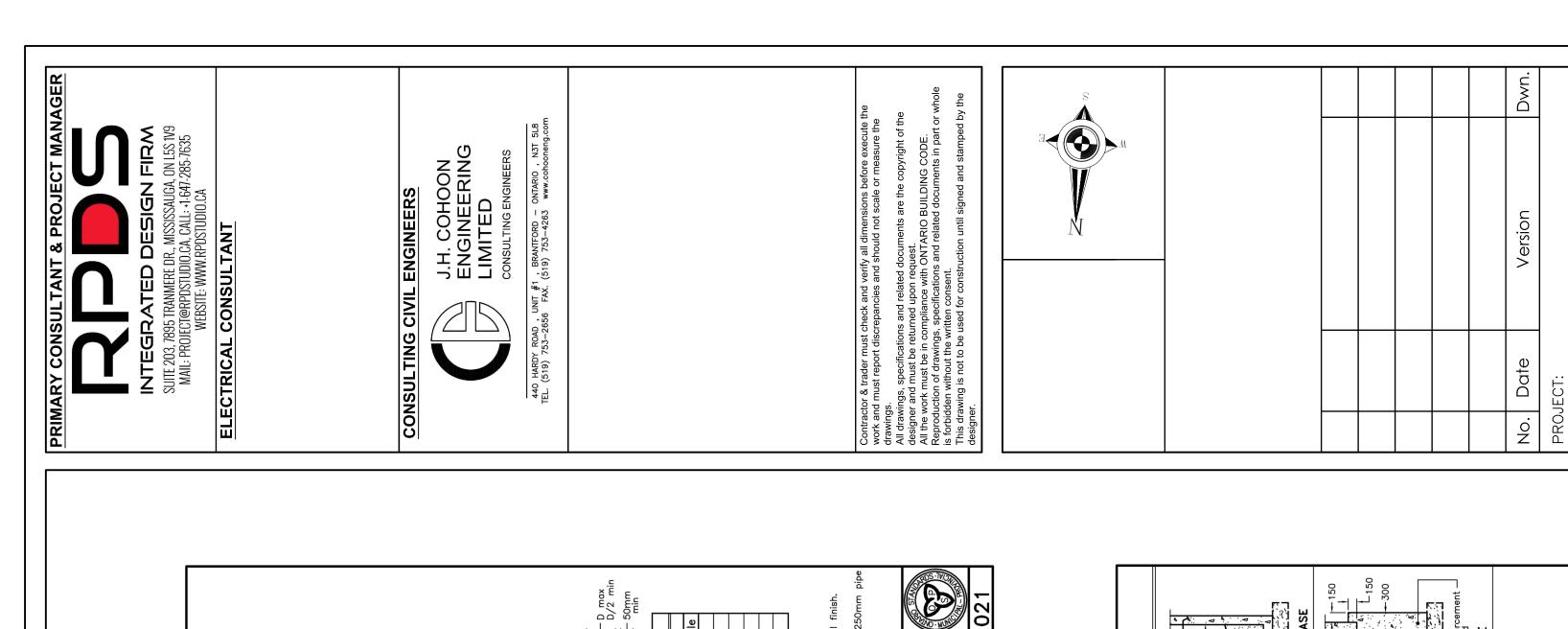
PROJECT:

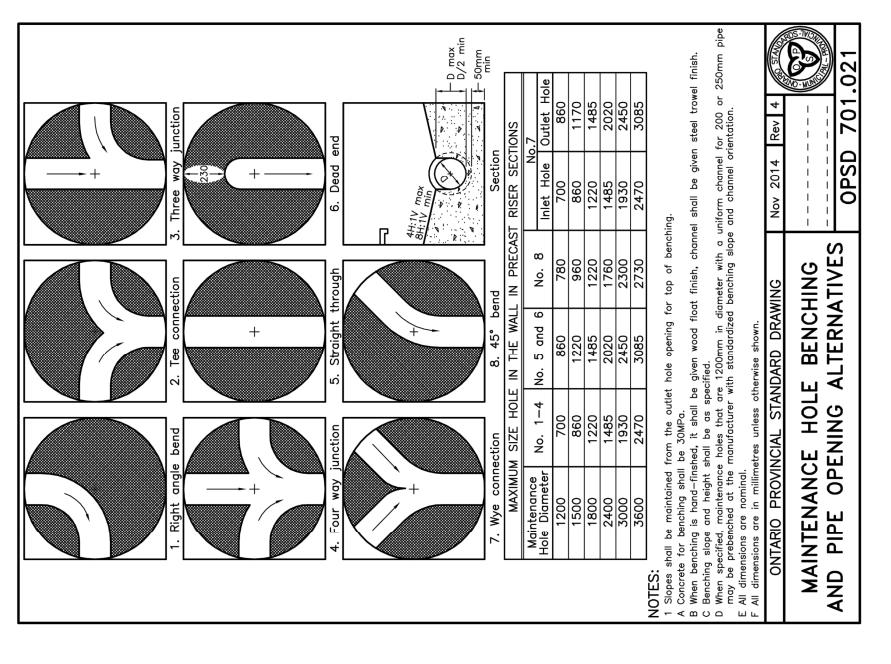


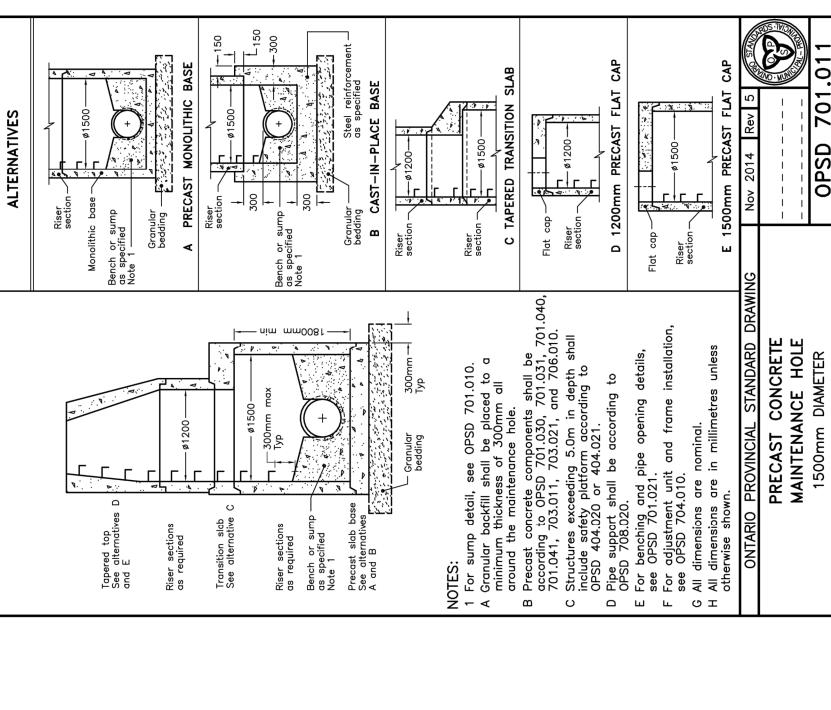
# DATE: OCT. 10/23 TYPICAL DETAILS **AND NOTES** DRAWN BY: K.P.B. CHECKED BY: R.W.P. DRAWING TITLE:

SHOWN	NO.:	.03
SCALE: AS SHOWN	DRAWING	ن
٣.		

16363







DATE: OCT. 10/23

TYPICAL DETAILS

DRAWING TITLE:

**AND NOTES** 

**DEVELOPMENT** 

**TOWNHOMES** 

5858 Dunn Street City Of Niagara Falls Canada

SCALE: AS SHOWN

CHECKED BY: R.W.P.

10/10/2

OPSD

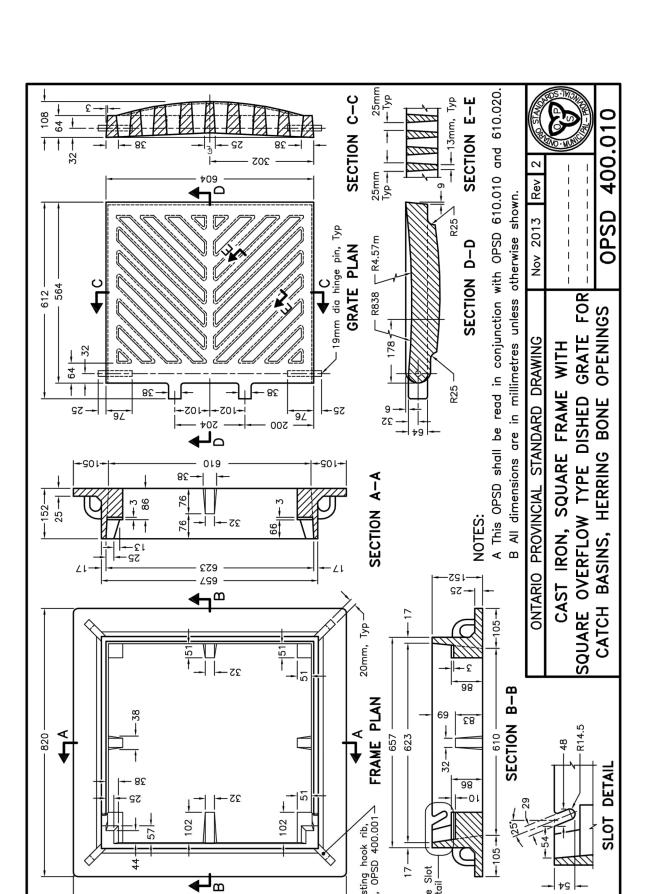
DRAWN BY: K.P.B.

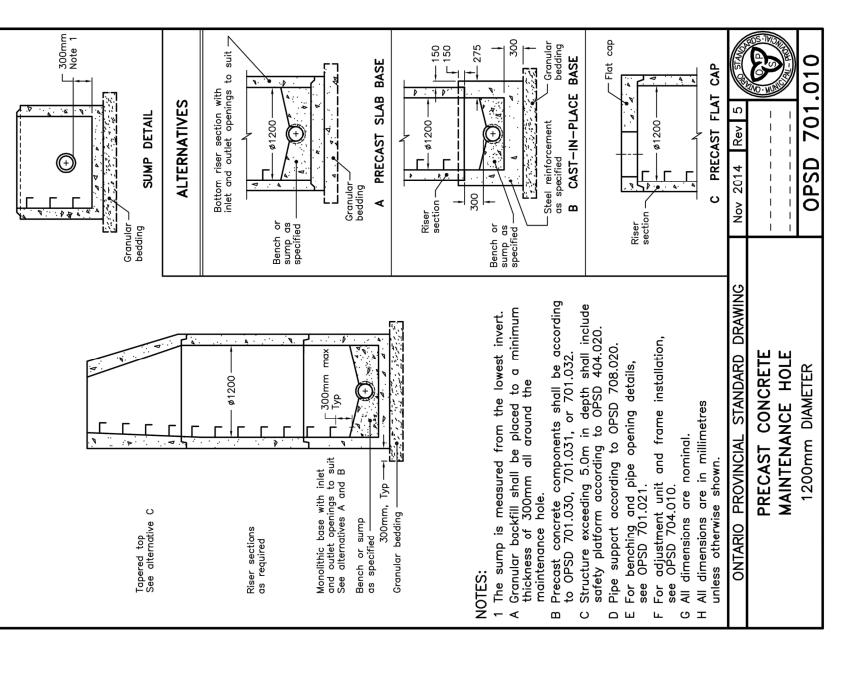
DRAWING

PROJECT NO.:

-04

16363





See Alternate Standard Heights Table 1680mm standard height

dwns wwoog

Typ

Typ

adjustment units shall ding to OPSD 704.010. be according to OPSD 7 nominal.

C Frame,
be inste
D Pipe su
E All dime

s size 5251....
s required.
iameter knockout to acc
Knockout shall be 60mn
inforcing in base slab ar

SECTION

SECTION A-A

OPSD

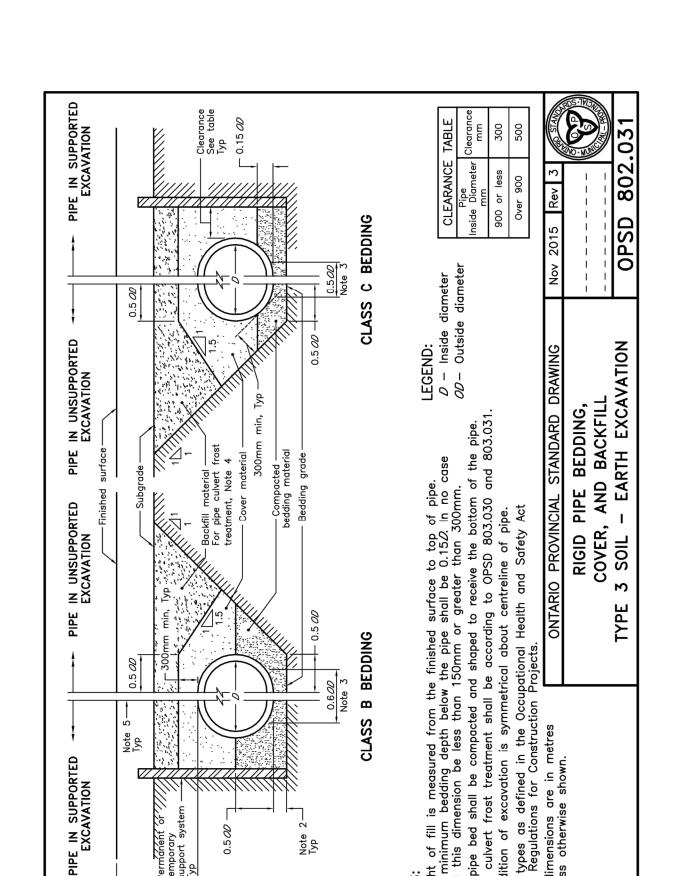
CATCH BASIN

CONCRETE

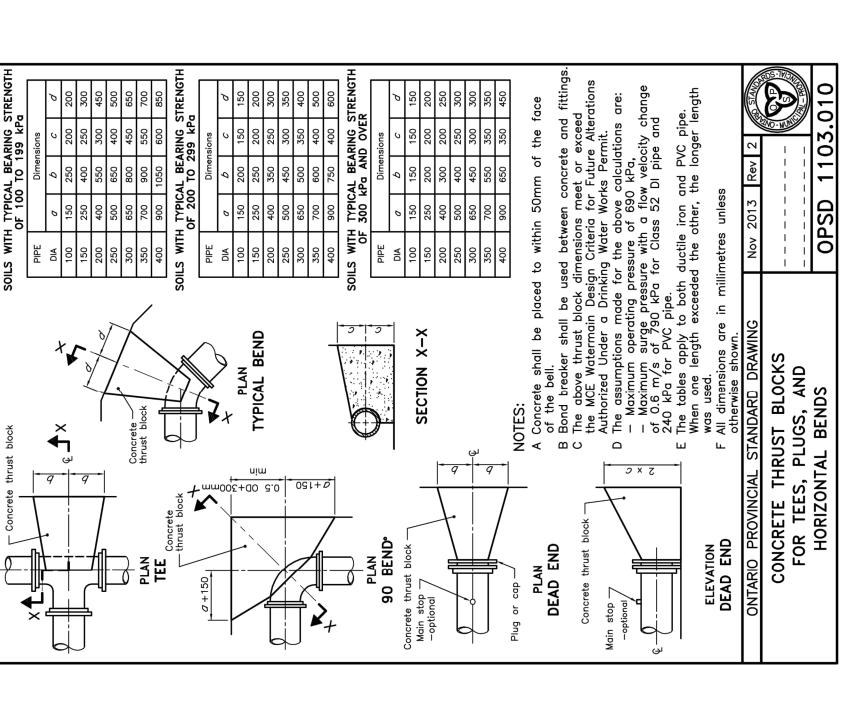
**PRECAST** 

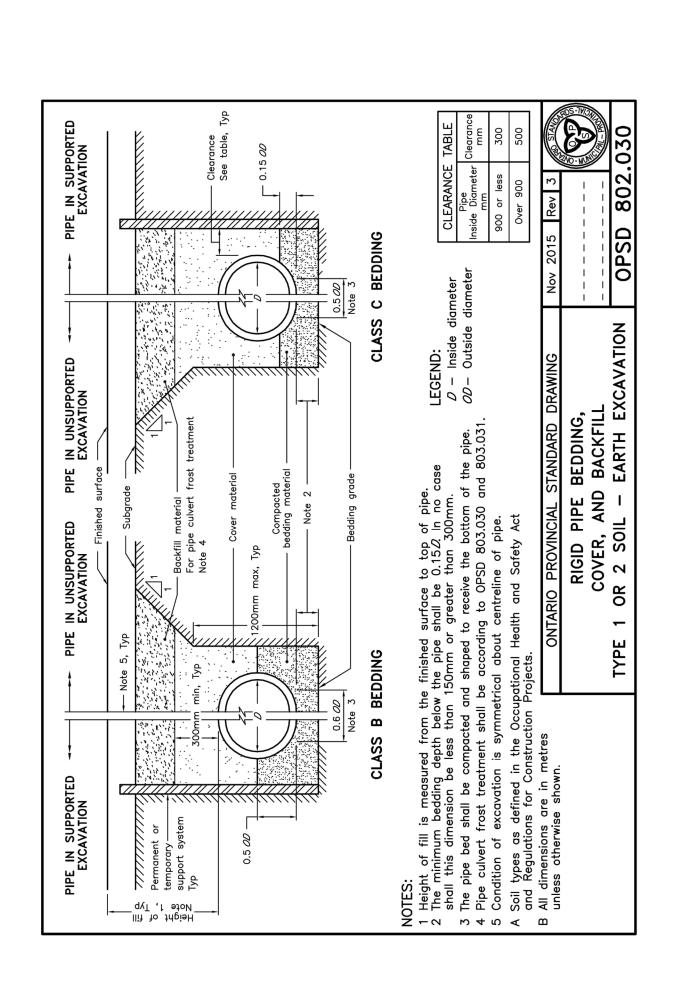
shall be placed to kness of 300mm all

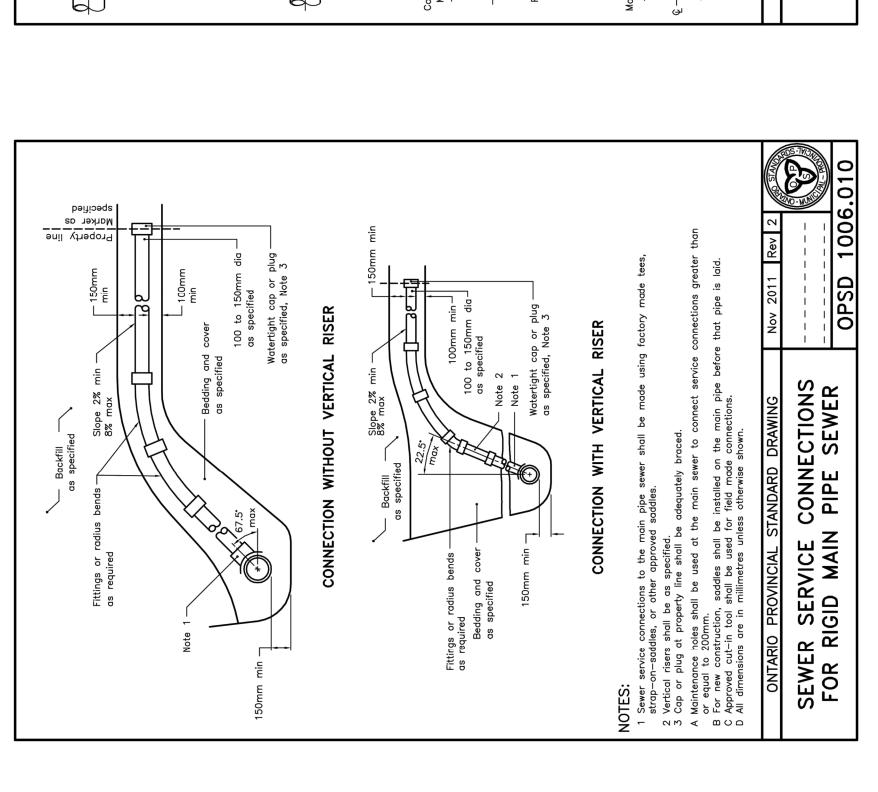
600x600mm

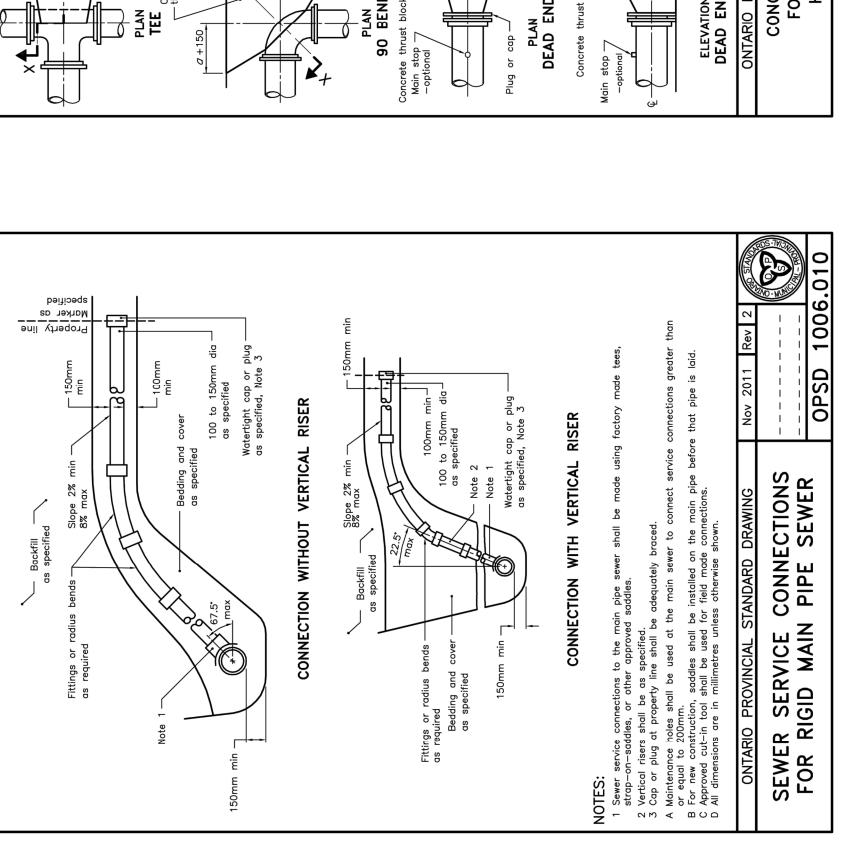


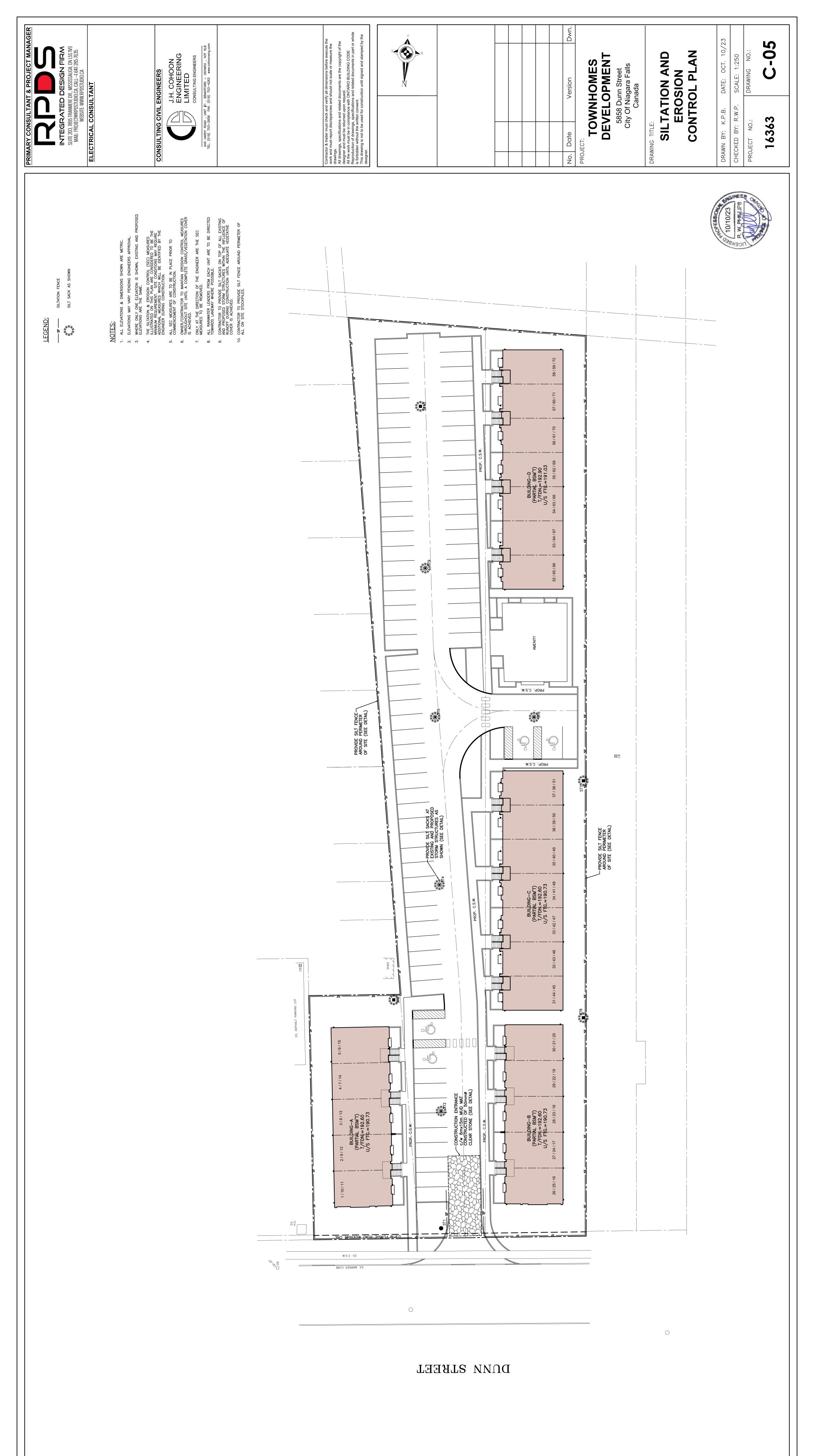
820

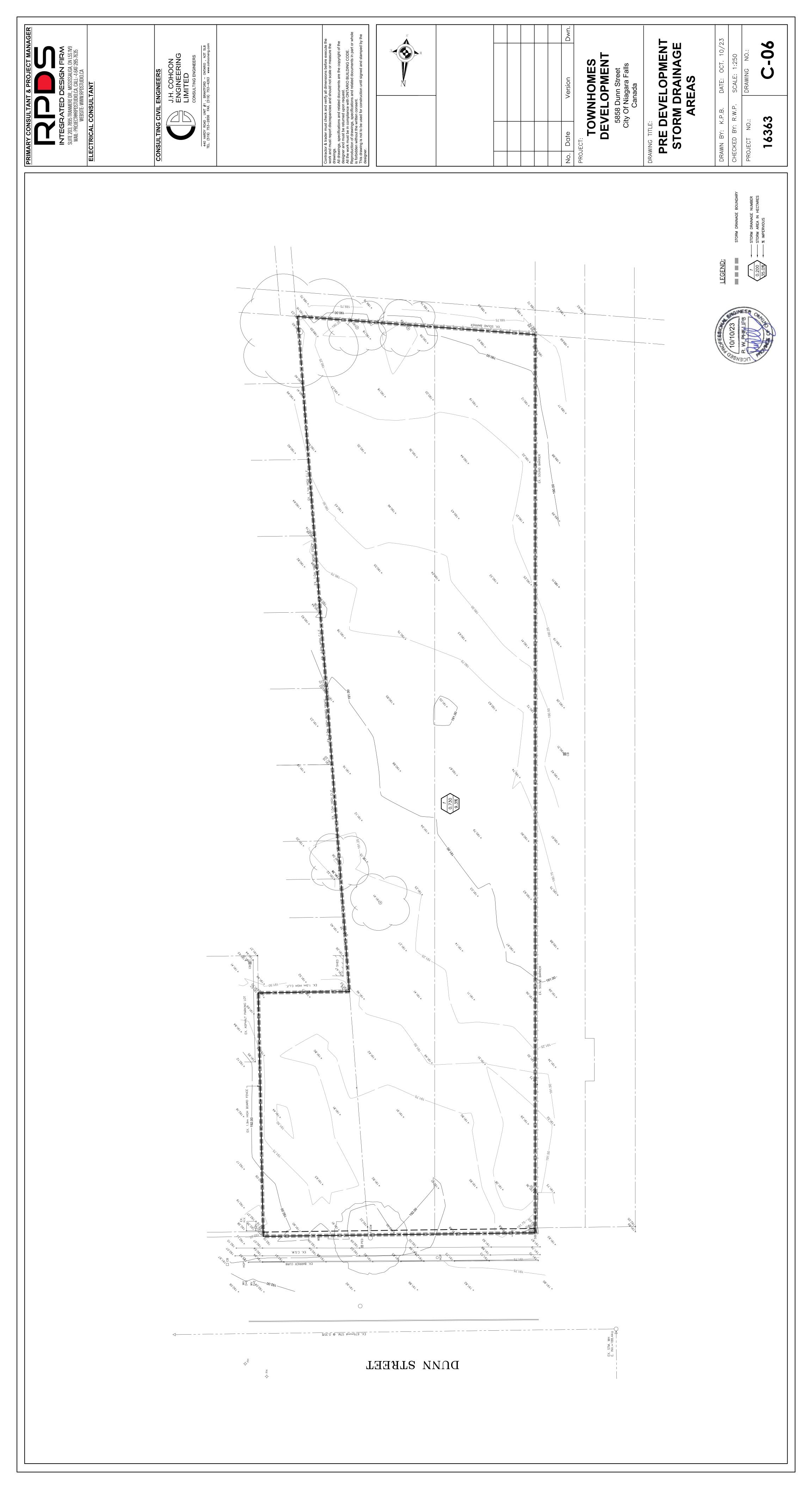


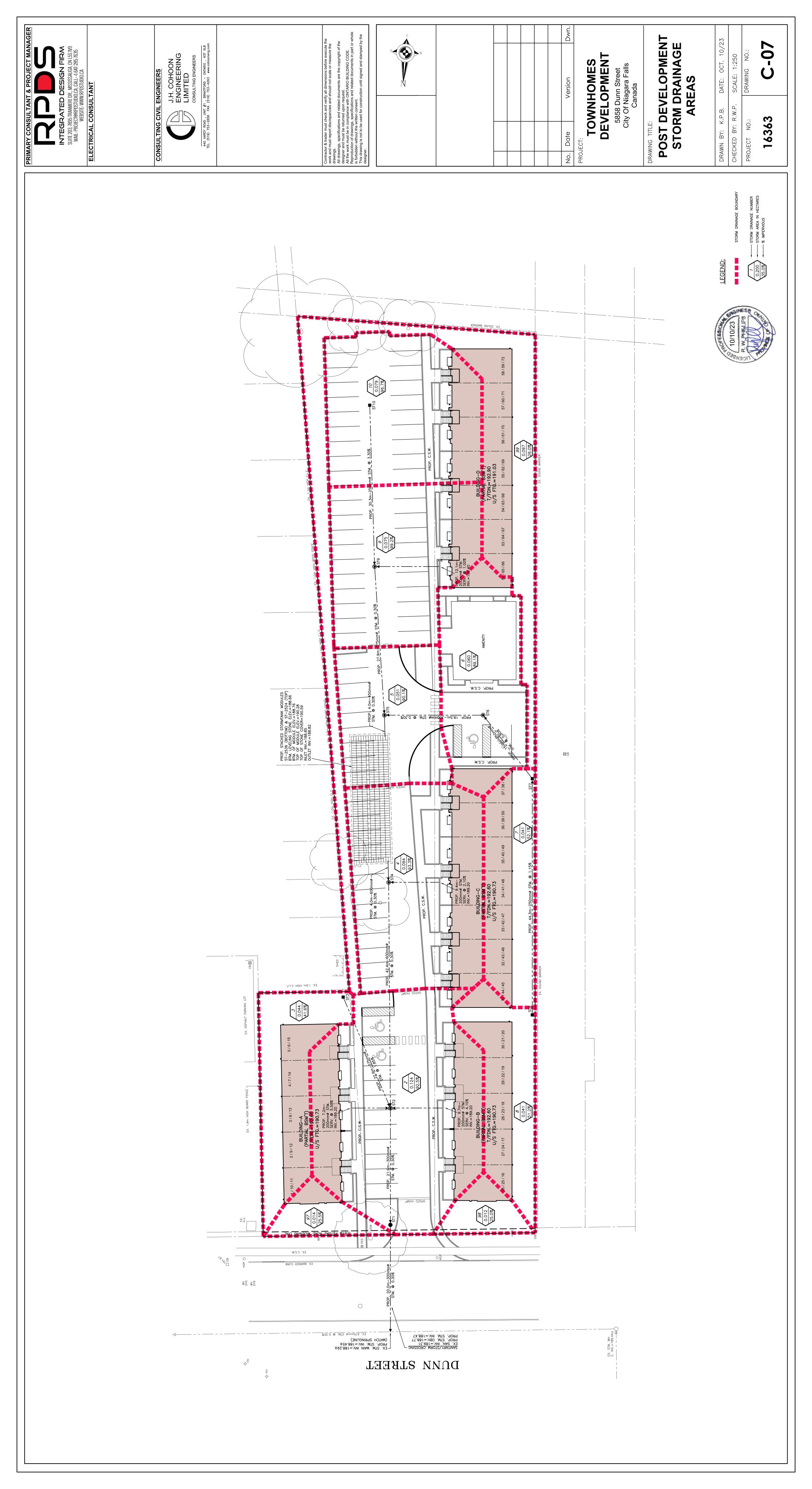


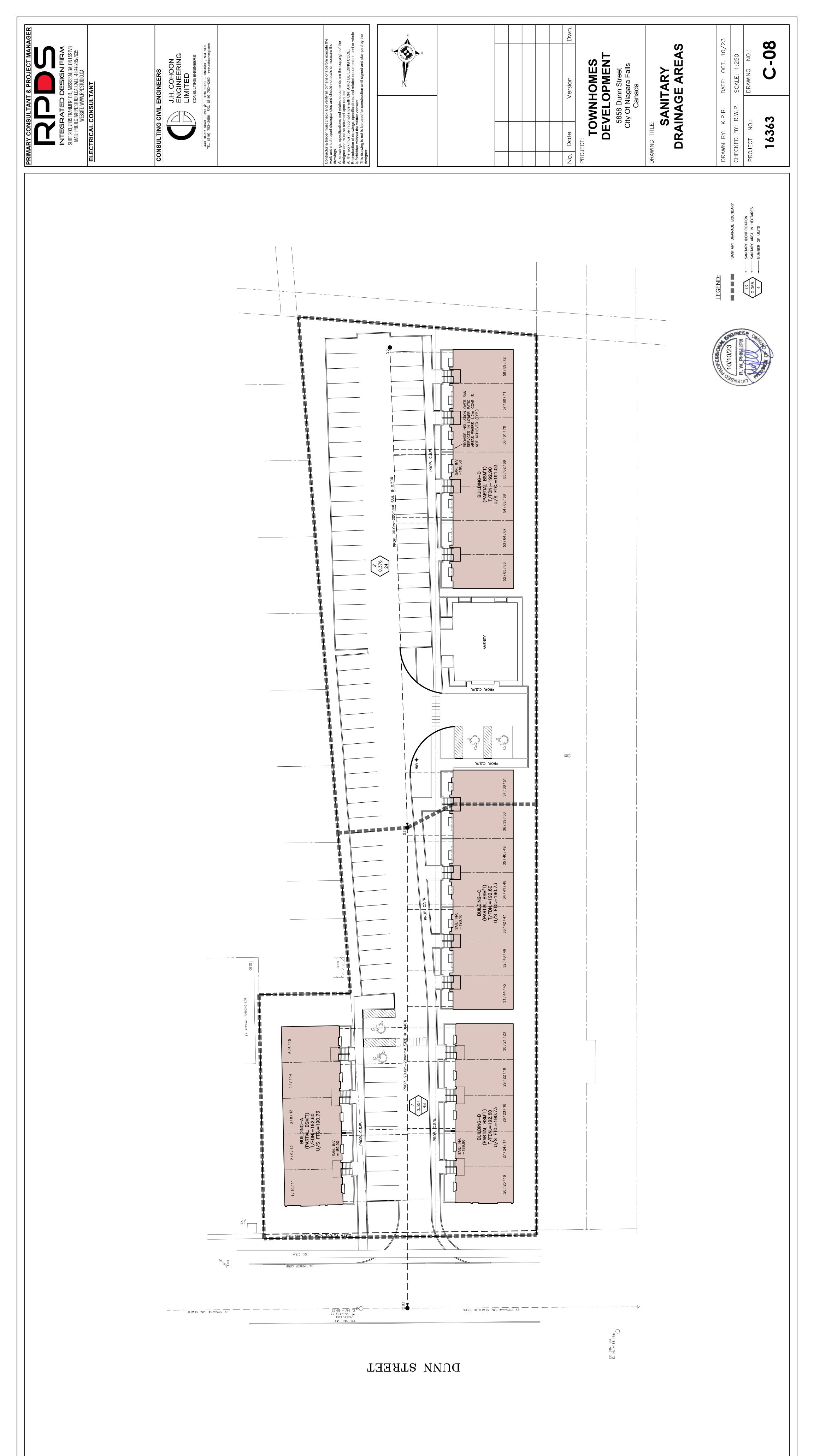












### APPENDIX B: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS

# J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED PRE-DEVELOPMENT CATCHMENTS LAND USE BREAKDOWN

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street
PROJECT #: 16363

DATE: October 10, 2023

Area Description	Runoff Coefficient	Land Use Areas (ha)					
Parks/Open Space	0.20	0.662					
Low Density Residential	0.50						
Medium Density Residential	0.65						
High Density Residential	0.75						
Institutional	0.75						
Industrial	0.75						
Commercial	0.90						
Paved Areas	0.95	0.068					
To	Total Area (ha)						
Composite Runo	ff Coefficient	0.27					

Runoff Coefficient vaules per Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority Stormwater Management Policies and Gudelines

Time of Concentration Calculation Parameters	101
Calculation Method	Airport
Catchment Area (ha)	0.73
Catchment Length (m)	76.71
Slope (%)	2%
Time of Concentration (min)	19.35

# J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED POST-DEVELOPMENT CATCHMENTS LAND USE BREAKDOWN

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street PROJECT #: 16363

DATE: October 10, 2023

### From Post-Development Drainage Plan:

Catchment ID	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	97	98	99
Area	0.124	0.044	0.094	0.051	0.06	0.041	0.041	0.075	0.079	0.014	0.012	0.097
% Impervious	93%	42%	93%	90%	89%	52%	51%	99%	97%	26%	25%	26%

To simplify the analysis, Catchments 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 have been combined and defined as Catchment 201 for the purpose of determining major peak flows and required SWM Controls. Catchments 97 and 98 have been combined and defined as Catchment 202.

Avec Deceription	Runoff				
Area Description	Coefficient	201	202	99	
Parks/Open Space	0.20	0.096	0.019	0.072	
Low Density Residential	0.50				
Medium Density Residential	0.65				
High Density Residential	0.75				
Institutional	0.75				
Industrial	0.75				
Commercial	0.90				
Paved Areas	0.95	0.513	0.007	0.025	
T	0.609	0.026	0.097		
Composite Runo	0.83	0.39	0.40		

Runoff Coefficient vaules per Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority Stormwater Management Policies and Gudelines

# J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED MODIFIED RATIONAL CALCULATION

PROJECT: PROJECT #:

DATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION (O - CIA/2CO)

0.34

0.066

5858 Dunn Street 16363

10-Oct-23

DATE:

### CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS IDF PARAMETERS

DDE DEVELODMENT ANALYSIS

Design Storm	2YR	5YR	10YR	25YR	100YR
A	521.97	719.5	577.93	1020.69	1264.57
В	5.280	6.340	2.483	7.290	7.720
С	0.7588	0.7687	0.669	0.779	0.7814

PRE-DEVELOPMENT ANAL	RATIONAL	RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION (Q = CIA/360)				
Catchment ID:	100		i (mm/hr)	С	Q (m³/s)	
Catchment Area (ha):	0.73	2YR	45.90	0.27	0.025	

Runoff Coefficient: 0.27 5YR 59.35 0.27 0.032 Time of Concentration (min): 19.3 10YR 73.46 0.27 0.040 25YR 79.15 0.30 0.048

### POST-DEVELOPMENT ANALYSIS RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION (Q = CIA/360)

100YR

96.08

Controlled to Dunn	Street		i (mm/hr)	С	Q (m <sup>3</sup> /s)
Catchment ID:	201	2YR	65.94	0.83	0.093
Catchment Area (ha):	0.61	5YR	84.02	0.83	0.118
Runoff Coefficient:	0.83	10YR	106.77	0.83	0.150
Time of Concentration (min):	10	25YR	110.83	0.92	0.172
		100YR	133.78	1.00	0.226

Uncontrolled to Dunn	Street		i (mm/hr)	С	Q (m <sup>3</sup> /s)
Catchment ID:	202	2YR	65.94	0.39	0.002
Catchment Area (ha):	0.03	5YR	84.02	0.39	0.002
Runoff Coefficient:	0.39	10YR	106.77	0.39	0.003
Time of Concentration (min):	10	25YR	110.83	0.43	0.003
		100YR	133 78	0.49	0.005

Uncontrolled to Sou	th P/L		i (mm/hr)	С	Q (m <sup>3</sup> /s)
Catchment ID:	203	2YR	65.94	0.40	0.007
Catchment Area (ha):	0.10	5YR	84.02	0.40	0.009
Runoff Coefficient:	0.40	10YR	106.77	0.40	0.011
Time of Concentration (min):	10	25YR	110.83	0.43	0.013
		100YR	133.78	0.49	0.018

### **PEAK RUNOFF RATE SUMMARY**

Storm	$Q_{EXISTING}$	Q <sub>NO CONTROLS</sub>	QUNCONTROLLED	Q <sub>CONTROLLED</sub>	$Q_{TOTAL}$	
2YR	0.025	0.102	0.009	0.016	0.025	m³/s
5YR	0.032	0.130	0.011	0.019	0.030	m³/s
10YR	0.040	0.165	0.014	0.022	0.036	m³/s
25YR	0.048	0.188	0.016	0.023	0.039	m³/s
100YR	0.066	0.249	0.023	0.027	0.050	m³/s

# REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUMES (m<sup>3</sup>) - MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION $(V_n = Q_n \times D - Q_n \times ((D + Tc)/2))$

(-b ~b	~ ~ ~ (1-	· • /· = /			
Dur (min)	2YR	5YR	10YR	25YR	100YR
60	77.4	106.2	138.8	165.9	228.4
70	77.8	107.5	142.7	169.1	233.8
80	77.6	108.0	145.6	171.0	237.5
90	76.9	107.8	147.6	172.0	239.9
100	75.9	107.1	149.1	172.2	241.3
110	74.5	106.1	150.0	171.8	241.8
120	72.9	104.6	150.5	170.9	241.6
130	71.1	102.9	150.5	169.5	240.8
140	69.0	101.0	150.3	167.8	239.6

### J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED SWM FACILITY VOLUME TABLES

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls

PROJECT #: 16363 DATE: 10-Oct-23

### STORMTANK MODULE ST-36 & ST-24

Leveling Stone Bottom Elev (m)	188.6500	Outlet Elevation (m)	188.82
ST-36 Module Invert (m)	188.7560	Clear Stone Void Ratio	0.40
Top of ST-36 Module Elev (m)	189.6700	ST-36 Module Void Ratio	0.97
ST-24 Module Invert (m)	189.6700	ST-24 Module Void Ratio	0.96
Top of ST-24 Module Elev (m)	190.2800	Stone Area (m²)	182.800
Top of Stone Backfill (m)	190.5848	Module Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	163.463

### STORM SEWERS

ID	TANK-ST4	ST4-ST2				
DIA. (m)	0.600	0.600				
U/S INV	188.82	188.79				
D/S INV	188.81	188.66				
AVG INV	188.82	188.73				
Length (m)	4.0	42.4				

### **STRUCTURES**

ID	ST4	ST2
T/G	191.90	191.90
INV	188.79	188.64
DIA. (m)	1.5	1.5
Area (m²)	1.77	1.77

			STOR	MTANK MOD	ULE ST-36 &	ST-24			SEWER & STRUCTURES			
Elevation	Depth	Stone Area	Module Area	Incremental Stone Vol.	Incremental Module Vol.	Accum. Stone Vol.	Accum. Module Vol.	TANK-ST4	ST4-ST2	ST4	ST2	
m	m	m <sup>2</sup>	$m^2$	m³	m³	$m^3$	m³	m³	m³	$m^3$	m³	
188.64	0.00	182.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
188.76	0.12	182.80	163.46	8.48	0.00	8.48	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00	0.20	
188.82	0.18	19.34	163.46	0.50	10.15	8.98	10.15	0.01	1.25	0.05	0.32	
188.92	0.28	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	9.75	26.00	0.22	4.26	0.23	0.49	
189.02	0.38	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	10.52	41.86	0.48	7.36	0.41	0.67	
189.12	0.48	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	11.30	57.72	0.72	9.86	0.58	0.85	
189.22	0.58	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	12.07	73.57	0.83	10.81	0.76	1.02	
189.32	0.68	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	12.84	89.43	3 1.01 11		0.94	1.20	
189.42	0.78	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	13.62	105.28	1.13	11.99	1.11	1.38	
189.52	0.88	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	14.39	121.14	1.13	11.99	1.29	1.56	
189.62	0.98	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	15.16	137.00	1.13	11.99	1.47	1.73	
189.67	1.03	19.34	163.46	0.39	7.93	15.55	144.92	1.13	11.99	1.56	1.82	
189.72	1.08	19.34	163.46	0.39	7.85	15.94	152.77	1.13	11.99	1.64	1.91	
189.82	1.18	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	16.71	168.46	1.13	11.99	1.82	2.09	
189.92	1.28	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	17.49	184.15	1.13	11.99	2.00	2.26	
190.02	1.38	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	18.26	199.85	1.13	11.99	2.17	2.44	
190.12	1.48	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	19.03	215.54	1.13	11.99	2.35	2.62	
190.22	1.58	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	19.81	231.23	1.13	11.99	2.53	2.79	
190.28	1.64	19.34	163.46	0.46	9.42	20.27	240.65	1.13	11.99	2.63	2.90	
190.38	1.74	182.80	0.00	7.31	0.00	27.58	240.65	1.13	11.99	2.81	3.07	
190.48	1.84	182.80	0.00	7.31	0.00	34.89	240.65	1.13	11.99	2.99	3.25	
190.58	1.94	182.80	0.00	7.66	0.00	42.56	240.65	1.13	11.99	3.17	3.44	

**ACTIVE** STORAGE  $m^3$ 0.00 0.61 1.62 21.06 40.64 59.58 76.86 94.41 110.75 126.96 143.17 151.27 159.29 175.34 191.38 207.43 223.48 239.52 249.15 249.50 249.86 250.23

TOTAL

Note: Total Active Storage Volume does not include stone storage to be conservative.

# J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED SWM FACILITY DISCHARGE TABLE

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls

PROJECT #: 16363 DATE: 10-Oct-23

OUTLET #1 100 mm Orifice Plate											
Diameter =	100	mm									
Area =	0.008	$m^2$									
Orifice C =	0.63										
Invert =	188.64	m									

Orifice Equation
Q = C x A x (2gH)^0.5

where

Q = flow rate  $(m^3/s)$ 

C = constant

A = area of opening  $(m^2)$ 

H = net head on the orifice

g = acceleration due to gravity  $(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)$ 

Elevation	OUT	LET #1	TOTAL			
	Head	Discharge	DISCHARGE			
m	m	m³/s	m³/s			
188.64	0.00	0.0000	0.0000			
188.76	0.07	0.0056	0.0056			
188.82	0.13	0.0079	0.0079			
188.92	0.23	0.0105	0.0105			
189.02	0.33	0.0126	0.0126			
189.12	0.43	0.0144	0.0144			
189.22	0.53	0.0160	0.0160			
189.32	0.63	0.0174	0.0174			
189.42	0.73	0.0187	0.0187			
189.52	0.83	0.0200	0.0200			
189.62	0.93	0.0211	0.0211			
189.72	1.03	0.0222	0.0222			
189.82	1.13	0.0233	0.0233			
189.92	1.23	0.0243	0.0243			
190.02	1.33	0.0253	0.0253			
190.12	1.43	0.0262	0.0262			
190.22	1.53	0.0271	0.0271			
190.28	1.59	0.0276	0.0276			
190.38	1.69	0.0285	0.0285			
190.48	1.79	0.0293	0.0293			
190.58	1.89	0.0302	0.0302			

# J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED SWM FACILITY SUMMARY TABLES

### STAGE STORAGE DISCHARGE TABLE

Elevation	Active Depth	Total Discharge	Active Storage Volume			
m	m	m³/s	m³			
188.64	0.00	0.0000	0.00			
188.76	0.12	0.0056	0.61			
188.82	0.18	0.0079	1.62			
188.92	0.28	0.0105	21.06			
189.02	0.38	0.0126	40.64			
189.12	0.48	0.0144	59.58			
189.22	0.58	0.0160	76.86			
189.32	0.68	0.68 0.0174				
189.42	0.78	0.0187	110.75			
189.52	0.88	0.0200	126.96			
189.62	0.98	0.0211	143.17			
189.72	1.08	0.0222	159.29			
189.82	1.18	0.0233	175.34			
189.92	1.28	0.0243	191.38			
190.02	1.38	0.0253	207.43			
190.12	1.48	0.0262	223.48			
190.22	1.58	0.0271	239.52			
190.28	1.64	0.0276	249.15			
190.38	1.74	0.0285	249.50			
190.48	1.84	0.0293	249.86			
190.58	1.94	0.0302	250.23			

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls

PROJECT #: 16363 DATE: 10-Oct-23

### **SWMF OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Storm Event	Peak Flow	Storage Provided	Elevation
Lvent	m³/s	m³	m
2-year	0.016	77.8	189.23
5-year	0.019	108.0	189.40
10-year	0.022	150.5	189.67
25-year	0.023	172.2	189.80
100-year	0.027	241.8	190.23

### J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

**PROJECT:** 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls

**PROJECT #**: 16363

**DATE:** October 10, 2023

Municipality

City of Niagara Falls

Runoff Coefficient Adjustment

Runon Co	emcient Ad	ıjustm
Year	Adj. F	actor
10	1	
25	1.1	
50	1.2	
100	1.25	

Manning's Coefficient
Pipe Value

Time of Co	oncentratio	n
PVC	0.013	
Concrete	0.013	
CSP	0.024	
Pipe	Value	

10 mins

**IDF Curve Coefficients** 

Year	Α	В	С						
2	521.970	5.280	0.759						
5	719.500	6.340	0.769						
10	577.930	2.483	0.669						
25	1020.690	7.290	0.779						
50									
100	1264.570	7.720	0.781						

Rainfall Intensity:  $i = \frac{A}{(tc+B)^C}$ 

Peak Flow:  $Q = \frac{CiA}{360}$ 

STREET NAME	AREA ID	FROM MAINTENANCE HOLE	TO MAINTENANCE HOLE	AREA (ha)	5-YEAR RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	DESIGN STORM (YEAR)	ADJUSTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	AREA × RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	CUMULATIVE AREA (ha)	CUMULATIVE AREA x ADJUSTED RUNOFF COEFICIENT	TIME OF CONCENTRATIO N (min)	RAINFALL INTENSITY (mm/hr)	PEAK FLOW (m³/s)	MANNING'S ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT	SEWER LENGTH (m)	SEWER SLOPE (%)	ACTUAL SEWER DIAMETER (mm)	FULL FLOW VELOCITY (m/s)	FULL FLOW CAPACITY (m³/s)	ACTUAL VELOCITY (m/s)	TRAVEL TIME (min)	CALCULATED PIPE DIAMETER (mm)	PERCENTAGE OF FULL FLOW CAPACITY (%)	TOTAL TRAVEL TIME (min)
5858 Dunn Street	10	ST10	ST9	0.08	0.93	100	1.00	0.08	0.079	0.08	10.00	133.78	0.029	0.013	30.3	3.3%	250	2.20	0.108	1.76	0.29	153	27%	10.29
5858 Dunn Street	9	ST9	ST5	0.08	0.94	100	1.00	0.08	0.15	0.15	10.29	132.11	0.057	0.013	27.9	0.3%	375	0.87	0.096	0.85	0.55	307	59%	10.84
																								<b></b>
5858 Dunn Street	8	ST8	ST7	0.04	0.58	100	0.73	0.03	0.04	0.03	10.00	133.78	0.011	0.013	44.3	1.2%	250	1.30	0.064	0.91	0.81	129	17%	10.81
5858 Dunn Street	7	ST7	ST6	0.04	0.59	100	0.74	0.03	0.08	0.06	10.81	129.20	0.022	0.013	15.0	0.3%	250	0.70	0.034	0.69	0.36	210	63%	11.17
5858 Dunn Street	6	ST6	ST5	0.06	0.87	100	1.00	0.06	0.14	0.12	11.17	127.25	0.042	0.013	18.5	0.3%	300	0.75	0.053	0.75	0.41	276	80%	11.58
5858 Dunn Street	5	ST5	TANK	0.05	0.88	100	1.00	0.05	0.35	0.32	10.84	129.04	0.116	0.013	4.0	0.3%	450	0.98	0.156	0.98	0.07	403	75%	10.91
5859 Dunn Street	N/A	TANK	ST4	0.00	0.95	100	1.00	0.00	0.35	0.33	10.91	128.67	0.116	0.013	4.0	0.3%	600	1.19	0.336	1.00	0.07	403	35%	10.97
5858 Dunn Street	4	ST4	ST3	0.09	0.90	100	1.00	0.09	0.44	0.42	10.97	128.31	0.149	0.013	42.4	0.3%	600	1.19	0.336	1.07	0.66	442	44%	11.63
5858 Dunn Street	3	ST3	ST2	0.04	0.51	100	0.64	0.03	0.49	0.45	11.63	124.89	0.155	0.013	22.6	1.9%	375	2.16	0.238	2.16	0.17	319	65%	11.80
5858 Dunn Street	2	ST2	ST1	0.12	0.89	100	1.00	0.12	0.61	0.57	11.80	124.02	0.197											

Note: All Storm pipes upstream of ST2 have been sized to collect and convey the 100-year storm event in order to provide SWM Controls for the subject site. Maintenance hole structure ST2 is fitted with a 100 mm dia. orifice plate to control peak flow rates to pre-development levels.

### **Channel Report**

Known Q (cms)

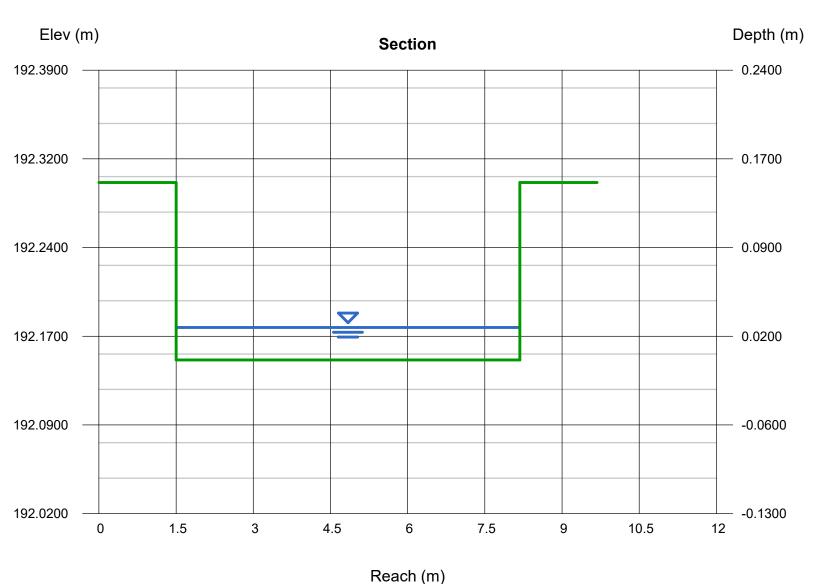
Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 10 2023

### 16363 - Overland Flow at Dunn Street Driveway Entrance

= 0.2260

Rectangular		Highlighted	
Bottom Width (m)	= 6.6800	Depth (m)	= 0.0274
Total Depth (m)	= 0.1500	Q (cms)	= 0.226
, , ,		Area (sqm)	= 0.1832
Invert Elev (m)	= 192.1500	Velocity (m/s)	= 1.2333
Slope (%)	= 3.4000	Wetted Perim (m)	= 6.7349
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (m)	= 0.0518
		Top Width (m)	= 6.6800
Calculations		EGL (m)	= 0.1050
Compute by:	Known Q		



### APPENDIX C: OIL AND GRIT SEPARATOR SIZING





# Imbrium® Systems ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SEDIMENT (TSS) LOAD REDUCTION

10/05/2023

Province:	Ontario			
City:	City of Niagara Falls			
Nearest Rainfall Station:	ST CATHARINES AP			
Climate Station Id:	6137287			
Years of Rainfall Data:	33			
	-			

Site Name: 5858 Dunn Street

Drainage Area (ha): 0.61
Runoff Coefficient 'c': 0.83

Particle Size Distribution:	CA ETV		
Target TSS Removal (%):	60.0		

Required Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%):	90.00
Estimated Water Quality Flow Rate (L/s):	15.74
Oil / Fuel Spill Risk Site?	Yes
Upstream Flow Control?	Yes
Upstream Orifice Control Flow Rate to Stormceptor (L/s):	31.00
Peak Conveyance (maximum) Flow Rate (L/s):	31.00
Influent TSS Concentration (mg/L):	200
Estimated Average Annual Sediment Load (kg/yr):	453
Estimated Average Annual Sediment Volume (L/yr):	369

Project Name:	5858 Dunn Street
Project Number:	16363
Designer Name:	Nicole Foris
Designer Company:	J.H. Cohoon Engineering Limited
Designer Email:	nforis@cohooneng.com
Designer Phone:	519-753-2656
EOR Name:	
EOR Company:	
EOR Email:	
EOR Phone:	

Net Annual Sediment
(TSS) Load Reduction
<b>Sizing Summary</b>
•

Stormceptor Model	TSS Removal Provided (%)				
EFO4	55				
EFO6	62				
EFO8	65				
EFO10	68				
EFO12	69				

Recommended Stormceptor EFO Model: EFO6

Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction (%): 62

Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%):

**> 90** 





### THIRD-PARTY TESTING AND VERIFICATION

► Stormceptor® EF and Stormceptor® EFO are the latest evolutions in the Stormceptor® oil-grit separator (OGS) technology series, and are designed to remove a wide variety of pollutants from stormwater and snowmelt runoff. These technologies have been third-party tested in accordance with the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators and performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) protocol.

### **PERFORMANCE**

▶ Stormceptor® EF and EFO remove stormwater pollutants through gravity separation and floatation, and feature a patent-pending design that generates positive removal of total suspended solids (TSS) throughout each storm event, including high-intensity storms. Captured pollutants include sediment, free oils, and sediment-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Stormceptor is sized to remove a high level of TSS from the frequent rainfall events that contribute the vast majority of annual runoff volume and pollutant load. The technology incorporates an internal bypass to convey excessive stormwater flows from high-intensity storms through the device without resuspension and washout (scour) of previously captured pollutants. Proper routine maintenance ensures high pollutant removal performance and protection of downstream waterways.

### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)

► The Canadian ETV PSD shown in the table below was used, or in part, for this sizing. This is the identical PSD that is referenced in the Canadian ETV *Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators* for both sediment removal testing and scour testing. The Canadian ETV PSD contains a wide range of particle sizes in the sand and silt fractions, and is considered reasonably representative of the particle size fractions found in typical urban stormwater runoff.

Particle	Percent Less	Particle Size	Davaant		
Size (µm)	Than	Fraction (µm)	Percent		
1000	100	500-1000	5		
500	95	250-500	5		
250	90	150-250	15		
150	75	100-150	15		
100	60	75-100	10		
75	50	50-75	5		
50	45	20-50	10		
20	35	8-20	15		
8	20	5-8	10		
5	10	2-5	5		
2	5	<2	5		





### **Upstream Flow Controlled Results**

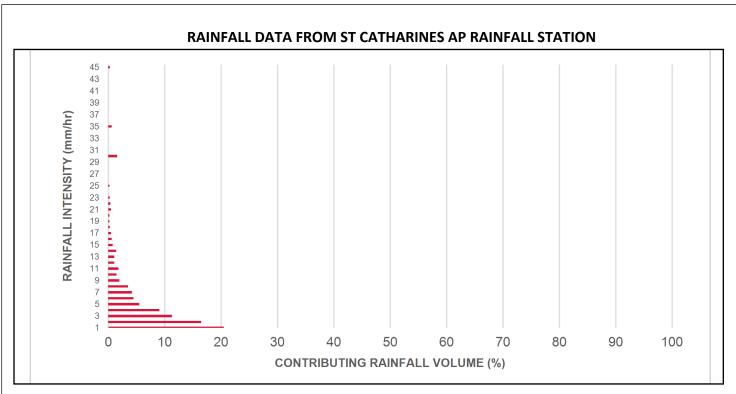
Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr)	Percent Rainfall Volume (%)	Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%)	Flow Rate (L/s)	Flow Rate (L/min)	Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m²)	Removal Efficiency (%)	Incremental Removal (%)	Cumulative Removal (%)	
0.50	9.2	9.2	0.70	42.0	16.0	70	6.5	6.5	
1.00	20.5 29.7		1.41	84.0	32.0	70	14.4	20.9	
2.00	16.5	46.2	2.82	169.0	64.0	67	11.1	32.0	
3.00	11.3	57.5	4.22	253.0	96.0	63	7.2	39.2	
4.00	9.1	66.7	5.63	338.0	128.0	61	5.5	44.7	
5.00	5.5	72.2	7.04	422.0	161.0	57	3.2	47.8	
6.00	4.5	76.7	8.45	507.0	193.0	55	2.5	50.3	
7.00	4.2	80.9	9.85	591.0	225.0	53	2.3	52.6	
8.00	3.5	84.4	11.26	676.0	257.0	53	1.8	54.4	
9.00	2.0	86.5	12.67	760.0	289.0	52	1.1	55.5	
10.00	1.5	88.0	14.08	845.0	321.0	50	0.7	56.2	
11.00	1.8	89.8	15.48	929.0	353.0	50	0.9	57.1	
12.00	1.1	90.9	16.89	1013.0	385.0	49	0.5	57.7	
13.00	1.1	92.0	18.30	1098.0	417.0	48	0.5	58.2	
14.00	1.4	93.4	19.71	1182.0	450.0	47	0.7	58.9	
15.00	15.00 0.8		21.11	1267.0	482.0	46	0.4	59.2	
16.00	0.6	94.8	22.52	1351.0	514.0	45	0.3	59.5	
17.00	0.5	95.3	23.93	1436.0	546.0	44	0.2	59.7	
18.00	0.3	95.6	25.34	1520.0	578.0	43	0.1	59.9	
19.00	0.2	95.9	26.74	1605.0	610.0	42	0.1	59.9	
20.00	0.2	96.1	28.15	1689.0	642.0	42	0.1	60.0	
21.00	0.5	96.6	29.56	1773.0	674.0	42	0.2	60.3	
22.00	3.4	100.0	30.97	1858.0	706.0	42	1.4	61.7	
23.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7	
24.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7	
25.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7	
30.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7	
35.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7	
40.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7	
45.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7	
Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction =									

Climate Station ID: 6137287 Years of Rainfall Data: 33

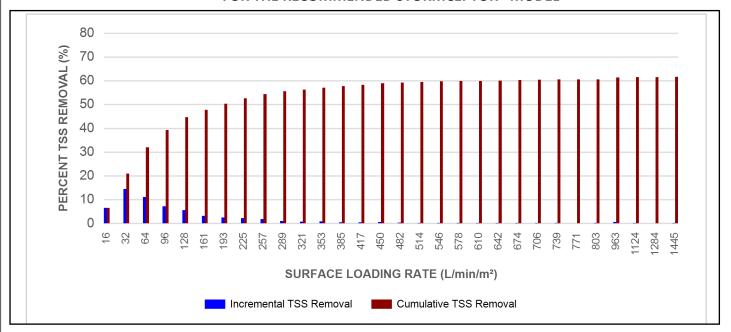








# INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE TSS REMOVAL FOR THE RECOMMENDED STORMCEPTOR® MODEL







### **Maximum Pipe Diameter / Peak Conveyance**

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Model Diameter		el Diameter I 🧸 🧻 i I		et Pipe eter	Max Outlet Pipe Diameter		Peak Conveyance Flow Rate	
	(m) (ft)			(mm)	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(L/s)	(cfs)		
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	90	609	24	609	24	425	15		
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	90	914	36	914	36	990	35		
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	90	1219	48	1219	48	1700	60		
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100		
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100		

### SCOUR PREVENTION AND ONLINE CONFIGURATION

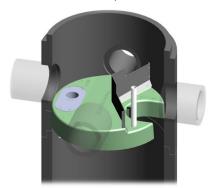
► Stormceptor® EF and EFO feature an internal bypass and superior scour prevention technology that have been demonstrated in third-party testing according to the scour testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, and the exceptional scour test performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 ETV protocol. As a result, Stormceptor EF and EFO are approved for online installation, eliminating the need for costly additional bypass structures, piping, and installation expense.

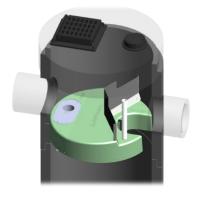
### **DESIGN FLEXIBILITY**

► Stormceptor® EF and EFO offers design flexibility in one simplified platform, accepting stormwater flow from a single inlet pipe or multiple inlet pipes, and/or surface runoff through an inlet grate. The device can also serve as a junction structure, accommodate a 90-degree inlet-to-outlet bend angle, and can be modified to ensure performance in submerged conditions.

### OIL CAPTURE AND RETENTION

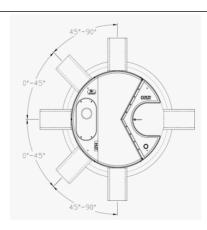
► While Stormceptor® EF will capture and retain oil from dry weather spills and low intensity runoff, **Stormceptor® EFO** has demonstrated superior oil capture and greater than 99% oil retention in third-party testing according to the light liquid reentrainment testing provisions of the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**. Stormceptor EFO is recommended for sites where oil capture and retention is a requirement.











### **INLET-TO-OUTLET DROP**

Elevation differential between inlet and outlet pipe inverts is dictated by the angle at which the inlet pipe(s) enters the unit.

0° - 45°: The inlet pipe is 1-inch (25mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

45° - 90°: The inlet pipe is 2-inches (50mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

### **HEAD LOSS**

The head loss through Stormceptor EF is similar to that of a 60-degree bend structure. The applicable K value for calculating minor losses through the unit is 1.1. For submerged conditions the applicable K value is 3.0.

### **Pollutant Capacity**

Stormceptor EF / EFO	•		Depth Pipe In Sump		Oil Volume		Recommended Sediment Maintenance Depth *		Maximum Sediment Volume *		Maximum Sediment Mass **	
	(m)	(ft)	(m)	(ft)	(L)	(Gal)	(mm)	(in)	(L)	(ft³)	(kg)	(lb)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	1.52	5.0	265	70	203	8	1190	42	1904	5250
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	1.93	6.3	610	160	305	12	3470	123	5552	15375
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	2.59	8.5	1070	280	610	24	8780	310	14048	38750
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	3.25	10.7	1670	440	610	24	17790	628	28464	78500
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	3.89	12.8	2475	655	610	24	31220	1103	49952	137875

<sup>\*</sup>Increased sump depth may be added to increase sediment storage capacity

\*\* Average density of wet packed sediment in sump = 1.6 kg/L (100 lb/ft³)

### STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO DRAWINGS

Easy maintenance access from grade

For standard details, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef

### STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO SPECIFICATION

For specifications, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef



and maintenance

Maintenance Contractor & Site Owner

Feature Benefit Feature Appeals To Patent-pending enhanced flow treatment Superior, verified third-party Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer and scour prevention technology performance Third-party verified light liquid capture Proven performance for fuel/oil hotspot Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer, and retention for EFO version locations Site Owner Functions as bend, junction or inlet Design flexibility Specifying & Design Engineer structure Minimal drop between inlet and outlet Site installation ease Contractor Large diameter outlet riser for inspection





# Table of TSS Removal vs Surface Loading Rate Based on Third-Party Test Results Stormceptor® EFO

Stormceptor® EFO											
	SLR (L/min/m²)	TSS % REMOVAL									
	1	70	660	42	1320	35	1980	24			
	30	70	690	42	1350	35	2010	24			
	60	67	720	41	1380	34	2040	23			
	90	63	750	41	1410	34	2070	23			
	120	61	780	41	1440	33	2100	23			
	150	58	810	41	1470	32	2130	22			
	180	56	840	41	1500	32	2160	22			
	210	54	870	41	1530	31	2190	22			
	240	53	900	41	1560	31	2220	21			
	270	52	930	40	1590	30	2250	21			
	300	51	960	40	1620	29	2280	21			
	330	50	990	40	1650	29	2310	21			
	360	49	1020	40	1680	28	2340	20			
	390	48	1050	39	1710	28	2370	20			
	420	47	1080	39	1740	27	2400	20			
	450	47	1110	38	1770	27	2430	20			
	480	46	1140	38	1800	26	2460	19			
	510	45	1170	37	1830	26	2490	19			
	540	44	1200	37	1860	26	2520	19			
	570	43	1230	37	1890	25	2550	19			
	600	42	1260	36	1920	25	2580	18			
	630	42	1290	36	1950	24	2600	26			





# STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR "OIL GRIT SEPARATOR" (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICE

### **PART 1 – GENERAL**

### 1.1 WORK INCLUDED

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS & PROCEDURES

ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)

Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** 

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- 1.3.1 All submittals, including sizing reports & shop drawings, shall be submitted upon request with each order to the contractor then forwarded to the Engineer of Record for review and acceptance. Shop drawings shall detail all OGS components, elevations, and sequence of construction.
- 1.3.2 Alternative devices shall have features identical to or greater than the specified device, including: treatment chamber diameter, treatment chamber wet volume, sediment storage volume, and oil storage volume.
- 1.3.3 Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer of Record, OGS stormwater quality treatment product substitutions or alternatives submitted within ten days prior to project bid shall not be accepted. All alternatives or substitutions submitted shall be signed and sealed by a local registered Professional Engineer, based on the exact same criteria detailed in Section 3, in entirety, subject to review and approval by the Engineer of Record.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The minimum sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

2.1.1 4 ft (1219 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 1.19 m³ sediment / 265 L oil
6 ft (1829 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 3.48 m³ sediment / 609 L oil
8 ft (2438 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 8.78 m³ sediment / 1,071 L oil
10 ft (3048 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 17.78 m³ sediment / 1,673 L oil
12 ft (3657 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 31.23 m³ sediment / 2,476 L oil

### **PART 3 – PERFORMANCE & DESIGN**

### 3.1 GENERAL

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall







remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

#### 3.2 SIZING METHODOLOGY

The OGS device shall be engineered, designed and sized to provide stormwater quality treatment based on treating a minimum of 90 percent of the average annual runoff volume and a minimum removal of an annual average 60% of the sediment (TSS) load based on the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) specified in the sizing report for the specified device. Sizing of the OGS shall be determined by use of a minimum ten (10) years of local historical rainfall data provided by Environment Canada. Sizing shall also be determined by use of the sediment removal performance data derived from the ISO 14034 ETV third-party verified laboratory testing data from testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV protocol Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, as follows:

- 3.2.1 Sediment removal efficiency for a given surface loading rate and its associated flow rate shall be based on sediment removal efficiency demonstrated at the seven (7) tested surface loading rates specified in the protocol, ranging 40 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> to 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>, and as stated in the ISO 14034 ETV Verification Statement for the OGS device.
- 3.2.2 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates between 40 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> and 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> shall be based on linear interpolation of data between consecutive tested surface loading rates.
- 3.2.3 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates less than the lowest tested surface loading rate of 40 L/min/m² shall be assumed to be identical to the sediment removal efficiency at 40 L/min/m². No extrapolation shall be allowed that results in a sediment removal efficiency that is greater than that demonstrated at 40 L/min/m².
- 3.2.4 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates greater than the highest tested surface loading rate of 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> shall assume zero sediment removal for the portion of flow that exceeds 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>, and shall be calculated using a simple proportioning formula, with 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> in the numerator and the higher surface loading rate in the denominator, and multiplying the resulting fraction times the sediment removal efficiency at 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>.

The OGS device shall also have sufficient annual sediment storage capacity as specified and calculated in Section 2.1.

#### 3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of third-party scour testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**.

3.3.1 To be acceptable for on-line installation, the OGS device must demonstrate an average scour test effluent concentration less than 10 mg/L at each surface loading rate tested, up to and including 2600 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>.

#### 3.4 <u>LIGHT LIQUID RE-ENTRAINMENT SIMULATION TESTING</u>

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of completed third-party Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**, with results reported within the Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV verification. This reentrainment testing is conducted with the device pre-loaded with low density polyethylene (LDPE) plastic beads as a surrogate for light liquids such as oil and fuel. Testing is conducted on the same OGS unit tested for sediment removal to







assess whether light liquids captured after a spill are effectively retained at high flow rates. For an OGS device to be an acceptable stormwater treatment device on a site where vehicular traffic occurs and the potential for an oil or fuel spill exists, the OGS device must have reported verified performance results of greater than 99% cumulative retention of LDPE plastic beads for the five specified surface loading rates (ranging 200 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> to 2600 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>) in accordance with the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing within the Canadian ETV Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators. However, an OGS device shall not be allowed if the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing was performed with screening components within the OGS device that are effective at retaining the LDPE plastic beads, but would not be expected to retain light liquids such as oil and fuel.





### Imbrium® Systems **ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SEDIMENT (TSS) LOAD REDUCTION**

10/05/2023

Province:	Ontario
City:	City of Niagara Falls
Nearest Rainfall Station:	ST CATHARINES AP
Climate Station Id:	6137287
Years of Rainfall Data:	33

5858 Dunn Street (Fine) Site Name:

0.61 Drainage Area (ha): 0.83 Runoff Coefficient 'c':

Particle Size Distribution: Fine 80.0 Target TSS Removal (%):

Required Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%):	90.00
Estimated Water Quality Flow Rate (L/s):	15.74
Oil / Fuel Spill Risk Site?	Yes
Upstream Flow Control?	Yes
Upstream Orifice Control Flow Rate to Stormceptor (L/s):	31.00
Peak Conveyance (maximum) Flow Rate (L/s):	31.00
Influent TSS Concentration (mg/L):	200
Estimated Average Annual Sediment Load (kg/yr):	607
Estimated Average Annual Sediment Volume (L/yr):	493

Project Name:	5858 Dunn Street
Project Number:	16363
Designer Name:	Nicole Foris
Designer Company:	J.H. Cohoon Engineering Limited
Designer Email:	nforis@cohooneng.com
Designer Phone:	519-753-2656
EOR Name:	
EOR Company:	
EOR Email:	
EOR Phone:	

Net Annual Sediment
(TSS) Load Reduction
Sizing Summary

Stormceptor Model	TSS Removal Provided (%)
EFO4	83
EFO6	92
EFO8	96
EFO10	98
EFO12	99

**Recommended Stormceptor EFO Model:** 

EFO4

Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction (%):

Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%):

> 90

83





#### THIRD-PARTY TESTING AND VERIFICATION

► Stormceptor® EF and Stormceptor® EFO are the latest evolutions in the Stormceptor® oil-grit separator (OGS) technology series, and are designed to remove a wide variety of pollutants from stormwater and snowmelt runoff. These technologies have been third-party tested in accordance with the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators and performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) protocol.

#### **PERFORMANCE**

▶ Stormceptor® EF and EFO remove stormwater pollutants through gravity separation and floatation, and feature a patent-pending design that generates positive removal of total suspended solids (TSS) throughout each storm event, including high-intensity storms. Captured pollutants include sediment, free oils, and sediment-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Stormceptor is sized to remove a high level of TSS from the frequent rainfall events that contribute the vast majority of annual runoff volume and pollutant load. The technology incorporates an internal bypass to convey excessive stormwater flows from high-intensity storms through the device without resuspension and washout (scour) of previously captured pollutants. Proper routine maintenance ensures high pollutant removal performance and protection of downstream waterways.

### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)

► The Canadian ETV PSD shown in the table below was used, or in part, for this sizing. This is the identical PSD that is referenced in the Canadian ETV *Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators* for both sediment removal testing and scour testing. The Canadian ETV PSD contains a wide range of particle sizes in the sand and silt fractions, and is considered reasonably representative of the particle size fractions found in typical urban stormwater runoff.

Particle	Percent Less	Particle Size	Percent		
Size (µm)	Than	Fraction (µm)			
1000	100	500-1000	5		
500	95	250-500	5		
250	90	150-250	15		
150	75	100-150	15		
100	60	75-100	10		
75	50	50-75	5		
50	45	20-50	10		
20	35	8-20	15		
8	20	5-8	10		
5	10	2-5	5		
2	5	<2	5		





### **Upstream Flow Controlled Results**

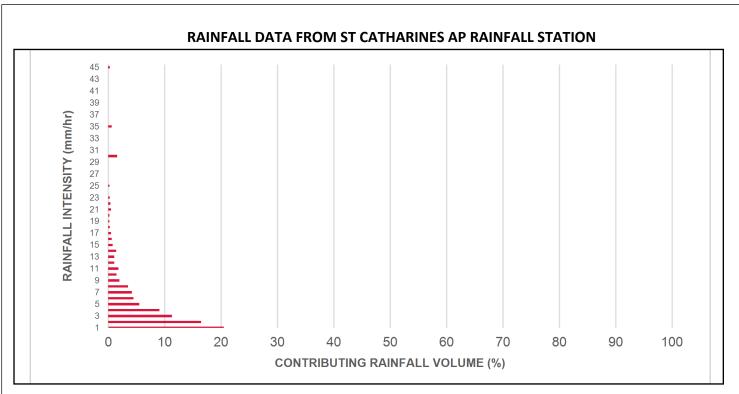
Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr)	Percent Rainfall Volume (%)	Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%)	Flow Rate (L/s)	Flow Rate (L/min)	Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m²)	Removal Efficiency (%)	Incremental Removal (%)	Cumulative Removal (%)	
0.50	9.2	9.2	0.70	42.0	35.0	100	9.2	9.2	
1.00	20.5	29.7	1.41	84.0	70.0	100	20.5	29.7	
2.00	16.5	46.2	2.82	169.0	141.0	91	15.0	44.7	
3.00	11.3	57.5	4.22	253.0	211.0	83	9.4	54.0	
4.00	9.1	66.7	5.63	338.0	282.0	79	7.2	61.3	
5.00	5.5	72.2	7.04	422.0	352.0	76	4.2	65.5	
6.00	4.5	76.7	8.45	507.0	422.0	73	3.3	68.8	
7.00	4.2	80.9	9.85	591.0	493.0	70	3.0	71.7	
8.00	3.5	84.4	11.26	676.0	563.0	66	2.3	74.1	
9.00	2.0	86.5	12.67	760.0	633.0	64	1.3	75.4	
10.00	1.5	88.0	14.08	845.0	704.0	64	0.9	76.3	
11.00	1.8	89.8	15.48	929.0	774.0	63	1.2	77.5	
12.00	1.1	90.9	16.89	1013.0	845.0	63	0.7	78.2	
13.00	1.1	92.0	18.30	1098.0	915.0	62	0.7	78.8	
14.00	1.4	93.4	19.71	1182.0	985.0	62	0.9	79.7	
15.00	0.8	94.2	21.11	1267.0	1056.0	60	0.5	80.2	
16.00	0.6	94.8	22.52	1351.0	1126.0	59	0.3	80.6	
17.00	0.5	95.3	23.93	1436.0	1196.0	57	0.3	80.9	
18.00	0.3	95.6	25.34	1520.0	1267.0	56	0.2	81.0	
19.00	0.2	95.9	26.74	1605.0	1337.0	54	0.1	81.2	
20.00	0.2	96.1	28.15	1689.0	1408.0	52	0.1	81.3	
21.00	0.5	96.6	29.56	1773.0	1478.0	50	0.3	81.5	
22.00	3.4	100.0	30.97	1858.0	1548.0	48	1.6	83.1	
23.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1	
24.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1	
25.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1	
30.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1	
35.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1	
40.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1	
45.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1	
	Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction =								

Climate Station ID: 6137287 Years of Rainfall Data: 33

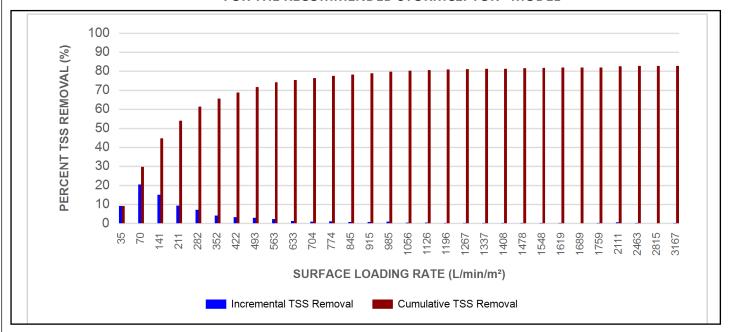








# INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE TSS REMOVAL FOR THE RECOMMENDED STORMCEPTOR® MODEL







#### **Maximum Pipe Diameter / Peak Conveyance**

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Model Diameter		Min Angle Inlet / Outlet Pipes	•		Max Outlet Pipe Diameter		Peak Conveyance Flow Rate	
	(m) (ft)			(mm)	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(L/s)	(cfs)		
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	90	609	24	609	24	425	15		
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	90	914	36	914	36	990	35		
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	90	1219	48	1219	48	1700	60		
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100		
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100		

#### SCOUR PREVENTION AND ONLINE CONFIGURATION

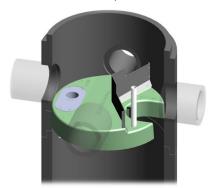
► Stormceptor® EF and EFO feature an internal bypass and superior scour prevention technology that have been demonstrated in third-party testing according to the scour testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, and the exceptional scour test performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 ETV protocol. As a result, Stormceptor EF and EFO are approved for online installation, eliminating the need for costly additional bypass structures, piping, and installation expense.

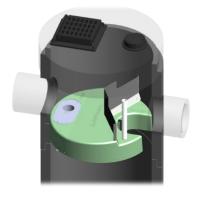
#### **DESIGN FLEXIBILITY**

► Stormceptor® EF and EFO offers design flexibility in one simplified platform, accepting stormwater flow from a single inlet pipe or multiple inlet pipes, and/or surface runoff through an inlet grate. The device can also serve as a junction structure, accommodate a 90-degree inlet-to-outlet bend angle, and can be modified to ensure performance in submerged conditions.

#### OIL CAPTURE AND RETENTION

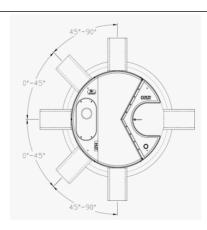
► While Stormceptor® EF will capture and retain oil from dry weather spills and low intensity runoff, **Stormceptor® EFO** has demonstrated superior oil capture and greater than 99% oil retention in third-party testing according to the light liquid reentrainment testing provisions of the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**. Stormceptor EFO is recommended for sites where oil capture and retention is a requirement.











#### **INLET-TO-OUTLET DROP**

Elevation differential between inlet and outlet pipe inverts is dictated by the angle at which the inlet pipe(s) enters the unit.

0° - 45°: The inlet pipe is 1-inch (25mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

45° - 90°: The inlet pipe is 2-inches (50mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

#### **HEAD LOSS**

The head loss through Stormceptor EF is similar to that of a 60-degree bend structure. The applicable K value for calculating minor losses through the unit is 1.1. For submerged conditions the applicable K value is 3.0.

#### **Pollutant Capacity**

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Mod Diam	_	Depth (Outlet Pipe Invert to Sump Floor)  Recommended Sediment Maintenance Depth		ment	Maxii Sediment '	-	Maximum Sediment Mass **				
	(m)	(ft)	(m)	(ft)	(L)	(Gal)	(mm)	(mm) (in)		(ft³)	(kg)	(lb)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	1.52	5.0	265	70	203	8	1190	42	1904	5250
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	1.93	6.3	610	160	305	12	3470	123	5552	15375
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	2.59	8.5	1070	280	610	24	8780	310	14048	38750
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	3.25	10.7	1670	440	610	24	17790	628	28464	78500
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	3.89	12.8	2475	655	610	24	31220	1103	49952	137875

<sup>\*</sup>Increased sump depth may be added to increase sediment storage capacity

\*\* Average density of wet packed sediment in sump = 1.6 kg/L (100 lb/ft³)

#### STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO DRAWINGS

Easy maintenance access from grade

For standard details, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef

#### STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO SPECIFICATION

For specifications, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef



and maintenance

Maintenance Contractor & Site Owner

Feature Benefit Feature Appeals To Patent-pending enhanced flow treatment Superior, verified third-party Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer and scour prevention technology performance Third-party verified light liquid capture Proven performance for fuel/oil hotspot Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer, and retention for EFO version locations Site Owner Functions as bend, junction or inlet Design flexibility Specifying & Design Engineer structure Minimal drop between inlet and outlet Site installation ease Contractor Large diameter outlet riser for inspection





# STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR "OIL GRIT SEPARATOR" (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICE

#### **PART 1 – GENERAL**

#### 1.1 WORK INCLUDED

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS & PROCEDURES

ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)

Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** 

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- 1.3.1 All submittals, including sizing reports & shop drawings, shall be submitted upon request with each order to the contractor then forwarded to the Engineer of Record for review and acceptance. Shop drawings shall detail all OGS components, elevations, and sequence of construction.
- 1.3.2 Alternative devices shall have features identical to or greater than the specified device, including: treatment chamber diameter, treatment chamber wet volume, sediment storage volume, and oil storage volume.
- 1.3.3 Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer of Record, OGS stormwater quality treatment product substitutions or alternatives submitted within ten days prior to project bid shall not be accepted. All alternatives or substitutions submitted shall be signed and sealed by a local registered Professional Engineer, based on the exact same criteria detailed in Section 3, in entirety, subject to review and approval by the Engineer of Record.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The minimum sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

2.1.1 4 ft (1219 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 1.19 m³ sediment / 265 L oil
6 ft (1829 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 3.48 m³ sediment / 609 L oil
8 ft (2438 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 8.78 m³ sediment / 1,071 L oil
10 ft (3048 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 17.78 m³ sediment / 1,673 L oil
12 ft (3657 mm) Diameter OGS Units: 31.23 m³ sediment / 2,476 L oil

#### **PART 3 – PERFORMANCE & DESIGN**

#### 3.1 GENERAL

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall







remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

#### 3.2 SIZING METHODOLOGY

The OGS device shall be engineered, designed and sized to provide stormwater quality treatment based on treating a minimum of 90 percent of the average annual runoff volume and a minimum removal of an annual average 60% of the sediment (TSS) load based on the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) specified in the sizing report for the specified device. Sizing of the OGS shall be determined by use of a minimum ten (10) years of local historical rainfall data provided by Environment Canada. Sizing shall also be determined by use of the sediment removal performance data derived from the ISO 14034 ETV third-party verified laboratory testing data from testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV protocol Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, as follows:

- 3.2.1 Sediment removal efficiency for a given surface loading rate and its associated flow rate shall be based on sediment removal efficiency demonstrated at the seven (7) tested surface loading rates specified in the protocol, ranging 40 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> to 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>, and as stated in the ISO 14034 ETV Verification Statement for the OGS device.
- 3.2.2 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates between 40 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> and 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> shall be based on linear interpolation of data between consecutive tested surface loading rates.
- 3.2.3 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates less than the lowest tested surface loading rate of 40 L/min/m² shall be assumed to be identical to the sediment removal efficiency at 40 L/min/m². No extrapolation shall be allowed that results in a sediment removal efficiency that is greater than that demonstrated at 40 L/min/m².
- 3.2.4 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates greater than the highest tested surface loading rate of 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> shall assume zero sediment removal for the portion of flow that exceeds 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>, and shall be calculated using a simple proportioning formula, with 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> in the numerator and the higher surface loading rate in the denominator, and multiplying the resulting fraction times the sediment removal efficiency at 1400 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>.

The OGS device shall also have sufficient annual sediment storage capacity as specified and calculated in Section 2.1.

#### 3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of third-party scour testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**.

3.3.1 To be acceptable for on-line installation, the OGS device must demonstrate an average scour test effluent concentration less than 10 mg/L at each surface loading rate tested, up to and including 2600 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>.

#### 3.4 LIGHT LIQUID RE-ENTRAINMENT SIMULATION TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of completed third-party Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**, with results reported within the Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV verification. This reentrainment testing is conducted with the device pre-loaded with low density polyethylene (LDPE) plastic beads as a surrogate for light liquids such as oil and fuel. Testing is conducted on the same OGS unit tested for sediment removal to

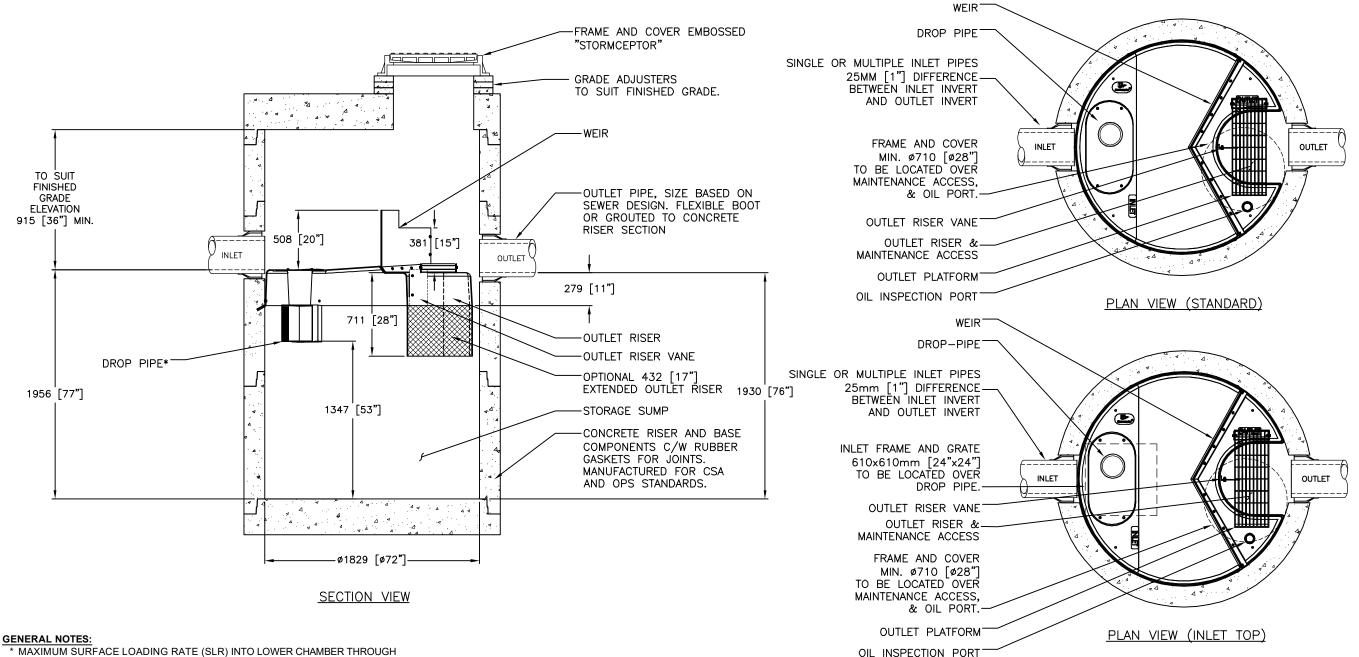






assess whether light liquids captured after a spill are effectively retained at high flow rates. For an OGS device to be an acceptable stormwater treatment device on a site where vehicular traffic occurs and the potential for an oil or fuel spill exists, the OGS device must have reported verified performance results of greater than 99% cumulative retention of LDPE plastic beads for the five specified surface loading rates (ranging 200 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> to 2600 L/min/m<sup>2</sup>) in accordance with the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing within the Canadian ETV Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators. However, an OGS device shall not be allowed if the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing was performed with screening components within the OGS device that are effective at retaining the LDPE plastic beads, but would not be expected to retain light liquids such as oil and fuel.

## DRAWING NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION



- \* MAXIMUM SURFACE LOADING RATE (SLR) INTO LOWER CHAMBER THROUGH DROP PIPE IS 1135 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> (27.9 gpm/ft<sup>2</sup>) FOR STORMCEPTOR EF6 AND 535 L/min/m<sup>2</sup> (13.1 gpm/ft<sup>2</sup>) FOR STORMCEPTOR EFO6 (OIL CAPTURE CONFIGURATION).
- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS INDICATED ARE IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES) UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- 2. STORMCEPTOR STRUCTURE INLET AND OUTLET PIPE SIZE AND ORIENTATION SHOWN FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.
- 3. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, BYPASS INFRASTRUCTURE, SUCH AS ALL UPSTREAM DIVERSION STRUCTURES, CONNECTING STRUCTURES, OR PIPE CONDUITS CONNECTING TO COMPLETE THE STORMCEPTOR SYSTEM SHALL BE PROVIDED AND ADDRESSED SEPARATELY.
- 4. DRAWING FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO ENGINEER'S SITE/UTILITY PLAN FOR STRUCTURE ORIENTATION.

EXCEPT WHERE NOTED ON BYPASS STRUCTURE (IF REQUIRED).

5. NO PRODUCT SUBSTITUTIONS SHALL BE ACCEPTED UNLESS SUBMITTED 10 DAYS PRIOR TO PROJECT BID DATE, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.

- A. ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- B. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND REACH CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE STRUCTURE (LIFTING CLUTCHES PROVIDED)
- C. CONTRACTOR WILL INSTALL AND LEVEL THE STRUCTURE. SEALING THE JOINTS. LINE ENTRY AND EXIT POINTS (NON-SHRINK GROUT WITH APPROVED WATERSTOP OR FLEXIBLE BOOT)
- D. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO PROTECT THE DEVICE FROM CONSTRUCTION-RELATED EROSION RUNOFF.
- E. DEVICE ACTIVATION, BY CONTRACTOR, SHALL OCCUR ONLY AFTER SITE HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND THE STORMCEPTOR UNIT IS CLEAN AND FREE OF DEBRIS.

FOR SITE SPECIFIC DRAWINGS PLEASE CONTACT YOUR LOCAL STORMCEPTOR REPRESENTATIVE. SITE SPECIFIC DRAWINGS ARE BASED ON THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION AT THE TIME. SOME FIELD REVISIONS TO THE SYSTEM LOCATION OR CONNECTION PIPING MAY BE NECESSARY BASED ON AVAILABLE SPACE OR SITE CONFIGURATION REVISIONS. ELEVATIONS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED

# STANDARD DETAIL NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

SITE S	1.1 3.48 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880 1-416-880								
STORMCEPT	5	NT. ON L							
STRUCTURE	ID					*		AHITBY ABOO BOOK AND A STREET A	
HYDROCARE	BON STOP	RAGE RE	Q'D (L)			*		16-960 16-960 18-720 18-720 18-720 18-470 18-470	
WATER QUA	LITY FLO	N RATE (	L/s)			*		CA 4	
PEAK FLOW	RATE (L/s	s)				*	2	FAIRV 5-4801 FIDE BYEN TIDE BYEN TIDE BYEN THE PERSON	
RETURN PER	RIOD OF F	PEAK FLC	W (yrs)			*	407 800-58 800-58 Australia 1-18-78 1-18-78		
DRAINAGE A	REA (HA)					*		F # 3	
DRAINAGE A	REA IMPE	RVIOUS	NESS (%)	)		*	DATE: 10/13/2017		
PIPE DATA:	I.E.	MAT'L	DIA	SLOPE	%	HGL	DESIGNED:	DRAWN:	
INLET #1	*	*	*	*		*	JSK CHECKED:	JSK APPROVED:	
INLET #2	INLET #2 * * * * * *							SP	
OUTLET * * * * * *							PROJECT No.: EFO6	SEQUENCE No.:	
* PER ENGINEER OF RECORD							SHEET:	1	
							1	of <b>1</b>	